

New York State Department of Taxation and Finance

Resident Income Tax Return



# Instructions for Form IT-200 and Fast Form IT-100 (for full-year New York State residents only)

Highlights for 1999 (see page 2)

# This booklet also contains:

Instructions for Form IT-214, *Claim for Real Property Tax Credit for Homeowners and Renters* 

Instructions for Form IT-215, Claim for Earned Income Credit

Instructions for Form IT-216, Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit

# From Commissioner Arthur Roth:

### Dear New York Taxpayer ....

For the fifth consecutive year, New York continues to be a leader in cutting taxes. Under the leadership of Governor George E. Pataki, virtually every major tax has been reduced, and New Yorkers have saved more than \$19 billion.

In addition to tax cuts, New York is simplifying its tax code – including the elimination of one-fourth of the Tax Department's regulations – encouraging continued economic growth and prosperity, and improving service to you, our customers.

We are utilizing the latest technology to allow taxpayers to access information, forms, and publications instantly through our interactive website, or by fax, 24 hours a day.

Responding to suggestions from taxpayers, we've made our tax forms and instructions easier to understand, and through extended service hours during peak filing seasons, we have made it easier for you to contact us to receive the individual attention you need. If we can help you, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Our personal income tax refund information line – 1 800 443-3200 – allows you to check on the status of your income tax refund free of charge from the convenience of your home. You can also access our website to check on the status of your refund (at http://www.tax.state.ny.us).

Governor Pataki is committed to continued reduction of taxes throughout New York State, letting you, the taxpayer, keep more of your hard-earned money, so that you can put it to the best possible use for you and your family.

Finally, I would like to remind every New Yorker that on April 1, 2000, the U.S. Bureau of the Census will conduct the 22nd Census of the United States. It is imperative that all New Yorkers respond to the Census to ensure an accurate population count which is critical for ensuring proper representation in Congress, and a fair share of federal budget allocations for the people of New York State. Answer the Census - be part of the count.

Sincerely.

Arthur J. Roth Commissioner

# <sup>2</sup> IT-200 Highlights for Tax Year 1999

New York State child and dependent care credit income limits increased -You may now have New York adjusted gross income up to \$35,000 and receive 100% of the federal child care credit. If you have New York adjusted gross income between \$35,000 and \$50,000, the credit is phased down to 20% of the federal credit. For more information, see Form IT-216, *Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit.* 

**Innocent spouse relief -** You may qualify for relief from liability for tax on a joint return if (1) there is an understatement of tax because your spouse omitted income or claimed false deductions or credits, (2) you are divorced, separated, or no longer living with your spouse, or (3) given all the facts and circumstances, it would be unfair to hold you liable for the tax. For more information, see new Form IT-285, *Request for Innocent Spouse Relief.* 

# **Electronic filing**

You can file your return electronically using your personal computer or, if you prefer, you can use the services of a professional preparer. For more information, see page 5.

## Visit our website

You can now download many of our forms, instructions, and publications, or check the status of your refund, by accessing our website at http:// www.tax.state.ny.us

## Your rights under the Tax Law

The Taxpayer Bill of Rights requires, in part, that the Tax Department advise you, in writing, of your rights and obligations during an audit, when appealing a departmental decision and when your appeal rights have been exhausted and you need to understand enforcement capabilities available to the Tax Department to obtain payment. For a complete copy of the information contained in all of these statements, you may request Publication 131, Your Rights and Obligations Under the Tax Law.

## Direct deposit of refunds available

If you have a refund coming, you can choose to have it deposited directly into your bank account, rather than having it mailed to you. See the instructions for *Direct deposit* on page 13.

## Do you need a tax packet?

If you use a paid preparer, or if you use computer software to prepare your return, or if for any other reason you do not need a tax packet mailed to you for next year's taxes, please check the box at item E of your Form IT-200. By checking this box, you will help us reduce printing and mailing costs. When you check the box, we will send you a peel-off label that you or whoever prepares your return should use on your 2000 return. Be sure to use your preprinted peel-off label; if you do not, it may cause a delay in processing your return and your refund, if you are entitled to one.

**Paid preparers -** The Internal Revenue Service allows paid preparers to use either their social security number (SSN) or the new federal preparer's tax identification number (PTIN) in the paid preparer signature area of 1999 income tax returns. In preparing 1999 New York income returns, you must use the same number (SSN or PTIN) that you used on the taxpayer's federal income return.

**City of New York tax rate reduced -** The city of New York highest effective tax rate is reduced to 3.8276%.

# Repeal of city of New York nonresident earnings tax for residents of New York

State - The city of New York nonresident earnings tax has been eliminated for New York State residents on wages or self-employment income earned in New York City on or after July 1, 1999. For more information, see Form NYC-203, *City of New York Nonresident Earnings Tax Return*.

# New York City residents may claim school tax credit

If you are a full-year or part-year resident of New York City and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return, you are entitled to the city of New York school tax credit. The amount of the credit can be as much as \$125.00, depending on your filing status and age. See the instructions for line 37 on page 12.

#### City of Yonkers resident income tax surcharge rate decreased - For tax year

1999, the city of Yonkers resident income tax surcharge rate has been decreased from 15% to 10% of your New York State tax, reduced by certain credits.

## Private delivery services

If you choose, you may use a private delivery service, instead of the U.S. Postal Service, to file your return. However, if, at a later date, you need to establish the date you filed your return, you cannot use the date recorded by a private delivery service **unless** you used a delivery service that has been designated by the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury or the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance. If you have used a designated private delivery service and need to establish the date of delivery, contact that private delivery service for instructions on how to obtain written proof of the date of delivery. If you use **any** private delivery service, whether it is a designated service or not, address your return to: **State Processing Center**, **431C Broadway**, **Albany NY 12204-4836**.

The current designated private delivery services are:

- 1. Airborne Express (Airborne): Overnight Air Express Service Next Afternoon Service Second Day Service
- 2. DHL Worldwide Express (DHL): DHL Same Day Service DHL USA Overnight
- Federal Express (FedEx): FedEx Priority Overnight FedEx Standard Overnight FedEx 2 Day
- United Parcel Service (UPS): UPS Next Day Air UPS Next Day Air Saver UPS 2nd Day Air UPS 2nd Day Air A.M.

### Watch for your Census questionnaire

On April 1, 2000, the U.S. Bureau of Census will conduct the 22nd Census of the United States. It is critical that all New Yorkers respond to the Census to ensure an accurate count and to see that New York gets its fair share of federal fund allocations and congressional representation. Answer the Census — be part of the count.

### Highlights

- The Census Bureau expects to count more than 18 million people and nearly eight million households in New York State.
- The Census determines the number of representatives that each state will have in the U.S. House of Representatives.
- The Census is used for the distribution of billions of dollars in federal and state funding.
- For every one percent of non-response to the Census mailing, it costs taxpayers \$25 million for needed follow-up activities.
- Most households in New York will receive their Census questionnaire in the mail in mid-March 2000.
- Confidentiality of Census responses is guaranteed under Title 13 of the U.S. Code. Your responses are locked away for 72 years, at which time they become part of the National Archives.

# **General information**

# Who must file

### New York residents

You must file a New York State resident return if you meet any of the following conditions:

- You have to file a federal return.
- You did not have to file a federal return but:

your federal filing status would have been:

and you had federal adjusted gross income (plus New York ädditions\*) of more than:

single, and you can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return ...... \$3,000

single, and you cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return or married filing joint return or married filing separate return or

head of household or qualifying widow(er) ...... \$4,000

\*(New York additions are explained on page 7 of these instructions; see the federal instructions to find your filing status and figure your federal adjusted gross income.)

- You want to claim a refund of any New York State, city of New York or city of Yonkers income taxes withheld from your pay.
- You want to claim a refund of the New York State child and dependent care credit.
- You want to claim a refund of the New York State earned income credit.
- You are subject to the minimum income tax.
- You are subject to the separate tax on lump-sum distributions.

# **Residents of New York City** and Yonkers

If you were a resident of New York City or Yonkers for 1999 and you have to file a New York State return, report your New York City income tax or your Yonkers resident income tax surcharge on your state return.

# Nonresidents of New York City and Yonkers

If you were not a New York City resident for 1999 but you earned wages or selfemployment income from within New York City prior to July 1, 1999, and you have to file a New York State income tax return, you must also file Form NYC-203, City of New York Nonresident Earnings Tax Return. The city of New York nonresident earnings tax has been eliminated for New York State residents on wages or self-employment income earned in New York City on or after July 1, 1999. However, New York State nonresidents are still subject to the nonresident earnings tax on

wages or self-employment income earned in New York City on or after July 1, 1999. For more information, see the instructions for Form NYC-203.

If you were not a Yonkers resident for 1999 but you earned wages or self-employment income in Yonkers and you have to file a New York State income tax return, you must also file Form Y-203, City of Yonkers Nonresident Earnings Tax Return. If you are married, you cannot file jointly on Form NYC-203 or Form Y-203. If you each have taxable earnings, you must each file a separate Form NYC-203 and/or Form Y-203. Forms NYC-203 and Y-203 are due at the same time as your state return and must be attached to it. For more information, see the instructions for these forms.

# Homeowners and renters

If you are a New York State resident and if your household gross income was \$18,000 or less, you may be entitled to a state tax credit for part of the real property taxes or rent you paid during the year. Qualified persons 65 or older can claim a credit of up to \$375. For qualified persons under 65, the maximum credit is \$75. To claim the credit, complete Form IT-214, Claim for Real Property Tax Credit for Homeowners and Renters, and attach it to your return.

#### If you do not have to file an TIP income tax return, you may still claim the credit by filing only Form IT-214.

For more information, see Instructions for Form IT-214 on page 23 and Publication 22, General Information on New York State's Real Property Tax Credit for Homeowners and Renters.

# New York City residents

If you are a New York City resident or part-year resident and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return, you are entitled to the City of New York school tax credit. The amount of the credit can be as much as \$125.00, depending on your filing status and age.

See the instructions for line 37 on page 12.

Even if you do not have to file an TIP income tax return, you may still claim the credit by filing only Form NYC-210, Claim for City of New York School Tax Credit. For more information, see Form NYC-210. If you are filing a tax return on Form IT-100, IT-200, IT-201, or IT-203, do not complete Form NYC-210; you claim the credit directly on your return (on Form IT-100, it is computed automatically for you).

# Earned income credit



resident and claimed a federal earned income credit, you may be entitled to a state earned income credit. To claim the credit, complete Form IT-215, Claim for Earned Income Credit, and attach it to your return.

If you are a New York State

For more information, see Instructions for Form IT-215 on page 27.

# Child and dependent care credit



If you are a New York State resident, you may be entitled to a child and dependent care

credit even if you did not have to file a federal income tax return. To claim the credit, complete Form IT-216, Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit, and attach it to your return.

For more information, see Instructions for Form IT-216 on page 29.

# Deceased taxpayers

If a taxpayer died before filing a return for 1999, the taxpayer's spouse or personal representative may have to file and sign a return for that taxpayer. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator or anyone who is in charge of the deceased taxpayer's property. If a taxpayer did not have to file a federal return but had New York State tax withheld, a New York return must be filed to get a refund. If a joint federal income tax return was filed for the deceased taxpayer and the surviving spouse, a joint New York State return can be filed on Form IT-200 or Form IT-201, depending on which federal form was filed. The filing due date is the same as if the taxpaver had lived. The person who files the return for the deceased taxpayer should write the taxpayer's first name and date of death in the area indicated at the top of the return.

If a refund over \$10,000 is requested and (1) the return is not signed by the fiduciary or (2) you are a court-appointed representative and are claiming a refund for a deceased taxpayer, file the return and attach a copy of the certificate that shows your appointment. All other filers requesting the deceased taxpayer's refund must file the return and may have to attach Form AU-281.17, Survivor's Affidavit. Call or write us for this form. See Need help? on page 17 of these instructions.

# Innocent spouse relief

You may qualify for relief from liability for tax on a joint return if (1) there is an understatement of tax because your spouse omitted income or claimed false deductions or credits, (2) you are divorced, separated, or no longer living with your spouse, or (3) given all the facts and circumstances, it would be unfair to hold you liable for the tax. See new Form IT-285, Request for Innocent Spouse Relief, for more information.

New Form IT-285 is used only for innocent spouse relief under the three circumstances stated above. If you want to disclaim your spouse's past-due support or a past-due legally enforceable debt to the Internal Revenue Service or a New York State agency because you do not want to apply your part of a joint refund or refundable credit to a debt owed solely by your spouse, use Form IT-280, Nonobligated Spouse Allocation. Form IT-280

# Who must file (*continued*)

must be completed and attached to the front of your original return when filed. (See *Disclaiming of spouse's debt* on page 12.)

# Nonresidents and part-year residents

If you were not a New York State resident for 1999, or if your New York State resident status changed, and you had New York State source income, you may have to file Form IT-203, *Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return.* For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-203.

If you were a New York State resident for all of 1999, but a New York City or Yonkers resident for only part of the year, you cannot use Form IT-200. Instead, you must complete Form IT-201 and Form IT-360.1, *Change of City Resident Status*. For more information on change of city resident status, see IT-360.1-I, *Instructions for Form IT-360.1, Change of City Resident Status*.

# Members of the armed forces

If you are a member of the military and a New York State resident, the amount of your military pay that is subject to federal income tax is also subject to New York income tax. If your permanent home (domicile) was in New York State when you entered the military but you were assigned to duty outside the state, you are still a New York State resident and must file a resident return even if you are presently serving outside New York State. If your permanent home (domicile) was in New York State when you entered the military but you meet the conditions for nonresident status, your military pay is not subject to New York State income tax. If you are stationed in a foreign country when your return is due and you qualify for an automatic two-month extension of time to file your federal return, you are automatically granted a two-month extension of time to file your New York return. If you are or were a member of the armed forces or support personnel who served in a qualified hazardous duty area as part of Operation Allied Force, see Publication 361, New York State Income Tax Information for Military Personnel and Veterans, for more information regarding tax relief.

**City taxes** — If you were a New York City or Yonkers resident when you entered the military and if your military pay is subject to New York State income tax, it is also subject to New York City or Yonkers taxes. However, if you meet the conditions for nonresident status, your military pay is not subject to the New York City or Yonkers nonresident earnings tax.

For more information, see Publication 361, New York State Income Tax Information for Military Personnel and Veterans.

# Which form to file

1040EZ

or you filed

Telefile

If the federal resident of New York State, file your New York income tax return you tax return on: filed was:

Form IT-100 if you want us to figure your tax, and, if applicable, claim the earned income credit, or

Form IT-200 if you want to figure your tax yourself or claim the real property tax credit (see Homeowners and renters on page 3) or the city of New York school tax credit (see New York City residents on page 3) or you want to disclaim a spouse's debt (see Collection of debts from your refund and Disclaiming of spouse's debt, page 12) or you want to claim the earned income credit (see page 3).

Form IT-100 if you want us to 1040A figure your tax and, if applicable, claim the earned income credit, the child and dependent care credit, and you did not have individual retirement arrangement (IRA) distributions, pension or annuity income or social security benefits included in your federal adjusted gross income. (You must use Form IT-200 if you are married and filing a separate federal return and you did not have individual retirement arrangement (IRA) distributions, pension or annuity income or social security benefits included in your federal adjusted gross income.)

**Note:** You must use Form IT-200 if you had 414(h) retirement contributions withheld from your pay **or** you have an IRC 125 amount shown on your wage and tax statement(s).

or Form IT-200 if you want to figure your tax yourself and you did not have individual retirement arrangement (IRA) distributions, pension or annuity income or social security benefits included in your federal adjusted gross income, or you want to claim the real property tax credit (see Homeowners and renters on page 3) or the city of New York school tax credit (see New York *City residents* on page 3) or you want to disclaim a spouse's debt (see Collection of debts from your refund and Disclaiming of spouse's debt, page 12), you want to claim the earned income credit (see page 3) or you want to claim the child and dependent care credit (see page 12)

1040 Form IT-201 (but see Can you file Form IT-200 instead of Form IT-201? below).

# Can you file Form IT-200 instead of Form IT-201?

Even though you filed federal Form 1040, you should file New York's shorter return, Form IT-200, instead of Form IT-201 if:

you itemized your deductions on federal Form 1040, but your New York standard deduction is larger than your New York itemized deduction (use worksheet below) and

- □ your income was only from wages, interest, dividends, taxable refunds, credits or offsets of state and local income taxes or unemployment compensation; and
- ☐ your adjustments to income are only for IRA deductions, public employee 414(h) retirement contributions, IRC 125 amounts deducted or deferred from your salary under a flexible benefits program established by the city of New York or certain other New York City public employers, interest income on U.S. government bonds or taxable refunds, credits or offsets of state and local income taxes; and
- your taxable income is less than \$65,000; and
- your only New York State tax credits are the child and dependent care, household, earned income or real property tax credits; and
- your only New York City credits are the household credit and the New York City school tax credit; and
- your only other income taxes are full-year New York City or Yonkers income taxes; and
- you didn't make estimated tax payments, you don't need to extend the time to file your return and you're a calendar-year filer.

	Worksheet
	for figuring which deduction is larger
a.	Total itemized deductions
	from federal Schedule A,
	line 28 a
b.	State, local and foreign
	income taxes from federal
	Schedule A, lines 5 and 8 b.
C.	Subtract line b from line a c.
d.	Enter the standard deduction d.
	that applies to your filing
	status:
	Single (can be
	claimed as a
	dependent) \$3,000
	Single (cannot
	be claimed as a
	dependent)
	Married filing
	joint return 13,000
	Married filing
	separate return 6,500
	Head of household 10,500
	Qualifying widow(er) 13,000
If li	ine d is larger than line c, you meet the
	st requirement in <i>Can you file Form IT-200</i>
inc	stead of Form IT-201?, and you should file
Fo	rm IT-200 if you meet the other
rec	quirements. If line c is larger than line d,
VO	ur tax will be less if you file Form IT-201
an	ur tax will be less if you file Form IT-201 d take the itemized deduction. If other
ad	justments to federal itemized deductions
	ply to you (for example, interest expense
on	money borrowed to purchase or carry
bo	nds or securities whose interest is exempt
fro	m New York State income tax), adjust
	e c appropriately.

# Which form to file (continued)

# No matter which federal form you filed, you must use New York Form IT-201 if:

- You have individual retirement arrangement (IRA) distributions, pension or annuity income or social security benefits included in your federal adjusted gross income.
- ☐ You have any of the following New York adjustments to income: subtractions for taxable social security benefits, pension and annuity income exclusion, allowable contributions to a tuition savings account established under the New York State college choice tuition savings program, and any withdrawal from a New York State college choice tuition savings program account (the subtraction for interest income on U.S. government bonds can be made on all New York returns); additions to income for interest income from state and local bonds (but not those of New York State and local governments within the state), a nonqualified withdrawal from a New York State college choice tuition savings program account and the accelerated cost recovery system (ACRS) deduction.
- ☐ You can claim any of these New York State tax credits:
  - resident credit
  - accumulation distribution credit
  - investment credits
  - special additional mortgage recording tax credit carryover
  - solar and wind energy credit carryover
     economic development zone credits
  - economic development zone credit (including zone equivalent areas)
     historic barns credit
  - historic barns credit
     farmers' school tax credit
  - claim of right credit
  - credit for employment of persons with disabilities
  - alternative fuels credit
  - solar electric generating equipment credit.
- You can claim the credit for city of New York unincorporated business tax paid.

The household credit, child and dependent care credit, earned income credit and the New York City school tax credit can be claimed on all New York returns. The real property tax credit can be claimed only on Forms IT-200 and IT-201.

☐ You are subject to any of these taxes:

- minimum income tax
- separate tax on lump-sum distributions
   add-back of investment credit on early dispositions
- part-year city of New York resident tax
   part-year city of Yonkers resident
- income tax surcharge — add-back of EDZ investment tax cred
- add-back of EDZ investment tax credit
   add-back of EDZ capital tax credit
- add-back of resident credit for taxes
- paid to a province of Canada
- add-back of farmers' school tax credit
- add-back of alternative fuels credit
   add-back of investment tax credit financial services industry on early disposition
- add-back of EDZ investment tax credit - financial services industry on early disposition.
- You are claiming a 1999 estimated tax payment or an overpayment credit from your 1998 return.

- ☐ You want to apply any part of your 1999 overpayment to your estimated tax for 2000.
- You were a New York State resident for all of 1999, but a New York City or Yonkers resident for only part of the year. For more information on change of city resident status, see IT-360.1-1, *Instructions for Form IT-360.1*.
- You are filing for a taxable period other than the calendar year January 1 through December 31, 1999.
- You need an extension of time to file your return.

If you did not have to file a federal return but you must file a New York return, use your federal instructions to choose the federal form you would have filed if one had been required. Then use these instructions to choose your New York form. You will also need your federal instructions to determine your filing status, your income, adjustments to income, and the number of exemptions you may claim. If you Need help, see page 17 of these instructions.



Separate returns are required for some married taxpayers who file a joint federal return.

who file a joint federal return. If one of you was a New York State resident and the other was a nonresident or part-year resident, you must each file a separate New York return. The New York State resident must use Form IT-200 or Form IT-201. The nonresident or part-year resident, if required to file a New York return, must use Form IT-203. However, if both of you choose to file as New York residents, you may file a joint New York State return; use Form IT-200 or Form IT-201. Some Form IT-201 filers can use Form IT-200. See *Can you file Form IT-200 instead of Form IT-201*? on page 4. For the definition of resident, nonresident and part-year resident, see the instructions for Form IT-201.

Also, if you filed a joint federal return but are unable to file a joint New York return because the address or whereabouts of your spouse is unknown, you may be able to file a separate return. **See Item A, Filing status,** on page 8.



You can file Form IT-200 electronically, using your personal computer and one of the many commercially available software packages, or you can choose to have a tax professional electronically file your return for you. Electronic filing is the fastest way to receive your refund, if you are entitled to one. The speed and accuracy of computers allow electronic returns to be processed faster than paper returns, and since all electronic returns are prepared using software programs that have been approved by the Tax Department, the possibility of errors and delays is greatly reduced. To receive your refund even faster, you can choose to have it deposited directly into your savings or checking account.

If you are filing electronically and you owe tax, you or your preparer must also file Form IT-201-V, *Payment Voucher for Income Tax Returns Filed Electronically*, with your tax payment. Form IT-201-V will be provided to you by your electronic tax professional or printed by your software. Other forms that may be filed electronically with Form IT-200 include:

- IT-214 Claim for Real Property Tax Credit
- IT-215 Claim for Earned Income Credit
- IT-216 Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit
- IT-280 Nonobligated Spouse Allocation NYC-203 City of New York Nonresident Earnings Tax Return
- Y-203 Earnings Tax Return Y-203 City of Yonkers Nonresident Earnings Tax Return

(For a complete listing of New York State tax forms that may be filed electronically, see the instructions for Form IT-201.)

# Other forms you may have to file

# Form IT-201-X, Amended Resident Income Tax Return

Generally, an amended return claiming credit for, or a refund of, an overpayment must be filed within three years of the date that the original return was filed, or within two years of the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. However, if you file an amended federal return showing a change in your taxable income, tax preference items, total taxable amount of capital gain or ordinary income portion of a lump-sum distribution, earned income credit or credit for child and dependent care expenses, you must also file an amended New York State return within 90 days of the date you amend your federal return.

You must also file an amended return to correct any error on your original state return, and to report changes made by the Internal Revenue Service.

If the Internal Revenue Service changes the taxable income, tax preference items, total taxable amount of capital gain or ordinary income portion of a lump-sum distribution, or disallows your refund claim, earned income credit or credit for child and dependent care expenses that you reported on your federal return, you must report these changes to the New York State Tax Department within 90 days from the date the Internal Revenue Service makes its final determination.

For more specific information regarding the timeliness of filing a refund claim, making changes to your original New York State return, or reporting changes made by the Internal Revenue Service, see the instructions for Form IT-201-X (IT-201-X-I).

To amend your 1999 return, you must use 1999 Form IT-201-X. Since we cannot process your amended return until we have completed the processing of all original returns, there may be some delay in processing your amended return.

# Federal/state tax agreement

Under authority of federal and New York State laws, the New York State Department of Taxation and Finance and the Internal Revenue Service have entered into a federal/state agreement for the mutual exchange of tax information.

# When to file

File your return as soon as you can after January 1, 2000, but not later than the filing deadline, April 17, 2000. (If you are required to file your 1999 federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, Mass., the deadline to file your New York State return is April 18, 2000.) If you file late, you may have to pay penalties and interest. See *Penalties and interest* on page 15.



Extension of time to file — If you know that you cannot meet

the filing deadline, ask for an extension of time by filing New York State Form IT-370, Application for Automatic Extension of Time to File for Individuals. The time to file will be automatically extended for four months if you file Form IT-370 on time and pay any tax you owe with it. If you expect to either receive a refund or have no amount of New York State, New York City or Yonkers income tax remaining unpaid as of the due date of your return, and you are filing federal Form 4868 to extend the time to file your federal return, you can also use a copy of federal Form 4868 to extend the time to file your New York return instead of filing Form IT-370. Write New York State Copy at the top of the form.

If you are enclosing a payment with your extension request, mail Form IT-370 with your payment to: Extension Request, P O Box 15106, Albany NY 12212-5106.

If you use a delivery service other than the U.S. Postal Service, see *Private delivery services* on page 2.

If the balance due from line 6 of Form IT-370 is "0," mail Form IT-370 (or the copy of your federal Form 4868) to: Extension Request - NR, P O Box 15105, Albany NY 12212-5105.

If you use a delivery service other than the U.S. Postal Service, see *Private delivery services* on page 2.

# When you file, you must use Form IT-201; you cannot file Forms IT-100 or IT-200.

If, after asking for an extension of time to file, you choose to file your federal return electronically, you may still file your New York State resident income tax return electronically through October 16, 2000. Electronic returns may not be filed after this date.

If you are a U.S. citizen or a U.S. resident living and working abroad and you qualify for an automatic two-month extension of time to file your federal return, you are automatically granted a two-month extension of time to file your New York return. For more information, see Publication 88, *General Tax Information for New York State Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents.* 

# Where to file

Use the preaddressed envelope that came with your tax packet. If you do not have one, address your envelope as follows:

For refund returns — STATE PROCESSING CENTER-REFUND '99 PO BOX 61000

- ALBANY NY 12261-0001
- For all other returns STATE PROCESSING CENTER PO BOX 61000
- PO BOX 61000
- ALBANY NY 12261-0001

If you use a delivery service other than the U.S. Postal Service, see *Private delivery services* on page 2.

# Reminders

#### Refunds/real property tax credit/ earned income credit/child and dependent care credit

Even if you do not have to file a return for any other reason, (see *Who must file*, page 3) you cannot get a refund of New York State, New York City, or Yonkers income taxes withheld from your pay unless you file a return. You must also file a return to receive any refund to which you are entitled because you are qualified to claim the earned income credit. If you qualify, attach Form IT-215 to your IT-200 to claim the refund for this credit. For more information see *Earned income credit* on page 3 of these instructions.

You may also be eligible for a refund if you are qualified to claim the city of New York school tax credit. If you qualify, answer the questions at Item C on page 1 of your return and enter the amount of the credit on line 37. If you do not have to file a tax return, you can still claim the credit by filing only Form NYC-210. For more information, see *New York City residents* on page 3.

You may also be eligible for a refund if you are qualified to claim the real property tax credit. If you qualify, file Form IT-214 to claim the refund for the credit. You do not have to file a tax return in order to file Form IT-214. For more information on the real property tax credit, see *Homeowners and renters* on page 3 of these instructions.

You may also be eligible for a refund if you are qualified to claim the child and dependent care credit. If you qualify, complete Form IT-216 and attach it to your return. For more information on the child and dependent care credit, see the instructions for line 34 on page 12 of these instructions.

### Name and social security number

You must enter your first name, middle initial and last name and social security number on all forms you send to us. If you are making a payment, write your social security number and 1999 income tax on your check or money order.

### Whole dollar amounts

You may round all money items on your return to the nearest dollar. For example, round \$10.49 to \$10.00; round \$10.50 to \$11.00. If you round to the nearest dollar, round for all amounts.

### Household credit

If you are single, with federal adjusted gross income of \$28,000 or less and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return, you qualify for a household credit.

If you are married filing jointly, head of household (with qualifying person) or a qualifying widow(er) with dependent child with federal adjusted gross income of \$32,000 or less and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return, you qualify for a household credit.

If you are a New York City resident you may also qualify for the New York City household credit and the New York City school tax credit. For more information on the **New York State** household credit, see the instructions for line 20 on page 10 of these instructions. For more information on the **New York City** household credit, see the instructions for line 23 on page 11 of these instructions.

### Wage and tax statements

Your employer must give you a wage and tax statement — either federal Form W-2 or New York State Form IT-2102. This statement shows your total earnings and the amount of New York State, New York City and Yonkers taxes withheld from your pay during the year.

You must staple your wage and tax statement(s), New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2), to your return as shown in Step 7, *Return assembly*, on page 14 of these instructions. If you have not received your wage and tax statement by February 15, 2000, or if the statement you received is incorrect, contact your employer.

### Paid preparers must sign your return

Anyone you pay to prepare your return must sign it and fill in the other blanks in the paid preparer's area on the back of your return. The preparer required to sign your return must sign it by hand; signature stamps or labels are not acceptable. If someone prepares your return and does not charge you, that person should not sign it.

Paid preparers may be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with certain requirements. For more information, see *Penalties and interest* on page 15.

### **Computer filled-in returns**

If you use a computer to fill in your return, be sure:

- □ any computer-generated form you use complies with the guidelines in Publication 75, *Specifications for Reproduction of 1999 New York State Income Tax Forms.*
- your software conforms to current federal and state income tax laws.

## Check your withholding for 2000

If, after completing your 1999 tax return, you want to change the amount of tax withheld from your paycheck, complete Form IT-2104, *Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate,* and give it to your employer.

#### Keep copies of your tax records

ΤΙΡ

Please remember to keep a copy of your completed income tax return. Also keep copies of

any books, records, schedules, statements or other related documents.

You may be asked by the Tax Department to provide copies of these records after you have filed your income tax return.

#### k additi ew

New York additions are items you must add to the adjusted gross income from your federal return, and help determine whether or not you have to file a New York income tax return. Brief descriptions of the two additions that can be reported on Form IT-200 follow:

1. The amount of public employee 414(h) retirement contributions paid by Tier 3 or Tier 4 members of the New York State and Local Retirement Systems, which includes the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Policemen's and Firemen's Retirement System; or employees of the Manhattan and Bronx

Surface Transportation Operating Authority (MABSTOA); or Tier 3 or Tier 4 members of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System; or employees of the State or City University of New York who belong to the Optional Retirement Program; or any tier member of the New York City Employees' Retirement System, the New York City Teachers' Retirement System, the New York City Board of Education Retirement System, the New York City Police Pension Fund or the New York City Fire Department Pension Fund.

2. The IRC 125 amounts deducted or deferred from your salary under a flexible benefits program established by the city of New York or certain other New York City public employers (City University of New York, New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, New York City Transit Authority, New York City Off-Track Betting Corporation, New York City Rehabilitation Mortgage Insurance Corporation, New York City Board of Education. New York City School Construction Authority, Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transit Operating Authority or the Staten Island Rapid Transit Authority).

# Privacy notification

The right of the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance and the Department of Taxation and Finance to collect and maintain personal information, including mandatory disclosure of social security numbers in the manner required by tax regulations, instructions, and forms, is found in Articles 22, 26, 26-A, 26-B, 30, 30-A, and 30-B of the Tax Law; Article 2-E of the General City Law; and 42 USC 405(c)(2)(C)(i).

The Tax Department uses this information primarily to determine and administer tax liabilities due the state and city of New York and the city of Yonkers. We also use this information for certain tax offset and exchange of tax information programs authorized by law, and for any other purpose authorized by law.

Information concerning quarterly wages paid to employees and identified by unique random identifying code numbers to preserve the privacy of the employees' names and social security numbers is provided to certain state agencies, for research purposes to evaluate the effectiveness of certain employment and training programs.

Failure to provide the required information may subject you to civil or criminal penalties, or both, under the Tax Law.

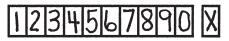
This information is maintained by the Director of the Registration and Data Services Bureau, NYS Tax Department, Building 8 Room 924, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227; telephone 1 800 225-5829. From areas outside the U.S. and outside Canada, call (518) 485-6800.

# Scannable returns

You may have noticed that rectangular boxes and white entry areas have been printed on a number of our forms. These design changes will let us use state-of-the-art scanning equipment to process your return. The boxes will guide you in making your handwritten entries on the forms, and will allow our scanning equipment to more accurately read your return and let us process it more efficiently.

You can help by observing the following:

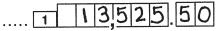
- Please print (using a blue or black pen) or type all "X" marks and money amounts in the boxes and spaces provided.
- Do not use dollar signs, commas, decimal points, dashes or any other punctuation marks or symbols. All necessary punctuation has been printed on the form.
- Write your numbers like this:



Enter your money amounts so that the whole dollar amount ends immediately to the left of the cents decimal, and the cents amount starts immediately to the right.

- Make your money amount entries in the boxes, allowing one numeral for each box.

*Example:* If your entry for line 1 is \$13,525.50, your money field entry should look like this:



- If you are rounding all money items on your return (see Whole dollar amounts on page 6) please enter "00" in the cents boxes.
- Leave blank any spaces and boxes that do not apply to you.

# Steps for preparing your return

Prepare your federal return TIP first; much of the information on your New York State return will be the same. If you filed using Telefile, report the

information on Form IT-200 that you would have reported if you had filed your federal return on paper. In many cases when New York State and federal tax laws are similar, the New York instructions do not repeat all the requirements but, instead, explain the differences.

# Step 1

### Get all forms and publications you need.

If you need any forms or publications, see Need help? on page 17.

# Step 2

#### Get your tax records together.

If you received a salary or wages, get all your 1999 wage and tax statements together. These can be either New York Form IT-2102 or federal Form W-2. Only your employer can issue or correct these forms. If you have not received your wage and tax statements by February 15, or if the form you received is incorrect, contact your employer.

If you plan to take the real property tax credit, get all the supporting information and records you will need.

# Step 3

#### Fill in your return.

Fill in your return using the line instructions for Form IT-200 that begin on this page or the instructions for Fast Form IT-100 that begin on page 19. Then continue with Step 4 on page 13.

# ine instructions for Form IT-200

All information on your return, except for your present address, must be for the calendar year January 1 through December 31, 1999.

Make your entries in the white areas of Form IT-200.

# Name and address box

Do not write in this box TIP or attach your mailing label until you have completed and checked your return. Step 5 on page 13 of these instructions will tell you how to complete this section of your return.

After you have completed and checked your return be sure to use your preprinted mailing label; if you do not, it may cause a delay in processing your return and your refund, if you are entitled to one.

## **Deceased taxpayers**

Enter the name of the deceased taxpayer and, in the boxes provided, list the date of death in month, day, and last 2 digits of year order.

# Line instructions for Form IT-200 (continued)

# **Item A**

#### **Filing status**

Show your filing status by marking an **X** in only one box. In nearly all cases, you must use the same filing status on your state return that you used on your federal return. If you did not have to file a federal return, use the same filing status that you would have used for federal income tax purposes.

The only exceptions to this rule apply to married individuals who file a joint federal return and:

- one spouse is a New York State resident and the other is a nonresident or part-year resident. In this case you must either:
  - (a) file separate New York returns using filing status ③ or
  - (b) file jointly, as if you both were New York State residents, using filing status 2.
- (2) you are unable to file a joint New York return because the address or whereabouts of your spouse is unknown or your spouse refuses to sign a joint New York return. In this case, you may file a separate New York return using filing status ③.

**Caution** – A separate return may be filed using exception (2) only if you meet at least one of the following conditions:

- you can demonstrate that the address or whereabouts of your spouse is unknown, reasonable efforts have been made to locate your spouse and good cause exists for the failure to file a joint New York return; or
- reasonable efforts have been made to have your spouse sign a joint return, there exists objective evidence of alienation from your spouse such as judicial order of protection, legal separation under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance, or living apart at all times during the preceding year, and good cause exists for the failure to file a joint return.

Joint and several tax liability - If you file a joint return, both you and your spouse are generally responsible for the tax and any interest or penalties due on the return. This means that if one spouse does not pay the tax due, the other may have to. However, see *Innocent spouse relief* on page 3.

# Item **B**

# Did you itemize your deductions on your 1999 federal return?

If you itemized your deductions on your 1999 federal income tax return, check the *Yes* box. If you claimed the standard deduction on your federal return, check the *No* box.

# Item C

#### City of New York residents only

- (1) Were you 65 or older on Jan. 1, 2000? If you were 65 or older, check the *Yes* box. If not, check the *No* box.
- (2) Was your spouse 65 or older on Jan. 1, 2000? – If you were married and marked an X in box 2 of Item A (Married filing joint return) and your spouse was 65 or older, check the Yes box. If your spouse was not 65 or older, check the No box.

We need this information to help verify your New York City school tax credit.

# Item E

Do you need a tax packet (IT-200-P) sent to you next year?

If you use a paid preparer, or if you use computer software to prepare your return, or if for any other reason you do not need a tax

# **Tax computation**

packet mailed to you for next year's taxes, please check the box at item E of your Form IT-200. By checking this box, you will help us reduce printing and mailing costs.

When you check the box, we will send you a mailing label that you or whoever prepares your return should use on your 2000 return.

# Simplified instructions for resident taxpayers who do not have to file a federal return but may have to file a New York State return.

Even if you did not have to file a federal return, you do have to file a New York State return if:

your federal filing status would have been:	and you had federal adjusted gross income (plus New York additions)* of more than:
single, and you can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return	\$3,000
single, and you cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return <b>or</b>	
married filing joint return or	
married filing separate return or	
head of household <b>or</b> qualifying widow(er)	
*(New York additions are explained on page 7	of these instructions.)
If your income consists only of wages, salaries compensation, you may qualify for simplified fi questions:	, tips, interest, dividends and unemployment ling. To see if you qualify, answer the following
Are you required to file a federal return?	Yes No
Did you have New York State, New York City, from your wages?	or Yonkers tax withheld
Are you claiming the earned income tax credit	?
Are you claiming the child and dependent care	credit?
Does your income consist only of wages, salar dividends and unemployment compensation?	ies, tips, interest,
If you checked a <b>shaded box</b> , <b>stop</b> ; you do not file Form IT-100, Form IT-200, or Form IT-201 box, continue with the worksheet below.	ot qualify for this simplified filing method. You must in its entirety. If you did <b>not</b> check any shaded
Wo	ksheet
	Enter on Form Amount IT-200, line #
Wages, salaries, tips, etc.	\$1
Taxable interest income	2 3
Ordinary dividends Unemployment compensation	3 5
	5
<b>Total. This is your federal adjusted gross in</b> Enter from the table below the standard deduc amount that applies to your filing status	icome 8
Enter from the table below the standard deduc	icome 8
Enter from the table below the standard deduc amount that applies to your filing status	tion 8 Standard deduction amount
Enter from the table below the standard deduct amount that applies to your filing status <i>Filing status</i> Single (and can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpay Single (and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another tax	tion Standard deduction amount er's return) bayer's return) 5 7,500
Enter from the table below the standard deduct amount that applies to your filing status <i>Filing status</i> Single (and can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpay Single (and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another tax Married filing joint return	Standard deduction amount           er's return)         \$ 3,000           payer's return)         7,500           13,000         13,000
Enter from the table below the standard deduct amount that applies to your filing status <i>Filing status</i> Single (and can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpay Single (and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another tax Married filing joint return	Standard deduction amount           er's return)         \$ 3,000           payer's return)         7,500           13,000         6,500
Enter from the table below the standard deduct amount that applies to your filing status <i>Filing status</i> Single (and can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpay Single (and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another tax Married filing joint return	Standard deduction amount           er's return)         \$ 3,000           bayer's return)         7,500           13,000         6,500           10,500         10,500
Enter from the table below the standard deduct amount that applies to your filing status <i>Filing status</i> Single (and can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpay Single (and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another taxpay Married filing joint return	Standard deduction amount           er's return)         \$ 3,000           bayer's return)         7,500           13,000         6,500           10,500         13,000           New York additions*) is less than your
Enter from the table below the standard deduct amount that applies to your filing status <i>Filing status</i> Single (and can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpay Single (and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another tax Married filing joint return Married filing separate return Head of household Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child If your federal adjusted gross income (plus standard deduction amount, all you have to worksheet on the corresponding lines of yo You do not owe any New York State tax.	acome       8         standard deduction amount         er's return)       \$ 3,000         bayer's return)       7,500         13,000       6,500         10,500       13,000         New York additions*) is less than your       13,000         o do is enter the amounts from the above       bur Form IT-200, sign the return, and mail it.         annot be claimed as a dependent on another
Enter from the table below the standard deduct amount that applies to your filing status <i>Filing status</i> Single (and can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpay Single (and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another tax Married filing joint return	acome       8         standard deduction amount         er's return)       \$ 3,000         payer's return)       7,500         13,000       6,500         10,500       13,000         New York additions*) is less than your       13,000         od o is enter the amounts from the above       13,000         vour Form IT-200, sign the return, and mail it.       annot be claimed as a dependent on another         your city of New York school tax credit and       annot be claimed as a dependent on another

#### Need help? See the phone numbers on page 17 of these instructions.

If you filed your federal return by telephone, report the same information on Form IT-200 that you would have reported if you had filed your federal return on paper.

# Line 1

#### Wages, salaries, tips, etc.

Enter the total of all wages, salaries, fringe benefits and tips you reported on your 1999 federal return, including any that were not reported by your employer on a wage and tax statement.

If you did not have to file a federal return, report the same income you would have reported for federal income tax purposes.

# Line 2

#### **Taxable interest income**

Enter the taxable interest income reported on your federal return.

If you did not have to file a federal return, report the same interest income you would have reported for federal income tax purposes.

# Line 3

#### **Ordinary dividends**

Enter the dividends reported on your federal return. If you did not have to file a federal return, report the same dividend income you would have reported for federal income tax purposes.

# Line 4

#### Taxable refunds, credits or offsets of state and local income taxes

Enter the amount of taxable state and local income tax refunds, credits or offsets included as income on your federal return. Also enter this amount on line 12.

If you did not have to file a federal return, report the same amount of taxable state and local income tax refunds, credits or offsets you would have reported for federal income tax purposes.

# Line 5

#### **Unemployment compensation**

Enter the unemployment compensation reported on your federal return.

If you did not have to file a federal return, report the same unemployment compensation you would have reported for federal income tax purposes.

# Line 6

Add lines 1 through 5 and enter the total on line 6. This should be the same as the total income on your federal Form 1040A or 1040 or the adjusted gross income on your federal Form 1040EZ.

# Line 7

# Individual retirement arrangement (IRA) deduction

Enter the individual retirement arrangement (IRA) deduction reported on your federal return. If you are married and filing a joint return (filing status <sup>(2)</sup>) and both of you claimed an IRA deduction on your federal return, enter the **total** of both spouses' IRA deductions. If you did not have to file a federal return, claim the same deduction you would have claimed for federal income tax purposes.

# Line 8

Subtract line 7 from line 6 and enter the result on line 8. This should be the same as the

adjusted gross income on your federal Form 1040A, 1040 or 1040EZ.



Certain items of income not taxed by the federal government are taxed by

#### New York State

These *New York additions* must be added to federal adjusted gross income. The only New York additions that may be reported on Form IT-200 are public employee contributions (line 9) and IRC 125 amounts from the New York City flexible benefits program (line 10).

# Line 9

#### Public employee contributions

Identify any of the following that apply to you by writing the item number and the amount of each in the white area on line 9. Enter the total amount on line 9 in the money column.

- 1. The amount of 414(h) retirement contributions shown on your wage and tax statement(s), New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1), or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2), if you were:
  - a Tier 3 or Tier 4 member of the New York State and Local Retirement Systems, which include the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Policemen's and Firemen's Retirement System, or
  - a Tier 3 or Tier 4 member of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or
  - an employee of the State or City University of New York who belongs to the Optional Retirement Program or
  - any tier member of the New York City Employees' Retirement System, the New York City Teachers' Retirement System, the New York City Board of Education Retirement System, the New York City Police Pension Fund or the New York City Fire Department Pension Fund (section 612(b)(26) of the Tax Law) or
  - a member of the Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transportation Operating Authority Pension Plan.
- The amount shown on your wage and tax statement(s), New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2) that was deducted from your salary for health insurance and the welfare benefit fund surcharge if you were a career pension plan member of:
  - the New York City Employees' Retirement System, or
  - the New York City Board of Education Retirement System.

Do not enter on line 9 contributions to a section 401(k) deferred arrangement, section 403(b) annuity or section 457 deferred compensation plan.

# Line 10

# Flexible benefits program (IRC 125)

If you were employed by only one of the following agencies, enter your IRC 125 amount in the money column.

If you were employed by more than one of the following agencies, write the name of each agency and the IRC 125 amount in the white area on line 10. Enter the total amount on line 10 in the money column.

The IRC 125 amount(s) shown on your wage and tax statement(s), New York State

Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2) that was deducted or deferred from your salary (section 612 (b)(31) of the Tax Law) under a flexible benefits program established on your behalf by the city of New York and certain other New York City public employers (City University of New York, New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation, New York City Transit Authority, New York City Housing Authority, New York City Off-Track Betting Corporation, New York City Rehabilitation Mortgage Insurance Corporation. New York City Board of Education, New York City School Construction Authority, Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transit Operating Authority or the Staten Island Rapid Transit Authority).

#### Certain items of income taxed by the federal government are not taxed by New York State

These New York *subtractions* must be subtracted from your federal adjusted gross income. The only New York subtractions reported on Form IT-200 are taxable refunds, credits or offsets of state and local income taxes (line 12) and interest income on U.S. government bonds (line 13).

# Line 13

Interest income on U.S. government bonds Enter on line 13 the amount of interest income from U.S. government bonds or other U.S. government obligations that is included in your federal adjusted gross income. (This may be all or part of the line 2 taxable interest income amount, or it may be zero. Check your interest income records to determine the correct amount to enter on line 13.) Interest income on bonds or other obligations of the U.S. government is not taxed by New York State. Include on line 13 dividends you received from a regulated investment company (mutual fund) that invests in obligations of the U.S. government and meets the 50% asset requirement each quarter. Once this requirement is met, the portion of the dividends you received that may be included on line 13 is based upon the portion of taxable income received by the mutual fund that is derived from federal obligations (section 612(c)(1) of the Tax Law). Information regarding the 50% asset requirement and figuring your allowable subtraction (if any) should be obtained from the mutual fund.

# Line 14

### New York standard deduction

The standard deduction you take on line 14 depends on your filing status for New York State.

If you took the standard deduction on federal Form 1040 or you did not have to file a federal return, you must take the standard deduction on line 14. Find the correct amount for your filing status in the *Standard deduction table* below:

New York —									
Standard deduction table									
Standard de									
Filing status (enter on lin	ne 14)								
① Single (checked Yes at Item D) \$	3,000								
Single (checked No at Item D)	7,500								
② Married filing joint return	13,000								
③ Married filing separate return	6,500								
	10,500								
⑤ Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child	13,000								

9

# Line 15

#### New York dependent exemptions

Enter on line 15 the number of your dependent exemptions from the Dependent exemption worksheet below.

If you did not have to file a federal return, enter on lines a and b of the worksheet the number of exemptions that would be allowed for federal income tax purposes. 1

## New York Dependent exemption worksheet

New York exemptions are allowed only for your dependents. The value of each New York dependent exemption is \$1,000. Personal exemptions for you, and for your spouse if you are married, are not allowed on your New York State return.

Check only one box

- ☐ If you filed federal Form 1040EZ or you used Telefile, enter "0" on line 15.
- ☐ If you filed federal Form 1040A or 1040, complete the following worksheet:
  - a. Enter the number of exemptions claimed on federal Form 1040A or 1040, line 6d .....a.
  - b. Enter the total number of boxes checked on line 6a and line 6b of federal Form 1040A or 1040 ..... b.
  - c. Subtract line b from line a. This is the number of your New York dependent exemptions. Enter this number on line 15 ..... c.

Example - For a husband and wife with 1 dependent child, the entry on line 15 would be "1" as shown below

	au	0.11		010111								
•••	•••	[	15		1,	0	0	0	].	0	0	

### Line 17 **Taxable income**

Subtract line 16 from line 11 and enter the difference on line 17. If line 16 is more than or equal to line 11, enter "0" on line 17 and skip to line 29. If line 17 is \$65,000 or more, stop; you cannot file on this form. You must file your

# Line 19

### New York State tax

return using Form IT-201.

Find your New York State tax by using the State Tax Table on violet pages 37 through 44 of these instructions. Be sure to use the correct column in the tax table. After you have found the correct tax, enter that amount on line 19.

There is an example at the beginning of the table to help you find the correct tax.

# Need help? See the phone numbers on page 17 of these instructions.

# **Line 20**

### New York State household credit

Depending on your filing status, enter your household credit from the table below. This credit can reduce your tax to zero but cannot be refunded. You qualify to claim this credit if you checked the No box at item D on your Form IT-200 and if you checked:

☐ filing status ① only (Single) and the amount on Form IT-200, line 8, is not over \$28,000; or

☐ filing status ②, ③, ④ or ⑤ and the amount on Form IT-200, line 8, is **not** over \$32,000.

Filing Status ① only (Single) - Use Household credit table I below to find the amount of your New York State household credit.

Filing Status 2, 4 and 5 - Use Household credit table II below to find the amount of your New York State household credit. Married 1040EZ filers use column 2.

Filing Status 3 only (Married filing separate return) - Use Household credit table III below to find the amount of your New York State household credit.

New York State — sehold credit table status ① only (Sing	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
but not over	enter on Form IT-200, line 20:
\$ 5,000*	\$ 75
,	No credit is allowed; enter
	"0" on Form IT-200, line 20
	sehold credit table status ① only (Sing but not over \$ 5,000* 6,000 

\* This may be any amount up to \$5,000, including "0" or a negative amount.

→ New York State → Household credit table II Filing status ②, ④ and ⑤										
If Form IT-200, line 8 is:										
Over	but not over									
\$ 5,000 6,000 20,000 22,000 25,000 28,000 32,000	\$ 5,000* 6,000 7,000 20,000 22,000 25,000 28,000 32,000	\$ No	90 75 65 60 60 50 40 20 credi	105 90 80 75 70 60 45 25 t is allow	120 105 95 90 80 70 50 30 yed: ente	135 120 110 105 90 80 55 35 er "0" on	150 135 125 120 100 90 60 40 Form I	165 150 140 135 110 100 65 45 F-200. lir	180 165 155 150 120 110 70 50 20	15 15 15 10 10 5 5

\* This may be any amount up to \$5,000, including "0" or a negative amount.

\*\* For each exemption over 7, add amount in this column to column 7 amount.

New York State											
If Form IT-200, line 8 total from both returns is: And the number of exemptions from both federal returns, line 6d, is:											
								over 7**			
\$ 5,000 6,000 7,000 20,000 25,000 28,000 32,000	\$ 5,000* 6,000 7,000 20,000 22,000 25,000 28,000 32,000	\$ 45 37.50 32.50 30 30 25 20 10 No credi	52.50 45 40 37.50 35 30 22.50 12.50 t is allov	60 52.50 47.50 45 40 35 25 15 ved; ente	67.50 60 55 52.50 45 40 27.50 17.50 er "0" on	75 67.50 62.50 60 50 45 30 20 Form I	82.50 75 70 67.50 55 50 32.50 22.50 F-200, lir	90 82.50 77.50 75 60 55 35 25 25 25	7.50 7.50 7.50 7.50 5 5 2.50 2.50		

\* This may be any amount up to \$5,000, including "0" or a negative amount.

\*\* For each exemption over 7, add amount in this column to column 7 amount.

#### Need help? See the phone numbers on page 17 of these instructions.

Lines 22 through 25 and lines 37 and 39 apply only to New York City taxes. If you are not subject to New York City taxes, do not fill in these lines

### **Line 22**

#### City of New York resident tax

If you were a resident of New York City enter your city resident tax on line 22.

A city of New York resident tax surcharge has been built into the tax table. The amount of the surcharge is determined by your filing status and level of taxable income.

Find your New York City resident tax by using the City Tax Table on white pages 45 through 52 of these instructions. Be sure to use the correct column in the tax table. After you have found the correct tax, enter that amount on line 22. There is an example at the beginning of the tables to help you find the correct tax.

### Line 23

#### City of New York household credit

Enter your New York City household credit. This credit can reduce your tax to zero but cannot be refunded. You qualify to claim this credit if you checked the *No* box at item D on your Form IT-200 and if you checked:

filing status 1 and the amount on Form IT-200, line 8, is not over \$12,500; or

☐ filing status ②, ③, ④ or ⑤ and the amount on Form IT-200, line 8, is **not** over \$22,500.

Filing status  $\bigcirc$  only (Single) - Use Household credit table IV below to find the amount of your New York City household credit.

**Filing status** ②, ④ and ⑤ **-** Use *Household credit table V* below to find the amount of your New York City household credit. (Married 1040EZ filers use column 2)

Filing status ③ only (Married filing separate return) - Use Household credit table VI below to find the amount of your New York City household credit.

City of New York Household credit table IV Filing status ① only (Single)

If Form IT-200, line 8 is:

Over	but not over	enter on Form IT-200, line 23:
	\$ 10,000*	\$15
\$10,000	12,500	
12,500		No credit is allowed; enter
		"0" on Form IT-200, line 23

\* This may be any amount up to \$10,000, including "0" or a negative amount.

	City of New York — Household credit table V Filing status ②, ④ and ⑤										
If Form IT-200, line 8 is:								٦,			
Over								over 7**			
\$15,000 17,500 20,000 22,500	\$ 15,000* 17,500 20,000 22,500	25	60 50 30 20 is allow	90 75 45 30 ed; ente	120 100 60 40 r "0" on	150 125 75 50 Form IT	180   150   90   60 -200, lin	210 175 105 70 e 23.	30 25 15 10		

 $^{\ast}\,$  This may be any amount up to \$15,000, including "0" or a negative amount.

\*\* For each exemption over 7, add amount in this column to column 7 amount.

	Filing sta			it table V		urn)				
If Form IT-200, line 8 total from both returns is:And the number of exemptions from both federal returns, line 6d, is:										
Over	but not over	1 Enter on				5	6	7	over 7**	
\$15,000 17,500 20,000 22,500	\$ 15,000* 17,500 20,000 22,500		30 25 15 10	45 37.50 22.50 15	60 50 30 20	75 62.50 37.50 25 Form IT-	45 30	105 87.50 52.50 35 ne 23.		

\* This may be any amount up to \$15,000, including "0" or a negative amount.

\*\* For each exemption over 7, add amount in this column to column 7 amount.

#### Line instructions 11

# Line 25

**City of New York nonresident earnings tax** Complete line 25 only if you are subject to the New York City nonresident earnings tax.

If you were not a New York City resident but earned wages or conducted a trade or business there during the period January 1, 1999, through June 30, 1999 (either as an individual or a member of a partnership), you may be subject to the New York City nonresident earnings tax.

If you were a New York State resident who was not a resident of the city of New York, but you earned wages or conducted a trade or business in the city of New York, you are no longer subject to the city of New York nonresident earnings tax beginning on and after July 1, 1999. Also, if you are a New York State resident who was not a resident of the city of New York, but began earning wages or conducting business in the city of New York on or after July 1, 1999, you will not be subject to the city of New York nonresident earnings tax.

Fill in NYC-203, *City of New York Nonresident Earnings Tax Return*, transfer the **Total nonresident earnings tax** (line 9) to Form IT-200 and attach Form NYC-203 to Form IT-200. For more information, see the instructions for Form NYC-203.

Lines 26, 27 and line 40 apply only to city of Yonkers taxes. If you are not subject to Yonkers taxes, do not fill in these lines.

# Line 26

e ...

# City of Yonkers resident income tax surcharge

If you were a resident of Yonkers, enter your tax from the worksheet below.

	A Yonkers w	ork	sheet		
	Amount from line 21.		Sincer	а.	
b.				a.	
<b>.</b>	Form IT-214, Real				
	Property Tax Credit				
	for Homeowners				
	and Renters,				
		b.			
C.					
	Form IT-215, Claim				
	for Earned Income				
	<i>Credit,</i> line 17 (New York State				
	filing status 3				
	taxpayers, transfer				
	the amount from				
	Form IT-215,				
	line 18), if any.	C.			
d.	Amount from				
	Form IT-216, Claim				
	for Child and				
	Dependent Care Credit, line 14.	d.			
	Add lines b, c and d.	u.		e.	
f	Subtract line e from I	line	a.	f.	
q.	Yonkers resident tax ra Multiply line f by line	te (	10%)	g.	.10
ň.				0	
	this amount on Form	١T	-200,		
	line 26.			h.	

# **Line 27**

**City of Yonkers nonresident earnings tax** Complete line 27 only if you are subject to the city of Yonkers nonresident earnings tax.

If you were not a Yonkers resident but earned wages or conducted a trade or business there (either as an individual or a member of a partnership), you are subject to the Yonkers nonresident earnings tax. Fill in Form Y-203, *City of Yonkers Nonresident Earnings Tax Return*, transfer the **Total nonresident** earnings tax (line 6) to Form IT-200, and attach Form Y-203 to Form IT-200. For more information, see the instructions for Form Y-203.

#### 12 Line instructions

# **Line 29**

#### Return a Gift to Wildlife

If you want to Return a Gift to Wildlife, enter the amount on line 29. The amount you give must be in whole dollars: \$5, \$10, \$20 or any other dollar amount. Your gift will reduce your refund or increase your tax payment. Also, you cannot change the amount you give after you file your return.

# Line 30

#### United States Olympic Committee/Lake Placid Olympic Training Center Fund

If you want to contribute to the United States Olympic Committee/Lake Placid Olympic Training Center Fund, enter \$2. (\$4 if your spouse also wants to contribute and you are filing jointly.) No other amounts can be accepted. Your gift will reduce your refund or increase your tax payment. You cannot change the amount you give after you file your return.

# Line 31

# Gift for Breast Cancer Research and Education

If you want to contribute to the Breast Cancer Research and Education Fund, enter the amount on line 31. The amount you give must be in whole dollars: \$5, \$10, \$20 or any other dollar amount. Your gift will reduce your refund or increase your tax payment. Also, you cannot change the amount you give after you file your return.

# **Line 32**

# Gift for Missing and Exploited Children Clearinghouse Fund

If you want to give a gift to the Missing and Exploited Children Clearinghouse Fund, enter the amount. It must be in whole dollars: \$5, \$10, \$20 or any other dollar amount. Your gift will reduce your refund or increase your tax payment. You cannot change the amount you give after you file your return.

# **Line 34**

# New York State child and dependent care credit

The New York State child and dependent care credit is refundable. If you qualify, file Form IT-216, *Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit.* If the credit is more than the tax you owe, we will refund the difference.

Enter the amount of New York State child and dependent care credit from Form IT-216, line 14.

You may be eligible to claim a New York State child and dependent care credit even if you did not claim the credit on your federal return or did not have to file a federal return. For filing status <sup>(2)</sup>, if you did not have to file a federal return, you must file a joint New York State return to be eligible to claim the credit. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-216.

# Line 35

### New York State earned income credit

If you qualify, enter your earned income credit. To claim this credit, fill in Form IT-215, *Claim for Earned Income Credit*, and transfer the amount to Form IT-200, line 35 and attach it to your return.

## Need help? See the phone numbers on page 17 of these instructions.

If you are having the IRS compute the credit for you, complete lines 1-8 and 10 of Form IT-215 and write EIC in the white area to the left of line 35 of Form IT-200. Do not enter an amount on line 35. Complete lines 36-40, but do not enter any amounts on lines 41, 42, or 43. We will figure your earned income credit for you. Attach Form IT-215 to your return. If you are due a refund, we will send you the refund along with a statement that shows how the refund was computed. If you owe tax, you will receive a bill that must be paid within 21 days, or by April 17, 2000 (April 18, 2000, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, Mass), whichever is later.

# Line 36

### Real property tax credit

If you qualify, enter your real property tax credit. To claim this credit, fill in Form IT-214, *Claim for Real Property Tax Credit for Homeowners and Renters*, transfer the **real property tax credit** (line 17) to Form IT-200, and attach Form IT-214 to your Form IT-200. For more information, see the instructions for Form IT-214 on page 23.

# **Line 37**

#### **City of New York school tax credit** The city of New York school tax credit is refundable.

**Note:** If you checked the Yes box at item D, you cannot claim the New York City school tax credit.

If you checked filing status:

- ①, ③, or ④, and the Yes box at Item C (1), enter \$62.50.
- ①, ③, or ④, and the No box at Item C (1), enter \$39.00.
- 2 and the Yes box at either Item C (1) or C (2), enter \$125.00.
- 2 and the *No* box at both Item C (1) and C (2), enter \$35.00.
- (5) **and** the *Yes* box at Item C (1), enter \$125.00.
- (5) and the *No* box at Item C (1), enter \$35.00.

# **Line 38**

#### Total New York State tax withheld

Enter your total **New York State** tax withheld as shown on your wage and tax statement(s), New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2). If you are married and filing a joint return, enter your combined New York State tax withheld. Remember to attach your wage and tax statement(s), New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2), to your return as shown in Step 7, *Return assembly* on page 14 of these instructions. The amount on line 38 should be the same as the total **New York State** tax withheld on your statement(s).

# Line 39

## Total city of New York tax withheld

Enter your total **New York City** tax withheld as shown on your wage and tax statement(s). If you are married and filing a joint return, enter your combined New York City tax withheld. Remember to attach your wage and tax statement(s), New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2), to your return as shown in Step 7, *Return Assembly* on page 14 of these instructions. The amount on line 39 should be the same as the total **city of New York** tax withheld on your statement(s).

# Line 40

### Total city of Yonkers tax withheld

Enter your total **Yonkers** tax withheld as shown on your wage and tax statement(s). If you are married and filing a joint return, enter your combined Yonkers tax withheld.

Remember to attach your wage and tax statement(s), New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2), to your return as shown in Step 7, *Return assembly* on page 14 of these instructions. The amount on line 40 should be the same as the total **city of Yonkers** tax withheld on your statement(s).

# **Line 42**

### Refund

If line 41 is more than line 33, subtract line 33 from line 41 and enter your refund on line 42.

You must file a return to get a refund. The Tax Department will not refund an amount of one dollar or less unless you attach to your return a signed statement asking for it.

If you want us to deposit your refund directly into your bank account, see *Direct deposit* on page 13.

**Collection of debts from your refund** — We will keep all or part of your refund if you owe past due support or a past-due legally enforceable debt to the Internal Revenue Service or a New York State agency. This includes any state department, board, bureau, division, commission, committee, public authority, public benefit corporation, council, office, or other entity performing a governmental or proprietary function for the state or a social services district. Any amount over your debt will be refunded.

Disclaiming of spouse's debt - If you checked filing status 2 and you do not want to apply your part of the refund to your spouse's debt because you are not liable for it, complete Form IT-280, Nonobligated Spouse Allocation and attach it (not a photocopy) to the front of your original return. We need the information on it to process your refund as quickly as possible. Once you have filed your return, you cannot file an amended return to disclaim your spouse's defaulted student loan or past-due support liability or past-due legally enforceable debt owed to a state agency. (However, you will be notified if your refund is applied against your spouse's defaulted student loan or past-due support or past-due legally enforceable debt owed to a state agency and you did not attach Form IT-280 to your return. You will then have ten days from the date of notification to file Form IT-280. However, this will result in a delay in your refund and extra work for you.) For more information, see Form IT-280.

If you have any questions about whether you owe a past-due legally enforceable debt to the Internal Revenue Service or a state agency, contact the IRS or that particular state agency.

For New York State, New York City or Yonkers tax liabilities **only** call 1 800 835-3554 (outside the U.S. and Canada call (518) 485-6800) or write to NYS TAX DEPARTMENT, TAX COMPLIANCE DIVISION, W A HARRIMAN CAMPUS, ALBANY NY 12227.

#### Make sure you receive your refund

Every year about 40,000 refund checks are returned to the Tax Department, largely because of mailing address problems. Many of these checks eventually reach their owners after this delay, but many others never do, despite our best efforts.

You can receive your refund check without delay. Please remember these important points:

- We mail the refund to the address shown on the return.
- Don't assume that we already have your correct address. Check it.
- Use the label supplied with the return whenever possible. Make any corrections directly on the label; see *Step 5* below for details.
- Make sure the address is complete include c/o if necessary, and P.O. Box and apartment numbers, if any.
- If you're moving, notify the U.S. Postal Service of the new address.
- If you use a computer, make sure your software is printing your address properly.
- Make sure everything is legible.
- If someone else is preparing your return, make sure they have your correct address.

# **Direct deposit**

Complete lines 42a through 42c if you want us to deposit your refund directly into your bank account.

On line 42a, enter the routing number shown on the checks issued by your bank (see sample check on this page). The routing number **must** be nine digits. If the first two digits are not 01 through 12, or 21 through 32, the direct deposit will be rejected and a check sent instead. On the sample check on this page, the routing number is 090090099.

Your check may state that it is payable through a bank different from the one where you have your checking account. If so, do not use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your bank for the correct routing number to enter on this line.

On line 42b, check the box for the type of account, checking or savings.

On line 42c, enter your account number shown on your checks (see sample check on this page). The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank. On the sample check on this page, the account number is 1357902468.

The Department will not notify you that your **refund** has been deposited. However, if the amount we deposit is different from the amount of refund you claimed on your return, we will send you a written explanation of the adjustment within two weeks from the date your refund is deposited.

We will make every effort to comply with your request for direct deposit. However, we cannot be responsible when a bank refuses a direct deposit. Some financial institutions, for example, do not allow a joint refund to be deposited into an individual account. If your bank refuses the direct deposit or the deposit cannot be made for any other reason, we will send a check to the mailing address shown on your return. If you encounter any problem with the direct deposit of your refund to your account, call toll free 1 800 321-3213. The processing time for an income tax return is approximately six to eight weeks.

# Line 43

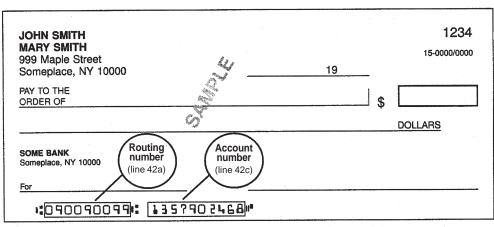
#### Amount you owe

If line 41 is less than line 33, subtract line 41 from line 33 and enter the amount you owe on line 43.

If you owe more than one dollar, make your check or money order payable to **New York State Income Tax** and write your social security number and **1999 income tax** on it. Staple your payment to the area indicated on the front left of your return. Do not send cash. You do not have to pay one dollar or less.

#### Installment payments

If you cannot pay the full amount you owe as shown on line 43 of your income tax return, you can ask to make monthly installment payments. However, you will be charged interest and may be charged a late payment penalty on any tax not paid by April 17, 2000 (April 18, 2000, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover Mass),



Note: The routing and account numbers may appear in different places on your check.

even if your request to pay in installments is granted. To limit the interest and penalty charges, file your return on time and pay as much of the tax as possible with your return.

Before you request an installment payment agreement, you should consider other alternatives such as a commercial or private loan.

To be considered for an installment agreement, you must complete New York State Form DTF-383, *Income Tax Installment Payment Agreement Request*, and include all information requested. To get Form DTF-383, use the *Income Tax Forms Order Blank* (Form IT-86) that came with your income tax packet or see page 17 for a listing of our phone numbers.

You must attach your completed DTF-383 to the front of the 1999 income tax return you file. Your request for an income tax installment payment agreement will be considered based upon the information you provide. We will notify you if your request is approved or denied.

# Penalty for not paying enough tax during the year (estimated tax penalty)

If line 43 is at least \$300 and, in addition, represents more than 10% of the tax shown on your return, you may owe a penalty. Generally, you are not subject to a penalty if your 1999 prepayments equal at least 100% of your 1998 tax (110% of that amount if you are not a farmer or fisherman and the adjusted gross income shown on that return is more than \$150,000 or, if married filing separately, more than \$75,000) based upon a return covering 12 months.

If you owe a penalty you cannot file Form IT-200. You must file Form IT-201 and Form IT-2105.9.

Now continue with Step 4 below.

# Step 4

Check the figures on your return and any attachments.

# Step 5

Complete the top of your return.

**Peel-off label** — Remove the peel-off label from under the flap on the inside front cover of your packet and place it in the name and address box at the top of your return. Check the peel-off label to make sure the information on it is complete and correct. The peel-off label has been redesigned to include 2 bar codes which represent the numeric information on the label. This new peel-off label has been designed to allow us to take advantage of the latest technology available to process your return.

School district code Social security number	County (s)
Your name	( )
Spouse's name	
Number and street	
City State	ZIP code

On the peel-off label is a series of numbers which shows your social security information

#### 14 Steps/General information

and a single letter that indicates the form you filed last year.

- ☐ If your name (or spouse's name) or address is wrong, cross it out and make the corrections directly on the peel-off label. Space for names on the label is limited to 36 characters. Do not correct the label if it is correct except for some missing final characters.
- ☐ If any other information is incorrect or missing or if you do not have a peel-off label enter the correct information in the white spaces. Do not enter information in the white spaces and boxes to the right of the peel-off label if all the information on the peel-off label is correct. Be sure your social security numbers are in the same order as your names. (Your social security number(s) is printed directly above your name(s); your county of residence is in the middle.) If this information is not on your peel-off label, enter it in the white spaces at the top of the form.

School district name and code number — If your public school district code number is missing or incorrect, enter the name and code number of your public school district. This is the district where you were a resident on December 31, 1999. School districts and code numbers are on pages 33 through 36 of these instructions. If you do not know the name of your school district in which you lived on December 31, 1999, contact your nearest public school.

You must enter your school district name and code number even if you were absent from the school district temporarily, if the school your children attended was not in your school district, or if you had no children attending school. School aid may be affected if the school district or code number is not correct.

#### Permanent home address

Enter your permanent home address within New York State on December 31, 1999, if it is not the same as the address on your peel-off label.

We ask for your permanent home address to verify your school district name and code number, which are used in figuring state aid to local school districts.

Your permanent home address is the address of the dwelling place in New York State where you actually live, whether you or your spouse own or rent it. A summer or vacation home is not your permanent home.

Your permanent home address is not always the same as the mailing address that is entered on your income tax return. For example, you may use a post office box number for your mailing address; this is not your permanent home address.

- If you use a paid preparer and you use the preparer's address as your mailing address, enter the address of your permanent home in the space provided.
- If you are a permanent resident of a nursing home, enter the nursing home address as your permanent home address.
- If you are in the armed forces and your permanent home was in New York State when you entered the military, enter your New York permanent home address regardless of where you are stationed.

#### Need help? See the phone numbers on page 17 of these instructions.

 If you moved after December 31, 1999, enter your permanent home address as of December 31, 1999, not your current home address.

If you do not have a peel-off label, enter all of the following information in the white spaces at the top of your return:

- ☐ first name, middle initial, last name and address (both names if filing a joint return);
- permanent home address (if different from mailing address);
- social security number(s);
- New York State county of residence on December 31, 1999;

school district name and code.

Please keep your name and address entries within the spaces provided. For example, your first name and middle initial should not go past the vertical line separating them from your last name, and your last name should start to the right of the vertical line. Similarly, your mailing address, ZIP code, etc., should be kept within the boxes provided.

# Step 6

Sign and date your return at the bottom. You must sign and date your return. If you are married and filing a joint return, you both must sign it. Your return cannot be processed if you do not sign it.

Enter your daytime telephone number including the area code. This voluntary entry will enable the Tax Department to correct minor errors or omissions by calling you rather than writing or sending back your return. You are not required to give your telephone number.

Keep a copy of your return and any attachments for future reference. If someone prepares your return for you, be sure to get a copy for your records.

If the return is for someone who died and there is no surviving spouse to sign it, the name and address of the person signing it must be printed or typed below the signature.

A paid preparer must also sign your return. If you pay someone to prepare your return, the paid preparer must also sign it and fill in the other blanks in the paid preparer's area on the back of your return. A person who prepares your return and does not charge you should not fill in the paid preparer's area.

Note to paid preparers - When signing a taxpayer's New York State income tax return, you must use the same identification number (social security number or federal preparer's Tax Identification Number) that you used on the taxpayer's federal income tax return.

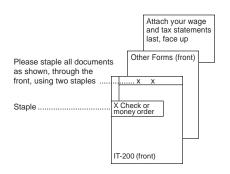
# Step 7

#### Return assembly

Illustrated in the next column is the correct way to assemble your return and the various attachments for the most efficient handling. You can help ensure that your return (and your refund, if you are entitled to one) is processed as quickly as possible by taking a few moments to assemble your forms as shown.

- Staple payments, if any, to the front of your return in the area indicated.
- If you are filing Form IT-280, Nonobligated Spouse Allocation, please staple it, along with any correspondence and payments, to the front of your return, with the payments on top.

 Staple any other forms behind your return, face up, with your wage and tax statements last, stapled to the center of the top of your return.



# Step 8

#### Checklist

Before you mail your return, a quick check will help you avoid common errors that may delay your refund. **Did you:** 

- attach your peel-off label? (It is located under the flap on the inside front cover.) If you do not have a label, did you enter your name, address, social security number(s), county of residence, school district name and school district code number at the top of your return?
- enter your permanent home address (if different from your mailing address)?
- □ check the box for item (E) on the front of Form IT-200 if you do not need a tax packet mailed to you for part your?
- packet mailed to you for next year? check appropriate boxes for items (A), (B), (C) and (D)?
- $\square$  (B), (C) and (D)?
- enter the amount of your New York
  dependent exemptions?
- □ claim any adjustments or credits that
- \_ you may qualify for?
- use the correct tax table(s)?
- sign your return (both husband and wife must sign a joint return)?
- staple your wage and tax statement(s), New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2) to the back of your return?
- make your check or money order payable to New York State Income Tax for the full amount you owe?
- write your social security number and 1999 income tax on your check or money order?

# Step 9

**Use the preaddressed mailing envelope.** To avoid delaying your refund, use the preaddressed envelope that came with your

tax packet. If you are claiming a refund, mark an "X" in the box on the front of the envelope. If you do not have a preaddressed envelope, address your envelope — For refund returns:

#### or refund returns:

STATE PROCESSING CENTER-REFUND '99 PO BOX 61000

#### ALBANY NY 12261-0001 For all other returns:

STATE PROCESSING CENTER PO BOX 61000

ALBANY NY 12261-0001

If you use a delivery service other than the U.S. Postal Service, see *Private delivery services* on page 2.

# **Resolving tax problems**

The best ways to avoid tax problems are to keep accurate tax records and to stay on top of current tax requirements. These instructions contain information that can help you do both; the instructions list free publications you can order and give toll-free numbers you can call for answers to your specific questions.

Most tax problems can be resolved informally. If your refund is late, call our toll-free refund information number; if you receive a tax deficiency notice that you think is in error, promptly call the number listed on the notice. These instructions also list a toll-free number for ordering any forms you might need.

Our representatives will, depending upon the nature of your complaint, either give you the address and phone number of the Problem Resolution Officer in your area, or refer your complaint for further investigation and analysis.

Our Problem Resolution Officers are available to assist you when you have repeatedly attempted to clear up a difficulty and you have been unable to do so.

Problem Resolution Officers help remedy specific taxpayer circumstances that have not been resolved through routine departmental procedures.

# **Penalties and interest**

**Interest** — will be charged on income tax that is not paid on or before the due date of your return, even if you received an extension of time to file your return. Interest is a charge for the use of money and in most cases may not be waived. Interest is compounded daily and the rate is adjusted quarterly.

If you are due a refund, you may also be entitled to receive interest on your overpayment. Interest is compounded daily and the rate is adjusted quarterly. If the refund is made within 45 days after the due date of your return, no interest will be paid. If you file your return after the due date (including extensions), no interest will be paid if the refund is made within 45 days after the date you filed. If the refund is not made within this 45-day period, interest will be paid from the due date of the return or from the date you filed, whichever is later. However, interest will not be paid to you:

- on the portion of your refund that is attributable to the real property tax credit, earned income credit, child and dependent care credit, or City of New York school tax credit; or
- if your return cannot be processed.

To be processed, your return must show your name, address, social security number, signature and the information needed to mathematically verify your tax liability.

Late filing penalty — If you file late, you will be charged a penalty of 5% of the tax due for each month, or part of a month, the return is late, up to a maximum of 25%, unless you extend the time to file or attach to your return an explanation showing reasonable cause for the delay. If your return is more than 60 days late, this penalty will not be less than the lesser of \$100 or 100% of the amount required to be shown as tax due on the return reduced by any tax paid and by any credit that may be claimed. For information on

Only a relative handful of tax problems fail to be resolved by these informal means. However, if you are issued a *Notice of Deficiency* or a refund denial and you feel that the Tax Department has made a mistake, you still have a number of options available to you:

- You can request a conciliation conference through the Bureau of Conciliation and Mediation Services. The conference is conducted informally by a conferee who issues an order that is binding on the Tax Department, but not on you (you can appeal by filing a petition for a formal hearing, as explained below). To set up a conference, get a *Request for Conciliation Conference* by calling toll free 1 800 462-8100 or by writing to the Bureau of Conciliation and Mediation Services, NYS Tax Department, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227.
- You can file a petition for a **Tax Appeals** hearing. The hearing is held before an administrative law judge, and both you and the Tax Department may appeal the judge's decision to the Tax Appeals Tribunal. The Tax Department cannot seek a review of the Tribunal's decision, but you can by instituting an Article 78 proceeding in the Appellate

Division of the State Supreme Court. You can get the petition forms by writing to the Division of Tax Appeals, Riverfront Professional Tower, 500 Federal Street, 4th Floor, Troy NY 12180-2894.

You can request a small claims hearing before an impartial presiding officer if the disputed amount is within certain dollar limitations set by the Rules of Practice and Procedure. The presiding officer's decision is final, but at any time before the end of the small claims hearing, you can request a transfer to a formal hearing before an administrative law judge. A copy of the Rules of Practice and Procedure will be sent to you when you request a petition form as explained in the following paragraphs.

Regardless of which appeal option you exercise, you may appear on your own behalf or you may have an authorized representative present your case for review. An authorized representative must have Power of Attorney from you in order to appear on your behalf. Further, your representative must be in compliance with the Ethics in Government Act which restricts appearances by former Tax Department employees. A summary of these restrictions is included on the back of Form DTF-14, *Power of Attorney (Individual)*.

filing an extension of time to file your return, see *When to File* on page 6 of these instructions.

Late payment penalty — If you do not pay your tax when due, you will be charged a penalty of ½ of 1% of the unpaid amount for each month or part of a month it is not paid, up to a maximum of 25%. This penalty is in addition to the interest charged for late payments.

This penalty may not be charged if you attach to your return an explanation showing reasonable cause for paying late.

If you figure your tax incorrectly — You may have to pay a penalty if the tax you report on your return is **less** than your correct tax. If you are off by more than 10% or \$2,000, whichever is more, you may have to pay this penalty. The penalty is 10% of the difference between the tax you reported and the tax you actually owe.

**Negligence penalty** — If your return does not show all of the tax imposed under the Tax Law, its rules or regulations, due to negligence or intentional disregard but not with intent to defraud, you will be charged a penalty of 5% of any deficient amount. In general, a deficiency is the difference between the correct tax and the tax shown on your return. In addition, 50% of the interest due on any underpayment resulting from negligence will be added to your tax.

**Fraudulent returns** — If any part of a deficiency is due to fraud, you will be charged a penalty of 50% of the deficiency. In general a deficiency is the difference between the correct tax and the tax shown on your return. In addition, 50% of the interest due on any deficiency resulting from a fraudulent act will be added to your tax.

**Frivolous returns** — A penalty of up to \$500 will be imposed on any person who files a frivolous tax return. A return is considered frivolous when it does not contain information needed to judge the correctness of the tax return, or reports

information that is obviously and substantially incorrect, and intended to delay or impede the administration of Article 22 of the Tax Law or the processing of the return. This penalty is added to any other penalty provided by law.

Failure of paid preparers to conform to certain requirements — A penalty of \$50 per return or claim for refund will be assessed a paid preparer for failure to comply with any of the following requirements:

- failure to sign the tax return or claim for refund;
- failure to include the identifying number of the paid preparer (if an individual paid preparer is an employee of an employer or a partner in a partnership that is a paid preparer, the return or claim for refund must also include the identifying number of the employer or partnership);
- failure to furnish a completed copy of the tax return or claim for refund to the taxpayer not later than the time the return is presented for the taxpayer's signature;
- failure to keep a completed copy of the return or claim for refund prepared for each taxpayer or to keep the name and identification number of each taxpayer for whom a return was prepared on a list and to make the copy or list available for inspection upon request.

The period for keeping a completed copy of the return or information on the list is three years after the due date of the return (not counting extensions) or three years after the date the return was presented to the taxpayer for signature, whichever is later.

For each of the requirements listed above, a paid preparer may be subject to a maximum penalty of \$25,000.



# Make Breast Cancer a Disease of the Past

Your gifts to the Breast Cancer Research and Education Fund now support 28 ground-breaking research projects in New York State. More dollars will support more studies that bring us closer to the cures and the prevention of breast cancer. Look for the line on your state tax form and write in a tax-deductible donation that could help put an end to this dreaded disease.



Your voluntary contribution helps the NYS Missing and Exploited Children Clearinghouse to provide direct assistance to parents, law enforcement

officials and others when searching for missing and abducted children. Contributions also support statewide dissemination of informational and educational materials, and advanced training for law enforcement officers in the area of missing, abducted and exploited children. Additional information, including a listing of all available services, can be obtained by contacting the Clearinghouse at **1 800 FIND-KID** or via the Internet

(http://criminaljustice.state.ny.us)

# Don't delay your refund

We want to send your refund to you as soon as possible. You can help us by filing an error-free return. Be sure that you have checked your correct filing status, and that you have signed your return and attached your wage and tax



# Lake Placid Olympic Training Center Fund

New York State is home to one of just three U.S. Olympic Training Centers. The \$16 million Lake Placid complex, constructed by the New York State Olympic Regional Development Authority, features 96 hotel-style

rooms, a gymnasium, sports medicine, weight training and dining facilities. Your voluntary contribution on your tax return to the Olympic Training Center fund will help provide the necessary facilities for America's Olympic hopefuls. The Lake Placid training center is used principally by the Olympic winter sports of bobsled, biathlon, luge, speed skating, figure skating, ice hockey and skiing, as well as certain summer Olympic sports.

statements so that we do not have to send your return back to you. Please check the figures on your return and carefully follow Steps 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 on pages 13 and 14 of these instructions.

Telephone assistance is available from 8:30 a.m. to

4:25 p.m. (eastern time), Monday through Friday.

(Automated service for refund status is available

24 hours a day, seven days a week.)

Internet access: http://www.tax.state.ny.us

(for forms, publications, your refund status, and other

# **Need help?**

1 800 225-5829

1 800 462-8100

(518) 485-6800

1 800 748-3676

(electronically filed) 1 800 353-0708 (direct deposit) 1 800 321-3213

(all others) 1 800 443-3200



Hotline for the hearing and speech impaired: 1 800 634-2110 from 8:30 a.m. to 4:25 p.m. (eastern time), Monday through Friday. If you do not own a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD), check with independent living centers or community action programs to find out where machines are available for public use.



**Persons with disabilities:** In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, we will ensure that our lobbies, offices, meeting rooms, and other facilities are accessible to persons with disabilities. If you have questions about special accommodations for persons with disabilities, please call 1 800 225-5829.



If you need to write, address your letter to: NYS TAX DEPARTMENT TAXPAYER ASSISTANCE BUREAU TAXPAYER CORRESPONDENCE W A HARRIMAN CAMPUS ALBANY NY 12227

# Earned income credit

For tax information:

Refund status:

outside Canada:

7 days a week)

information)

Fax-on-demand forms:

(available 24 hours a day.

To order forms and publications:

From areas outside the U.S. and

New York State is providing an earned income credit (EIC) based on the federal earned income credit. Like the federal credit, New York's earned income credit is meant to assist lower-income workers, especially those with families. The program provides incentives to work while bolstering families under economic hardship. The credit can be used to reduce a household's tax liability, and in many cases, may totally offset the income tax and even provide a refundable payment. To claim New York's earned income credit, you must be eligible for and claim the federal credit.

# **Direct deposit**

www

You can now have your tax refund deposited directly into your bank account. That way, there is no check to get lost or stolen. You'll

have your refund a day or two faster than by mail, and it's more convenient, since you won't have to go to your bank to deposit your check. For more information, see the instructions for *Direct deposit* on page 13 of these instructions.

# How to avoid mistakes that slow down the processing of your return and refund

#### Public employee contributions must be entered on line 9.

If you are a Tier 3 or Tier 4 member of the New York State and Local Retirement Systems (including the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Policemen's and Firemen's Retirement System), New York State Teachers' Retirement System, or an employee of the State or City University of New York who belongs to the Optional Retirement Program or any tier member of the New York City Employees' Retirement System, the New York City Teachers' Retirement System, the New York City Board of Education Retirement System, the New York City Police Pension Fund or the New York City Fire Department Pension Fund, or employees of the Manhattan and Bronx Surface Transportation Operating Authority, you must enter the amount of public employee 414(h) retirement contributions you made in 1999 on line 9.

#### New York City IRC 125 flexible benefits program must be entered on line 10.

IRC Section 125 amounts deducted or deferred from your salary under a flexible benefits program established by the city of New York and certain other New York City public employers must be entered on line 10 of Form IT-200.

#### Be sure to check either the Yes or No box at Item D.

Item D asks whether or not you can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return. Be sure to check either the Yes or No box, especially if you are single, since the answer determines the amount of standard deduction allowed.

#### Complete the New York Dependent Exemption Worksheet on page 10 and enter the line c number on line 15.

Some taxpayers make the mistake of entering their federal exemptions on line 15. Federal exemptions may include both personal and dependent exemptions. Only **dependent** exemptions are allowed on your New York State return.

#### Nonobligated spouses should attach Form IT-280 to the front of their returns.

If you are a nonobligated spouse who is filing Form IT-280 to disclaim your spouse's debt, use the original Form IT-280. Do not use a photocopy. Nonobligated spouses filing Form IT-280 cannot file Form IT-100, Resident Fast Form Income Tax Return.

#### Check the New York Standard Deduction Table on page 9 and make sure that you have claimed the correct standard deduction for your filing status on line 14.

#### Use the correct New York tax table.

Some taxpayers erroneously use the city tax table to determine their state tax, and vice versa.

#### Enter your refund or amount you owe on the correct line of your return.

• Taxpayers sometimes enter the amount they owe on the **refund** line (line 42) instead of on the **amount you owe** line (line 43). If you owe tax, enter this amount on the correct line and pay this amount when you file your return to avoid a bill for the tax owed plus interest and possible penalty.

# **Notes and computations**

# **Instructions for Preparing Fast Form IT-100**

# Step 1

Get your tax records together – If you received a salary or wages, get all your 1999 wage and tax statement(s) together. These will be either New York State Form IT-2102 or federal Form W-2. Only your employer can issue or correct these forms. If you have not received your wage and tax statement(s) by February 15, or if the form you received is incorrect, contact your employer.

Much of the information you need for Fast Form IT-100 comes from your federal return. Where possible, we have provided the specific line numbers on the federal form from which you can copy this information.

If you did not have to file a federal return but you must file a New York return, use the federal instructions to determine your filing status, the number of federal exemptions you may claim and your income and adjustments to income.

# Step 2

Fill in your return – Fill in Fast Form IT-100 using the following line instructions. Print your numbers inside the boxes. Do not use dollar signs. Leave blank any line that does not apply to you. Please write like this:

# 1234567890 X

After completing all items that apply to you, continue with Step 3 on the next page.

# **IT-100 line instructions**

All information on your return, except for your present address, must be for the calendar year January 1 through December 31, 1999.

We will figure your tax and send you a refund or a bill for any additional tax you owe. We will also send a statement showing how we figured your tax. If you do owe additional tax, you must pay it by April 17, 2000 (April 18, 2000, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, Mass.), or within twenty-one days of the date of your bill, whichever is later.

Name and address box – Do not write in this box or attach your peel-off label until you have completed and checked your return. Step 4 on the next page will tell you how to complete this section.

# Item (A)

Filing status — Show your filing status by putting an X in one box. If you filed a federal return, your filing status is the same. If you did not have to file a federal return, use the same filing status that you would have used for federal income tax purposes.

Joint and several tax liability – If you file a joint return, both you and your spouse are generally responsible for the tax and any interest or penalties due on the return. This means that if one spouse does not pay the tax due, the other may have to.

However, you may qualify for relief from liability for tax on a joint return if (1) there is an understatement of tax because your spouse omitted income or claimed false deductions or credits, (2) you are divorced, separated, or no longer living with your spouse, or (3) given all the facts and circumstances, it would be unfair to hold you liable for the tax. See new Form IT-285, *Request for Innocent Spouse Relief*, for more information.

New Form IT-285 is used only for innocent spouse relief under the three circumstances

stated above. If you want to disclaim your spouse's past-due support or a past-due legally enforceable debt to the Internal Revenue Service or a New York State agency because you do not want to apply your part of a joint refund or refundable credit to a debt owed solely by your spouse, use Form IT-280, *Nonobligated Spouse Allocation*. Form IT-280 must be completed and attached to the front of your original return when filed. (See *Disclaiming of spouse's debt* on page 12.)

# Item (B)

**Can you be claimed as a dependent?** — If you can be claimed as a dependent on another taxpayer's federal return, put an **X** in the *Yes* box. If not, put an **X** in the *No* box.

# Item (C)

Were you a resident of the city of New York for all of 1999? — If you were a city of New York resident for all of 1999, put an X in the Yes box. If not, put an X in the No box. If you were a resident for part of the year, you must use Form IT-201.

If you were not a resident of New York City for any part of the year but earned wages there during the period of January 1, 1999, through June 30, 1999, you must use Form IT-200.

# Item (D)

### City of New York residents only:

(1) Were you 65 or older on Jan. 1, 2000? – If you were 65 or older, check the Yes box. If not, check the *No* box.

(2) Was your spouse 65 or older on Jan. 1, 2000? – If you were married and marked an X in box 2 of Item A (married filing joint return) and your spouse was 65 or older, check the Yes box. If your spouse was not 65 or older, check the *No* box.

We need this information to compute your New York City school tax credit.

If you were not a resident of New York City, do not make entries in these boxes.

# Item (E)

Were you a resident of the city of Yonkers for all of 1999? – If you were a city of Yonkers resident for all of 1999, put an X in the Yes box. If not, put an X in the No box. If you were a resident for part of the year, you must use Form IT-201.

If you were not a resident of Yonkers for any part of the year but earned wages there, you must use Form IT-200.

The information for **lines 1 through 7** should be the same as on your federal return. If you did not have to file a federal return, report the same information that you would have reported if you had filed one.

If you filed your federal return by telephone (Telefile), report the same information on Form IT-100 that you would have reported if you had filed your federal return on paper.

# Line 1

Number of federal exemptions – Enter the number of exemptions claimed on your federal return. If you filed your federal return using Telefile enter 1. We will figure the number of your dependent exemptions that you can claim, since personal exemptions for you and your spouse, if you are married, are not allowed on your New York State return.

# Line 2

Wages, salaries, tips, etc. – Enter the total wages, salaries and tips you reported on your 1999 federal return. Include all wages, salaries and tips even if they were not reported by your employer on a wage and tax statement.

# Line 3

**Taxable interest income** – Enter the taxable interest income reported on your federal return.

# Line 4

Interest income on U.S. government bonds – Enter any interest income on bonds or other obligations of the United States government that you included on line 3.

Interest income on U.S. government bonds is not subject to New York State income tax.

Therefore, any amount entered on line 4 will reduce your tax liability.

# Line 5

Ordinary dividends – Enter the ordinary dividends reported on your federal return.

# Line 6

**Unemployment compensation** – Enter the unemployment compensation reported on your federal return.

# Line 7

Individual retirement arrangement (IRA) deduction – Enter the IRA deduction from your federal return.

# Line 8

Return a Gift to Wildlife – If you want to – Return a Gift to Wildlife, enter the amount. It must be in whole dollars: \$5, \$10, \$20 or any other dollar amount. Your gift will reduce your refund or increase your tax payment. You cannot change the amount you give after you file your return.

# Line 9

U.S. Olympic Committee/Lake Placid Olympic Training Center Fund – If you want to contribute to the United States Olympic Committee/Lake Placid Olympic Training Center Fund, enter \$2 (\$4 if your spouse also wants to contribute and you are filing jointly). Your gift will reduce your refund or increase your tax payment. You cannot change the amount you give after you file your return.

# Line 10

Gift for Breast Cancer Research and Education – If you want to give a gift for breast cancer research and education, enter the amount. It must be in whole dollars: \$5, \$10, \$20 or any other dollar amount. Your gift will reduce your refund or increase your tax payment. You cannot change the amount you give after you file your return.

# Line 11

Gift for Missing and Exploited Children Clearinghouse Fund – If you want to give a gift to the Missing and Exploited Children Clearinghouse Fund, enter the amount. It must be in whole dollars: \$5, \$10, \$20 or any other dollar amount. Your gift will reduce your refund or increase your tax payment. You cannot change the amount you give after you file your return.

## Line 12

Amount of federal earned income credit – You must have claimed the federal earned income credit in order to claim the New York State earned income credit. Enter the amount of federal earned income credit from federal Form 1040EZ, line 8a; Form 1040A, line 37a; or Form 1040, line 59a and complete the *Claim for Earned Income Credit for IT-100 Filers* on the back of Form IT-100. Do **not** complete and file Form IT-215, *Claim for Earned Income Credit*.

If you are claiming the federal earned income credit and you are having the IRS compute the credit for you, **do not** enter an amount on line 12. Write *EIC* in the area to the left of line 12 and complete the *Claim for Earned Income Credit for IT-100 Filers* on the back of Form IT-100.

# Line 13

#### Amount of federal child and dependent care

**credit** – If you filed federal Schedule 2, *Child* and Dependent Care Expenses, and claimed the credit on your federal return, enter the amount of the federal credit on line 13 and complete the *Claim for Child* and Dependent *Care Credit for IT-100 Filers* on the back of Form IT-100.

If you did not file federal Schedule 2, you may still be entitled to a New York State child and dependent care credit. Complete the *Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit for IT-100 Filers* on the back of Form IT-100, and if you are entitled to a New York State child and dependent care credit, we will compute it for you. For additional information, see *Instructions for Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit for IT-100 Filers* starting on page 5.

Do **not** complete and file Form IT-216, *Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit.* 

# Lines 14, 15, and 16

The information for lines 14, 15, and 16 is from your wage and tax statement(s), New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2). The amounts you enter on these lines should be the same as the total New York State, city of New York and city of Yonkers tax withheld shown on your wage and tax statements. Be sure to attach these statements to your return as explained in Step 6, *Attachments*, on the next page.

## Line 14

**New York State tax withheld** – Enter the total New York State tax withheld as shown on your New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2). Married couples must enter their combined New York State tax withheld.

# Line 15

**City of New York tax withheld** – Enter the total city of New York tax withheld as shown on your New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2). Married couples must enter their combined city of New York tax withheld.

# Line 16

**City of Yonkers tax withheld** – Enter the total city of Yonkers tax withheld as shown on your New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2). Married couples must enter their combined city of Yonkers tax withheld.

# **Direct deposit**

Complete lines 1a through 1c on the back of your return if you want us to deposit your refund (the total of any credit and refund amounts) computed on your return directly into your bank account.

On line 1a, enter the routing number shown on the checks issued by your bank (see sample check on this page). The routing number **must** be nine digits. If the first two digits are not 01 through 12, or 21 through 32, the direct deposit will be rejected and a check sent instead. On the sample check on this page, the routing number is 090090099.

Your check may state that it is payable through a bank different from the one where you have your checking account. If so, do not use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your bank for the correct routing number to enter on this line.

On line 1b, check the box for the type of account, checking or savings.

On line 1c, enter your account number shown on your checks (see sample check on this page). The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank. On the sample check on this page, the number is 1357902468.

We will send you a written explanation of how we computed your tax. Any refund that you may be entitled to will be reflected in your bank statement.

We will make every effort to comply with your request for direct deposit. However, we cannot be responsible when a bank refuses a direct deposit. Some financial institutions, for example, do not allow a joint refund to be deposited into an individual account. If your bank refuses the direct deposit or the deposit cannot be made for any other reason, we will send a check to the mailing address shown on your return. If you encounter any problem with the direct deposit of your refund to your account, call toll free 1 800 321-3213. The processing time for an income tax return is approximately six to eight weeks.

## (Now continue with Step 3 below.)

# Step 3

Check the figures on your return.

# Step 4

**Complete the top of your return** – If you have your peel-off label (it is inside the income tax packet that was mailed to you), place it in the name and address box at the top of your return.

- If any information on the peel-off label is incorrect, cross it out and make the corrections directly on the label.
- If the information on your peel-off label is correct, do **not** enter your social security number, New York State county of residence, school district name or school district code number in the spaces at the top of your Form IT-100.

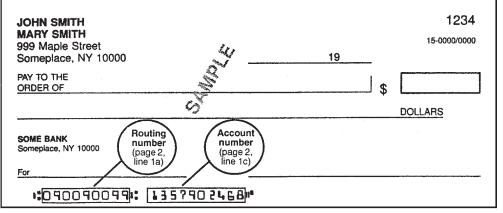
If you do not have a peel-off label, enter the following in the spaces at the top of your return:

- your social security number (and your spouse's social security number if you are married);
- your first name, middle initial and last name (and, if you are married filing a joint return, your spouse's first name, middle initial and last name). Please keep your name and address entries within the spaces provided. For example, your first name and middle initial should not go past the vertical line separating them from your last name, and your last name should start to the right of the vertical line. Similarly, your mailing address, ZIP code, etc., should be kept within the boxes provided;
- your address
- your New York State county of residence (on December 31, 1999);
- your school district name and code number — Enter the name and code number of your public school district. This is the district where you were a resident on December 31, 1999. School districts and code numbers are listed, by county, in the instructions for Forms IT-200 and Form IT-201. If you do not know the name of your school district, contact your nearest public school.

You must enter the name of your school district and code number even if you were absent from your school district temporarily, if your children did not attend the school in your school district, or if you had no children attending school. School aid may be affected if the school district code number is not correct.

 permanent home address — Enter your permanent home address within New York State on December 31, 1999, if it is not the same as your mailing address.

We ask for your permanent home address to verify your school district name and code number, which are used in figuring state aid to local school districts.



Note: The routing and account numbers may appear in different places on your check.

Your permanent home address is the address of the dwelling place in New York State where you actually live, whether you or your spouse own or rent it. A summer or vacation home is not your permanent home.

Your permanent home address is not always the same as the mailing address on your income tax return. For example, you may use a post office box number for your mailing address; this is not your permanent home address.

If you are a permanent resident of a nursing home, enter the nursing home address as your permanent home address.

If you are in the armed forces and your permanent home was in New York State when you entered the military, enter your New York permanent home address regardless of where you are stationed.

If you moved after December 31, 1999, enter your permanent home address as of December 31, 1999, **not** your current home address.

# Step 5

Your return cannot be processed if you do not sign it. If you are married, you both must sign it. Sign and date your return at the bottom.

Enter your daytime telephone number including the area code. This voluntary entry will enable the Tax Department to correct minor errors or omissions by calling you rather than writing or sending back your return. You are not required to give your telephone number.

# Step 6

Attachments – You can help us process your return faster (and your refund, if you're entitled to one) by stapling your wage and tax statement(s), New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2) to the back of your Form IT-100. Please staple it twice, through the front, along the top edge of the form. If you are enclosing any correspondence with your return, please clip it to the front of Form IT-100.

# Step 7

#### Checklist

Before you mail your return, a quick check will help you avoid common errors that may delay your refund. **Did you:** 

- apply the peel-off label from your income tax packet? If you did not receive one, did you enter your social security number(s), name, address, county of residence and school district name and code number at the top of your return?
- enter your permanent home address (if different from your mailing address)?
- check appropriate boxes for items (A) through (E)?
- enter the number of your federal exemptions?
- claim the IRA deduction, child care credit or earned income credit (if you qualify)?
- sign your return?
- complete the direct deposit section on the back of the return if you want any refund deposited.
- attach your wage and tax statement(s), New York State Form IT-2102 (Copy 1) or federal Form W-2 (Copy 2)?

# Step 8

File your return as soon as you can after January 1, 2000, but not later than April 17, 2000. (If you are required to file your 1999 federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, Mass., the deadline to file your New York State return is April 18, 2000.) **To avoid penalty and interest. Mail your return to: STATE PROCESSING CENTER, PO BOX 61000, ALBANY NY 12261-0001.** 

### **Private Delivery Services**

If you choose, you may use a private delivery service, instead of the U.S. Postal Service, to file your return. However, if, at a later date, you need to establish the date you filed your return, you cannot use the date recorded by a private delivery service **unless** you used a delivery service that has been designated by the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury or the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance. If you have used a designated private delivery service and need to establish the date of delivery, contact that private delivery service for instructions on how to obtain written proof of the date of delivery. If you use **any** private delivery service, whether it is a designated service or not, address your return to: **State Processing Center, 431C Broadway, Albany NY 12204.** 

The current designated private delivery services are:

- 1. Airborne Express (Airborne): Overnight Air Express Service Next Afternoon Service Second Day Service
- 2. DHL Worldwide Express (DHL): DHL Same Day Service
- Federal Express (FedEx): FedEx Priority Overnight FedEx Standard Overnight FedEx 2 Day
- FedEx 2 Day
  United Parcel Service (UPS): UPS Next Day Air UPS Next Day Air Saver UPS 2nd Day Air UPS 2nd Day Air A.M.

#### Don't delay your refund

We want to send your refund to you as soon as possible. You can help us by filing an error-free return. Be sure that you have checked your correct filing status and that you have signed your return and attached your wage and tax statements so that we do not have to send your return back to you. Please check the figures on your return and carefully follow steps 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 beginning on the previous page.

#### Make sure you receive your refund

Every year about 40,000 refund checks are returned to the Tax Department, largely because of mailing address problems. Many of these checks eventually reach their owners after this delay, but many others never do, despite our best efforts.

You can receive your refund check without delay. Please remember these important points:

- We mail the refund to the address shown on the return.
- Don't assume that we already have your correct address. Check it.
- Use the label supplied with the return whenever possible. Make any corrections directly on the label; see the form's instructions for details.
- Make sure the address is complete- include c/o if necessary, and P.O. Box and apartment numbers, if any.
- If you're moving, notify the U.S. Postal Service of the new address.
- If you use a computer, make sure your software is printing your address properly.
- Make sure everything is legible.
- If some one else is preparing your return, make sure they have your correct address.

# Instructions for claim for earned income credit for IT-100 filers

# Line 3

You cannot claim the earned income credit if your investment income is more than \$2,350. For most people, investment income is the total of the following amounts:

- Taxable interest (line 8a of Form 1040A).
- Tax-exempt interest (line 8b of Form 1040A).
- Ordinary dividends (line 9 of Form 1040A).

## Line 4

List the name, social security number and year of birth for the qualifying child(ren) for whom you are claiming the federal earned income credit. Also, be sure to place an **X** in the box under the heading *Person with disability* if the qualifying person had a disability and was incapable of caring for himself or herself during 1999.

# Instructions for claim for child and dependent care credit for IT-100 filers

#### Who qualifies

You may claim the New York State child and dependent care credit even if you did not claim the federal child and dependent care credit on federal Form 2441. However, to claim the New York credit, you must qualify to claim the federal credit. To qualify and to use Form IT-100, you must meet all of the following federal requirements.

- 1. Your filing status is Single, Head of Household, Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child, or Married filing jointly.
- The care was provided so you (and your spouse, if you were married) could work or look for work. However, if you did not find a job and have no earned income for the year, you cannot take the credit. If your spouse was a student or disabled, see the line 13 instructions on the next page.
- You (and your spouse, if you were married) paid over half the cost of keeping up your home. The cost includes rent, mortgage interest, real estate taxes, utilities, home repairs, and food eaten at home.
- 4. You and the qualified person(s) lived in the same home.
- 5. The person who provided the care was not your spouse or a person whom you can claim as a dependent. If your child provided the care, he or she must have been age 19 or older by the end of 1999.

# In addition to the above federal requirements, to claim the New York State child and dependent care credit you must:

 file (or have filed) a New York State return for 1999; and complete the Claim for Child and Dependent Care Credit for IT-100 Filers section on the back of Form IT-100.

If you are a resident, you may qualify for a refund of any child and dependent care credit in excess of your New York State tax liability.

# Important terms

### A qualifying person is:

- Any child under age 13 whom you can claim as a dependent (but see *Exception* for children of divorced or separated parents on the next page). If the child turned 13 during the year, the child is a qualifying person for the part of the year he or she was under age 13.

#### 22 Instructions for Preparing Fast Form IT-100

- Your disabled spouse who is not able to care for himself or herself.
- Any disabled person not able to care for himself or herself who you can claim as a dependent for federal purposes (or could claim as a dependent for federal purposes, except that the person had gross income of \$2,750 or more). If this person is your child, see *Exception for children of divorced or separated parents* below. To find out who is a dependent, see the instructions for federal Form 1040 or 1040A, line 6c.

**Caution:** To be a qualifying person, the person **must** have shared the same home with you in 1999.

Exception for children of divorced or separated parents – If you were divorced, legally separated, or lived apart from your spouse during the last 6 months of 1999, you may be able to take the credit or the exclusion even if your child is not your dependent. If your child is not your dependent, he or she is a qualifying person only if **all five** of the following apply:

- 1. You had custody of the child for a longer time in 1999 than the other parent. For the definition of custody, see federal Publication 501, *Exemptions, Standard Deduction, and Filing Information.*
- 2. One or both of the parents provided over half of the child's support in 1999.
- 3. One or both of the parents had custody of the child for more than half of 1999.
- 4. The child was under age 13 or was disabled and could not care for himself or herself.
- 5. The other parent claims the child as a dependent because:
  - as the custodial parent, you signed federal Form 8332, Release of Claim to Exemption for Child of Divorced or Separated Parents, or a similar statement agreeing not to claim the child's exemption for 1999, or
- your divorce decree or written agreement went into effect before 1985 and states that the other parent can claim the child as a dependent, and the other parent gave at least \$600 for the child's support in 1999. This rule does not apply if your decree or agreement was changed after 1984 to say that the other parent cannot claim the child as a dependent.

**Dependent care benefits** – include amounts your employer paid directly to either you or your care provider for the care of your qualifying person(s) while you worked. These benefits also include the fair market value of care in a day-care facility provided or sponsored by your employer. Your salary may have been reduced to pay for these benefits. If you received dependent care benefits, they should be shown in box 10 of your 1999 federal W-2 form(s).

**Qualified expenses** – include amounts paid for household services and care of the qualifying person(s) while you worked or looked for work. Child support payments are **not** qualified expenses. Also, expenses reimbursed by a state social service agency are **not** qualified expenses unless you included the reimbursement in your income.

*Household services* – are services needed to care for the qualifying person as well as to run the home. They include, for example, the services of a cook, maid, babysitter, housekeeper, or cleaning person if the services were partly for the care of the qualifying person(s). Do not include services of a chauffeur or gardener.

You may also include your share of the employment taxes paid on wages for qualifying child and dependent care services.

*Care of the qualifying person* – includes the cost of services for the qualifying person's well-being and protection. It does not include the cost of clothing or entertainment.

You may include the cost of care provided outside your home for your dependent under age 13 or any other qualifying person(s) who regularly spends at least 8 hours a day in your home. If the care was provided by a dependent care center, the center must meet all applicable state and local regulations. A **dependent care center** is a place that provides care for more than six persons (other than persons who live there) and receives a fee, payment, or grant for providing services for any of those persons, even if the center is not run for profit.

You may include amounts paid for food and schooling **only** if these items are part of the total care and cannot be separated from the total cost. But **do not** include the cost of schooling for a child in the first grade or above. Also, **do not** include any expenses for sending your child to an overnight camp.

Some disabled spouse and dependent care expenses may qualify as *medical expenses* if you itemize deductions on federal Schedule A (Form 1040). For more information on qualifying medical expenses, see federal Publication 503, *Child and Dependent Care Expenses*, and Publication 502, *Medical and Dental Expenses*.

# Line 8

List the name, amount of qualified expenses paid in 1999, social security number and year of birth for the qualifying persons for whom you are claiming the New York State child and dependent care credit. Also, be sure to place an X in the box under the heading *Person with disability* if the qualifying person was permanently disabled during 1999.

### Line 10

Complete columns (A) through (D) for each person or organization that provided the care. If you have more than two providers, list the information on a separate sheet. You can use federal Form W-10, Dependent Care Provider's Identification and Certification, or any other source listed in its instructions to get the information from the care provider. If you do not give correct or complete information, your credit (and exclusion, if applicable) may be disallowed unless you can show you used due diligence (a serious and earnest effort) in trying to get the required information.

You can show that you used due diligence by keeping in your records a federal W-10 completed by the care provider. Or you may keep one of the other sources of information listed in the instructions for Form W-10. If the provider does not give you the information, complete the entries you can on line 10. For example, enter the provider's name and address. Write **see attached** in the columns for which you do not have the information. Then, on a separate sheet, explain that the provider did not give you the information you requested.

Columns (A) and (B). Enter the care provider's name and address. If you were covered by your employer's dependent care plan and your employer furnished the care (either at your workplace or by hiring a care provider), enter your employer's name in column (A). Next, write *see W-2* in column (B). Then leave columns (C) and (D) blank. If your employer paid a third party (not hired by your employer) on your behalf to provide the care, you must give information on the third party in columns (A) through (D).

**Column (C).** If the care provider is an individual, enter his or her social security number (SSN). Otherwise enter the provider's employer identification number (EIN). If the provider is a tax-exempt organization, write *tax-exempt* in column (C).

**Column (D).** Enter the total amount you **actually paid** in 1999 to the care provider. Also, include amounts your employer paid to a third party on your behalf. It does not matter when the expenses were incurred. Do not reduce this amount by any reimbursement you received.

### Line 11

Enter the amount of **qualified expenses** you incurred and paid in 1999 only. Do not enter more than \$2,400 (one qualifying person) or \$4,800 (two or more qualifying persons). If you had qualified prior year expenses for 1998 that you didn't pay until 1999, write **PYE** and the amount of the expenses on the dotted line next to line 11.

# Line 12

Enter only your earned income on line 12 (do not include your spouse's). Earned Income is generally your wages, salaries, tips, and other employee compensation. Earned income does not include a scholarship or fellowship grant if you did not get a wage and tax statement (federal Form W-2) for it. Earned income also includes certain nontaxable earned income such as meals and lodging provided for the convenience of your employer. For more information, see federal Publication 503, *Child* and Dependent Care Expenses. However, including nontaxable earned income will only give you a larger credit if your other earned income (and your spouse's, if filing a joint return) is less than the qualified expenses entered on line 11 on the back of Form IT-100.

If you are **filing a joint federal return**, disregard community property laws. If your spouse died in 1999 and had no earned income, see federal Publication 503. If your spouse was a student or disabled in 1999, see the line 13 instructions below.

## Line 13

If you are filing your return using filing status @, Married filing joint return, enter **only your spouse's** earned income on line 13. If you are using any other filing status, enter the amount from line 12 on line 13.

Spouse who was a student or disabled. Your spouse was a student if he or she was enrolled as a full-time student at a school during any 5 months of 1999. Your spouse was **disabled** if he or she was not capable of self-care. Figure your spouse's earned income on a monthly basis.

For each month or part of a month your spouse was a student or was disabled, he or she is considered to have worked and earned income. His or her earned income for each month is considered to be at least \$200 (\$400 if more than one qualifying person was cared for in 1999). If your spouse also worked during that month, use the higher of \$200 (or \$400) or his or her actual earned income for the month. If, in the same month, both you and your spouse were either students or disabled, this rule applies to only one of you for that month.

For any month that your spouse was not disabled or a student, use your spouse's actual earned income if he or she worked during the month.

# Real property tax credit

If your household gross income was \$18,000 or less, you may be entitled to a credit on your New York State income tax return for part of the real property taxes or rent you paid during 1999. If you do not have to file a return, you can file for a refund of the credit by using Form IT-214 only.

# Who qualifies

**Homeowners** — To qualify for the real property tax credit, you have to meet all of these conditions for the taxable year 1999:

- your household gross income was \$18,000 or less;
- you occupied the same New York residence for six months or more;
- you or your spouse paid real property taxes on your residence;
- you were a New York State resident for all of 1999;
- you could not be claimed as a dependent on someone else's federal income tax return;
- your residence was not completely exempted from real property taxes;
- the current market value of all your real property (house(s), garage(s), land, etc.) was \$85,000 or less;
- any rent you received for nonresidential use of your residence (see *Definitions* below) was 20% or less of the total rent you received.

**Renters** — To qualify for the real property tax credit, you have to meet all of these conditions for the taxable year 1999:

- your household gross income was \$18,000 or less;
- you occupied the same New York residence for six months or more;
- you or your spouse paid rent for your residence;
- you were a New York State resident for all of 1999;
- you could not be claimed as a dependent on someone else's federal income tax return;
- your residence was not completely exempted from real property taxes;
- the average monthly rent you and other members of your household paid was \$450 or less, not counting charges for heat, gas, electricity, furnishings or board.

If you meet all of these conditions as a homeowner or renter, you are a qualified taxpayer and may be entitled to the real property tax credit.

You cannot file a real property tax credit claim form for a taxpayer who has died.

# Definitions

All who share your residence and its furnishings, facilities and accommodations are **members of your household,** whether they are related to you or not.

However, tenants, subtenants, roomers or boarders are not members of your household unless they are related to you in one of the following ways:

- a son, daughter or a descendent of either;
- a stepson or stepdaughter;

- a brother, sister, stepbrother or stepsister;
- a father, mother or an ancestor of either;
- a stepfather or stepmother;
- a niece or nephew;
- an aunt or uncle;
- a son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law or sister-in-law.

No one can be a member of more than one household at one time.

Household gross income is the annual total of the following income items that you and all members of your household received during 1999:

- Federal adjusted gross income (even if you don't have to file a federal return).
- New York State additions to federal adjusted gross income. For a list of these additions, see Publication 22, General Information on New York State's Real Property Tax Credit for Homeowners and Renters, or the instructions for Form IT-201. For Form IT-200 filers, the New York State additions to federal adjusted gross income are shown on Form IT-200, line 9, Public employee 414(h) retirement contributions and line 10, IRC 125 amounts from the New York City flexible benefits program. See instructions for Form IT-200.
- Support money, including foster care support payments.
- Income earned abroad exempted by section 911 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- Supplemental security income (SSI) payments.
- Nontaxable interest received from New York State, its agencies, instrumentalities, public corporations or political subdivisions.
- Workers' compensation.
- The gross amount of loss-of-time insurance. (For example, an accident or health insurance policy and disability benefits received under a "no-fault" automobile policy, etc.).
- Cash public assistance and relief, other than medical assistance for the needy. (For example, cash grants to clients, emergency aid to adults, value of food vouchers received by clients, etc.) Do not include amounts received from the Home Energy

Assistance Program (HEAP).

- Nontaxable strike benefits.
- The gross amount of pensions and annuities, including railroad retirement benefits;
- All payments received under the Social Security Act and veterans disability pensions reduced by any "Medicare premiums deducted from your benefit" reported on Federal Form SSA-1099, Social Security Benefit Statement.

Household gross income does not include food stamps, medicare, medicaid, scholarships, grants, surplus food, or other relief in kind. It also does not include payments made to veterans under the Federal Veterans' Dioxin and Radiation Exposure Compensation Standards Act because of exposure to herbicides containing dioxin (agent orange), or pursuant to certain agent orange product liability litigation.

Further, household gross income does not include payments made to individuals because of their status as victims of Nazi persecution as defined in federal Public Law 103-286.

A **residence** is a dwelling that you own or rent, and up to one acre of land around it. It must be located in New York State. If your residence is on more than one acre of land, only the amount of real property taxes or rent paid that applies to the residence and only one acre around it may be used to figure the credit. (If you do not know how much rent or real property tax you paid for the one acre surrounding your residence, contact your local assessor.) Each residence within a multiple dwelling unit may qualify. A condominium, a cooperative or a rental unit within a single dwelling is also a residence.

A trailer or mobile home that is used only for residential purposes is also a residence.

Real property taxes paid are all current, prior, and prepaid real property taxes, special ad valorem levies and assessments levied and paid upon a residence owned or previously owned by a qualified taxpayer (or spouse, if the spouse occupied the residence for at least six months) during the taxable year. You may elect to include real property taxes that are exempted from tax under section 467 (for persons 65 and older) of the Real Property Tax Law (veterans' tax exemption does **not** qualify). If you do not know this amount, contact your local assessor.

Real property taxes paid also include any real estate taxes allowed (or which would be allowable if the taxpayer had filed return on a cash basis) as a deduction for tenant-stockholders in a cooperative housing corporation under section 216 of the Internal Revenue Code.

If any part of your residence was owned by someone who was not a member of your household, include only the real property taxes paid that apply to the part you and other qualified members of your household own.

If your residence was part of a larger unit, include only the amount of real property taxes paid that can be reasonably applied to your residence.

If you owned and occupied more than one residence during the taxable year, add together the prorated part of real property taxes paid for the period you occupied each residence.

**Rent constituting real property taxes paid** is 25% of the adjusted rent paid on a New York residence during the taxable year.

Adjusted rent is the rent paid after subtracting any charges for heat, gas, electricity, furnishings or board. If these charges are not separately stated, complete lines 22 through 25 of Form IT-214 to figure 25% of adjusted rent. Do not include any subsidized part of your rental charge in adjusted rent.

If any part of your residence was rented by someone who was not a member of your household, include in line 22 of Form IT-214 only the amount of rent you and members of your household paid.

If you moved from one rented residence to another rented residence during the taxable year, add 25% of adjusted rent paid for each residence.

# Which form to file

To claim the real property tax credit, complete Form IT-214, Claim for Real Property Tax Credit, and attach it to Form IT-200 or Form IT-201 (You cannot claim this credit on Fast Form IT-100.) If neither you nor your spouse has to file a New York return but you qualify to claim the credit, just file Form IT-214 to claim your refundable credit.

If you are filing or have filed an original Form IT-214 without attaching it to another return, such as Form IT-200, please enter your daytime telephone number including the area code. This voluntary entry will enable the Tax Department to correct minor errors or omissions by calling you rather than writing or sending back your Form IT-214. You are not required to give your telephone number.

To file an amended Form IT-214, get a blank Form IT-214 for the tax year involved and write Amended at the top of the form. Complete the form by entering the corrected information.

If more than one member of your household qualifies for the credit, each must file a separate Form IT-214. See the line 17 instructions for division of the credit. However, if you are married and filing a joint tax return, you must file a joint claim on Form IT-214.

# When to file

If you are filing a New York State income tax return, attach Form IT-214 to it. File your New York State income tax return as soon as you can after January 1, 2000, but not later than April 17, 2000 (April 18, 2000, if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, Mass.)

If you don't have to file a New York State income tax return, file Form IT-214 as soon as you can after January 1, 2000.

If you have previously filed Form IT-200 or Form IT-201 without claiming the real property tax credit, you may still be able to claim the credit. To claim the credit, file Form IT-214 as soon as you can, but no later than April 15, 2003.

# Filing Form IT-214 for past years

If you did not file Form IT-214 for previous years, you may still be able to receive a real property tax credit for those years. To see if there is still time for you to file Form IT-214, see the table below:

Year	Last Date to File
1996	April 17, 2000
1997	April 16, 2001
1998	April 15, 2002

# Theed help?

Telephone assistance is available from 8:30 a.m. to 4:25 p.m. (eastern time), Monday through Friday.

For tax information: 1 800 225-5829

To order forms and publications: 1 800 462-8100 Refund status: (electronically filed) 1 800 353-0708

- (direct deposit) 1 800 321-3213
- (all others) 1 800 443-3200

Automated service for refund status is

available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.) From areas outside the U.S. and outside

- Canada: (518) 485-6800
- Fax-on-demand forms:

(available 24 hours a day, 1 800 748-3676 7 days a week)

Internet access: http://www.tax.state.ny.us (for forms, publications, your refund status, and other information)

Hotline for the hearing and speech impaired: 1 800 634-2110 from 8:30 a.m. to 4:25 p.m. (eastern time), Monday through Friday. If you do not own a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD), check with independent living centers or community action programs to find out where machines are available for public use.

Persons with disabilities: In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, we will ensure that our lobbies, offices, meeting rooms, and other facilities are accessible to persons with disabilities. If you have questions about special accommodations for persons with disabilities, please call 1 800 225-5829.

If you need to write, address your letter to: NYS TAX DEPARTMENT TAXPAYER ASSISTANCE BUREAU TAXPAYER CORRESPONDENCE W A HARRIMAN CAMPUS ALBANY NY 12227

# Line instructions

Print or type the information requested in the name and address box at the top of the front. Enter your name, address, social security number and county of residence as of December 31, 1999. Married taxpayers enter both social security numbers. On the bottom line of the name and address box, enter the address of the New York residence that qualifies you for this credit if it is different from your mailing address. If not, enter the word same on this line.

# Filling in your claim form

Please keep your name and address entries within the spaces provided. For example, your first name and middle initial should not go past the vertical line separating them from your last name, and your last name should start to the right of the vertical line. Similarly, your mailing address, ZIP code, etc., should be kept within the boxes provided.

Form IT-214 has been designed to let us use the latest scanning and image-processing equipment. Rectangular boxes and white entry areas have been printed on the form to guide you in making your handwritten entries. This will enable our scanning equipment to more accurately read your return and let us process it more efficiently. Please spend a moment reviewing the method below for making your entries:

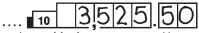
Please print (using a blue or black ballpoint pen; no pencils, please) or type all "X" marks and money amounts in the boxes or spaces provided.

- Do not use dollar signs, commas, decimal points, dashes or any other punctuation marks or symbols. All necessary punctuation has been printed on the form.

Write your numerals like this: q 6 ۱ð

- Carefully enter your money amounts so that the whole dollar amount ends immediately to the left of the cents decimal and the cents amount starts immediately to the right of the cents decimal.
- Make your money amount entries in the white areas allowing one numeral for each hox

Example: If your entry for line 10 is \$3,525.50, your money field entry should look like this:



 Leave blank any spaces and boxes that do not apply to you.

# Line 5

If you were a resident of a nursing home or if your residence was completely exempted from property taxes in 1999, check the Yes box. If not, check the No box.

Generally, residents of nursing homes do not qualify for this credit because they share common living facilities. This situation usually disqualifies all residents of a nursing home since they are all considered to be members of one household which usually exceeds the household gross income level of \$18,000 and the average monthly rent level of \$450. If you are a resident of a nursing home and you check the Yes box, do not file Form IT-214 unless you attach a statement explaining how your household does not exceed these two limitations.

Residents of housing facilities that are completely exempt from paying real property taxes do not qualify for this credit. Some examples include, but are not limited to, residents of public housing projects and senior citizen homes. Find out if your residence is completely exempt from paying real property taxes by asking the management of your housing facility. If you check the Yes box on line 5, do not file Form IT-214.

# Line 6

Enter the number of members of your household, including yourself, who are filing a Form IT-214 for 1999. Count a joint claim filed by husband and wife as one Form IT-214. See the instructions for line 17 if more than one member of your household is filing Form IT-214.

# Line 7

If any gualified member of your household was 65 or older on December 31, 1999, check the Yes box. If not, check the No box. Among other conditions (see Who qualifies), a household member 65 or older must have paid real property taxes or rent to qualify for this credit. If you checked the Yes box on line 7, indicating that you or a member of your household was 65 or older on December 31, 1999, enter the social security number of that person in the box Qualifying social security number. Enter same if it is your social security number.

#### Instructions for Preparing Form IT-214 25

# Line 8

Check the appropriate box. If you owned your residence for part of the year and rented your residence for part of the year, check the *Own* box.

# Complete Schedule A or B and Schedule C on the back of Form IT-214 before continuing with line 9.

# Schedule A (homeowners)

Enter on lines 18 and 19 any county, city, town, village or school district taxes and assessments that you and all qualified members of your household paid during 1999 (do not include penalty and interest charges). Persons age 65 or older may enter on line 20 the amount exempted from taxation under section 467 of the Real Property Tax Law (do not include the veterans' tax exemption or the STAR exemption). However, if you choose to make an entry on line 20, your credit, before limitation, will be only 25% (instead of 50%) of your eligible real property taxes. You may want to figure your credit both ways to see which results in the greater credit. Add lines 18 through 20 and enter the total on line 21. Transfer this amount to line 10 on the front of Form IT-214.

# Schedule B (renters)

Enter on line 22 the total rent you and all members of your household paid during 1999; do not include any subsidized part of your rental charge. Figure the amounts to be entered on lines 23, 24, and 25. Transfer the amount on line 25 to line 10, on the front of Form IT-214.

If the monthly average of your adjusted rent (line 24) was more than \$450, stop; you do not qualify for this credit.

## Schedule C (homeowners and renters)

List the name, social security number and year of birth of everyone, including yourself, who lived in your household in 1999. If you need more space, list additional names on a separate sheet and attach it to Form IT-214. Enter in the boxes on line 26 the total number of household members.

Figure your household gross income by completing lines 27 through 34.

Enter on line 27 the total federal adjusted gross income of you and all members of your household. If you or any members of your household do not have to file a federal return, include the amount that would be included in federal adjusted gross income if a federal return had been required.

Enter on line 28 the total additions to federal adjusted gross income required by section 612(b) of the Tax Law. For a list of these additions, see Publication 22, General Information on New York State's Real Property Tax Credit for Homeowners and Renters, or the instructions for Form IT-201. For Form IT-200 filers, the New York State additions to federal adjusted gross income are shown on Form IT-200, line 9, Public employee 414(h) retirement contributions and line 10, IRC 125 amounts from the New York City flexible benefits program. See instructions for Form IT-200. Include the total of these additions that apply to you and all members of your household, even if a New York State income tax return is not required.

Enter on lines 29 through 33 the total of each type of income you and all members of your household received during 1999 that was not included on lines 27 and 28.

If someone was a member of your household for only part of the taxable year, include on lines 27 through 33 the income he or she received while a member of your household.

Add lines 27 through 33 and enter the total on line 34. Round this amount to the nearest whole dollar and transfer it to line 11 on the front of Form IT-214. If this amount is more than \$18,000, **stop**; you do not qualify for this credit.

# Line 9

If you qualify for an exemption from taxation under section 467 of the Real Property Tax Law and elect to enter this exemption on line 20, check the *Yes* box. If not, check the *No* box.

# Line 10

#### Real property taxes paid or 25% of adjusted rent paid

If you owned your residence for all of 1999, enter your real property taxes paid (from line 21) on line 10.

If you rented your residence for all of 1999, enter 25% of your adjusted rent paid (from line 25) on line 10.

If you owned your residence for part of the taxable year and rented your residence for part of the taxable year, add 25% of your adjusted rent paid (from Schedule B) to the prorated part of any charges you list on Schedule A. Enter the total on line 10.

# Line 15

If you entered on line 20 any amount of taxes not paid due to the exemption for persons 65 or older (section 467 of the Real Property Tax Law), figure 25% of line 14 and enter the result on line 15. If you did **not** make an entry on line 20, figure 50% of line 14 and enter the result on line 15.

# Line 16 Credit limitation

Using the following table, find your credit limitation according to the amount of your household gross income (line 11) and the age of qualified household members (line 7). Be careful to select your limitation from the proper column.

If the amount on line 11 is:	And you checked Yes on line 7, No on line enter on line 16: enter on line						
\$ * 0 to 1,000	\$375	\$75					
1.001 to 2.000	358	73					
2,001 to 3,000	341	71					
3,001 to 4,000	324	69					
4,001 to 5,000	307	67					
5,001 to 6,000	290	65					
6,001 to 7,000	273	63					
7,001 to 8,000	256	61					
8,001 to 9,000	239	59					
9,001 to 10,000	222	57					
10,001 to 11,000	205	55					
11,001 to 12,000	188	53					
12,001 to 13,000	171	51					
13,001 to 14,000	154	49					
14,001 to 15,000	137	47					
15,001 to 16,000	120	45					
16,001 to 17,000	103	43					
17,001 to 18,000	86	41					

\* This may include a negative amount.

# Line 17 Real property tax credit

The real property tax credit for your household is the amount on line 15 or line 16 - whichever is less. Enter the lesser amount on line 17. If more than one member of your household is filing Form IT-214, divide the line 17 amount equally among all filers. You can divide the line 17 amount any way you want if you each agree to the amount of your share and attach a copy of the agreement to your Form IT-214. Enter only your share of the line 17 amount on your Form IT-214 (and on your return if you have to file one).

If you are married and filing a joint Form IT-214, you do not have to divide the credit. However, if you do not want to apply your share of a credit to a debt owed by your spouse, you must also file Form IT-280, *Nonobligated Spouse Allocation* (see *Collection of debts from your refund* and *Disclaiming of spouse's debt on the next page*).

If you are filing a 1999 New York State income tax return, transfer your line 17 amount to Form IT-200, line 36 or Form IT-201, line 59.

Your credit will be subtracted from the amount of tax you owe. Any amount over the tax you owe will be refunded to you.

# Sign Form IT-214 and attach it to the return you are filing.

If you pay someone to prepare Form IT-214, the paid preparer must also sign it and fill in the other blanks in the paid preparer's area. If someone prepares Form IT-214 for you and does not charge you, that person should not sign it.

**Note to paid preparers** – When signing a taxpayer's New York State income tax return, you must use the same number (social security number or federal preparer's tax identification number) that you use when preparing federal income tax returns.

Failure of paid preparers to conform to certain requirements - A penalty of \$50 per return or claim for refund will be assessed a paid preparer for failure to comply with any of the following requirements:

- failure to sign the tax return or claim for refund;
- failure to include the identifying number of the paid preparer (if an individual paid preparer is an employee of an employer or a partner in a partnership that is a paid preparer, the return or claim for refund must also include the identifying number of the employer or partnership);
- failure to furnish a completed copy of the tax return or claim for a refund to the taxpayer not later than the time the return is presented for the taxpayer's signature;
- failure to keep a completed copy of the return or claim for refund prepared for each taxpayer or to keep the name and identification number of each taxpayer for whom a return or claim for refund was prepared on a list and to make the copy or list available for inspection upon request.

The period for keeping a completed copy of the return or information on the list is three years after the due date of the return (without regard to extensions) or three years after the date the return was presented to the taxpayer for signature, whichever is later. The period for keeping a completed copy of a claim for refund is three years from the time the claim for refund was presented to the taxpayer for signature.

For each of the requirements listed above, a paid preparer may be subject to a maximum penalty of \$25,000.

If you are not filing a 1999 New York State income tax return, sign and date Form IT-214 and mail it to:

#### STATE PROCESSING CENTER PO BOX 61000 ALBANY NY 12261-0001

#### **Private Delivery Services**

If you choose, you may use a private delivery service, instead of the U.S. Postal Service, to file your return. However, if, at a later date, you need to establish the date you filed your return, you cannot use the date recorded by a private delivery service unless you used a delivery service that has been designated by the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury or the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance. (Currently designated delivery services are listed in Publication 55, Designated Private Delivery Services. See Need help? on page 28 of these instructions for information on ordering forms and publications.) If you use any private delivery service, whether it is a designated service or not, address your return to: State Processing Center, 431C Broadway, Albany NY 12204-4836.

# **Direct deposit information**

Complete lines 35a through 35c if you want us to deposit your real property tax credit directly into your bank account. Do **not** complete these lines if you are filing Form IT-214 with your New York State income tax return. Instead, complete the lines for direct deposit on the return that you are filing.

# Line 35a

Enter the routing number shown on the checks issued by your bank (see sample check on this page). The routing number **must** be nine digits. If the first two digits are not 01 through 12, or 21 through 32, the direct deposit will be rejected and a check sent instead. On the sample check on this page, the routing number is 090090099.

Your check may state that it is payable through a bank different from the one where you have your checking account. If so, do not use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your bank for the correct routing number to enter on this line.

# Line 35b

Check the box for the type of account, checking or savings.

# Line 35c

Enter your account number shown on your checks (see sample check on this page).

The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank. On the sample check on this page, the account number is 1357902468.

The Department will not notify you that your refund of your real property tax credit has been deposited. However, if the amount we

deposit is different from the amount of real property tax credit you claimed on your Form IT-214, we will send you a written explanation of the adjustment within two weeks from the date your refund of your real property tax credit is deposited.

We will make every effort to comply with your request for direct deposit. However, we cannot be responsible when a bank refuses a direct deposit. Some financial institutions, for example, do not allow a joint credit claim to be deposited into an individual account. If your bank refuses the direct deposit or the deposit cannot be made for any other reason, we will send a check to the mailing address shown on your return. If you encounter any problem with the direct deposit of your claim of your real property tax credit to your account, call toll free 1 800 321-3213. The processing time is approximately six to eight weeks.

**Collection of debts from your refund** — We will keep all or part of your refund if you owe past-due support or a past-due legally enforceable debt to the Internal Revenue Service or a New York State agency. This includes any state department, board, bureau, division, commission, committee, public authority, public benefit corporation, council, office, or other entity performing a governmental or proprietary function for the state or a social services district. Any amount over your debt will be refunded.

Disclaiming of spouse's debt — If you are married and you do not want to apply your part of the refund to your spouse's debt because you are not liable for it, complete Form IT-280, *Nonobligated Spouse Allocation* and attach it (not a photocopy) to your original return. We need the information on it to process your refund as quickly as possible. Once you have filed your return, you cannot file an amended return to disclaim your spouse's defaulted student loan or past-due support liability or past-due legally enforceable debt owed to a state agency. (However, you will be notified if your refund is applied against your spouse's defaulted student loan or past-due support or past-due legally enforceable debt owed to a state agency and you did not attach Form IT-280 to your return. You will then have ten days from the date of notification to file Form IT-280. However, this will result in a delay in your refund and extra work for you.) For more information, see Form IT-280.

If you have any questions about whether you owe a past-due legally enforceable debt to the Internal Revenue Service or a state agency, contact the IRS or that particular state agency.

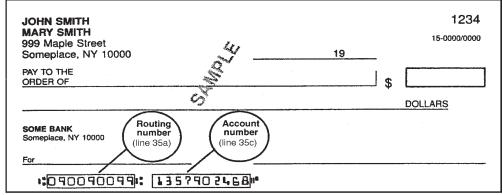
For New York State, New York City or Yonkers tax liabilities **only**, call 1 800 835-3554 (outside the U.S. and outside Canada call (518) 485-6800) or write to NYS TAX DEPARTMENT, TAX COMPLIANCE DIVISION, W A HARRIMAN CAMPUS, ALBANY NY 12227.

#### Make sure you receive your refund

Every year about 40,000 refund checks are returned to the Tax Department, largely because of mailing address problems. Many of these checks eventually reach their owners after this delay, but many others never do, despite our best efforts.

You can receive your refund check without delay. Please remember these important points:

- We mail the refund to the address shown on the return.
- Don't assume that we already have your correct address. Check it.
- Make sure the address is complete include c/o if necessary, and P.O. Box and apartment numbers, if any.
- If you're moving, notify the U.S. Postal Service of the new address.
- If you use a computer, make sure your software is printing your address properly.
- Make sure everything is legible.
- If someone else is preparing your return, make sure they have your correct address.



Note: The routing and account numbers may appear in different places on your check.

# **Privacy notification**

The right of the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance and the Department of Taxation and Finance to collect and maintain personal information, including mandatory disclosure of social security numbers in the manner required by tax regulations, instructions, and forms, is found in Articles 22, 26, 26-A, 26-B, 30, 30-A, and 30-B of the Tax Law; Article 2-E of the General City Law; and 42 USC 405(c)(2)(C)(i).

The Tax Department uses this information primarily to determine and administer tax liabilities due the state and city of New York and the city of Yonkers. We also use this information for certain tax offset and exchange of tax information programs authorized by law, and for any other purpose authorized by law. Information concerning quarterly wages paid to employees and identified by unique random identifying code numbers to preserve the privacy of the employees' names and social security numbers is provided to certain state agencies, for research purposes to evaluate the effectiveness of certain employment and training programs.

Failure to provide the required information may subject you to civil or criminal penalties, or both, under the Tax Law.

This information is maintained by the Director of the Registration and Data Services Bureau, NYS Tax Department, Building 8 Room 924, W A Harriman Campus, Albany NY 12227; telephone 1 800 225-5829. From areas outside the U.S. and outside Canada, call (518) 485-6800.

# General information

# Who qualifies

To qualify for the New York State earned income credit you must:

- have claimed the federal earned income credit for tax year 1999; **and**
- file (or have filed) a New York State return for 1999.

If you are a resident or part-year resident, you may qualify for a refund of any earned income credit in excess of your New York State tax liability. Nonresidents **do not** qualify for a refund of the New York State earned income credit.

# How to claim the credit

In order to claim the New York State earned income credit you must:

- complete Form IT-215 using the information from your federal return, worksheets, and, if applicable, the federal return's federal earned income credit line instructions; or
- if you file the IT-100 return, complete the *Claim for earned income credit for IT-100 filers* on the back of the return.

# Filling in your claim form

Form IT-215 for 1999 has been designed to let us use the latest scanning and imageprocessing equipment. Rectangular boxes and white entry areas have been printed on the form to guide you in making your handwritten entries. This will enable our scanning equipment to read your return more accurately and let us process it more efficiently. Please spend a moment reviewing the method below for making your entries:

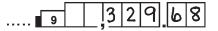
- Please keep your name and address entries within the spaces provided. For example, your first name and middle initial should not go past the vertical line separating them from your last name, and your last name should start to the right of the vertical line. Similarly, your mailing address, ZIP code, etc., should be kept within the boxes provided.
- Please print (using a blue or black ballpoint pen; no pencils, please) or type all "X" marks and money amounts in the boxes or spaces provided.
- Do not use dollar signs, commas, decimal points, dashes or any other punctuation marks or symbols.
- Write your numerals like this:

# 1234567890 X

Carefully enter your money amounts so that the whole **dollar amount** ends in the box immediately to the **left** of the cents decimal and the **cents amount** starts in the box immediately to the **right** of the cents decimal.

 Make your money amount entries in the boxes allowing one numeral for each area.

*Example:* If your entry for line 9 is \$329.68, your money field entry should look like:



 Leave blank any spaces and boxes that do not apply to you.

# Line instructions for

# all filers

All resident, nonresident, and part-year resident filers complete lines 1 through 18 as applicable. (Form IT-100 filers - Do not file Form IT-215 unless you have already filed your Form IT-100 for 1999.)

All part-year resident filers must also complete lines 19 through 27.

Line 1 — You must have claimed the federal earned income credit for 1999 in order to claim the New York State earned income credit.

**Line 2** — You cannot claim the New York State earned income credit if your investment income is more than \$2,350. For most people, investment income is the total amount of:

- taxable interest (from line 8a of federal Form 1040 or 1040A);
- tax-exempt interest (from line 8b of federal Form 1040 or 1040A);
- ordinary dividends income (from line 9 of federal Form 1040 or 1040A); and
- capital gain net income from line 13 of Form 1040 (if more than zero).

For additional information on what qualifies as investment income, see **federal** Publication 96, *Earned Income Credit*.

Line 3 — File Form IT-215 with your original 1999 New York State income tax return. If you have already filed your original return, you may file Form IT-215 by itself. If you haven't previously filed your income tax return for this year, you **must** file one with this claim.

Line 4 — If you filed federal schedule EIC, be sure to list the name, relationship, number of months the child lived with you, social security number and year of birth for the **same** children you claimed on the federal schedule.

**Caution:** To be eligible to claim the New York State earned income credit, you must provide a correct and valid social security number (SSN) for each child listed on line 4.

If you have applied for a social security number by filing federal Form SS-5 with the Social Security Administration, but you have not received it by the April 17, 2000 (April 18, 2000 if you file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, Mass.), filing deadline, you can either:

- File Form IT-370 requesting an automatic extension of time to file until August 15, 2000. (This extension does not give you any extra time to pay any tax owed. You should pay any New York taxes you expect to owe to avoid interest or penalty charges. For more information, see Form IT-370, Application for Automatic Extension of Time to File for Individuals.) or
- File your return on time without claiming the earned income credit and do not attach Form IT-215. After receiving the SSN, file Form IT-215 and claim the credit.

Be sure to place an **X** in the box under the heading *Person with disability* if your child was born before 1980 and was permanently disabled during any part of 1999. Place an **X** in this box **only** if you put a checkmark in the *Yes* box on your 1999 federal schedule EIC, line 3b.

Line 6 — This amount can be found on the appropriate line of the federal return you filed.

Lines 7 and 8 — If you received a taxable scholarship or fellowship that was not reported on a federal Form W-2, or if you were paid an amount as an inmate in a penal institution for work, enter the amount from your federal Form 1040 instructions for lines 59a and 59b, earned income credit computation step 7, item 2 (subtract line.)

Line 9 — Business income or loss, applies only to federal Form 1040 filers. Enter the amount of business income or loss from your federal Form 1040 instructions, Earned Income Credit Worksheet B, line 4a. Do not use a minus sign or brackets to show a loss. Check the appropriate box on line 9 to indicate if the amount reported is a profit or a loss. Be sure to enter your Employer Identification Number (EIN) for your business. If you have income or loss from more than one business, enter the EIN representing your primary business activity. If your primary business activity doesn't have an EIN, use your social security number.

Line 10 — If you are filing New York State Form IT-200, IT-201, or IT-203, you must enter your federal modified adjusted gross income (FMAGI) from the line instructions for the earned income credit for the federal form you filed.

- 1040 filers Form 1040 lines 59a and 59b instructions, *Step 6, Box A*
- 1040A filers Form 1040A lines 37a and 37b instructions, *Step 6, Box A*
- 1040EZ filers Form 1040EZ lines 8a and 8b instructions.

If you elected to have the Internal Revenue Service figure your federal earned income credit for you, you must use either:

- federal Publication 596, Earned Income Credit to figure your federal modified adjusted gross income, or
- the Modified federal adjusted gross income worksheet provided on the back page of these instructions to figure your federal modified adjusted gross income (even if you are requesting the Tax Department to compute your New York State earned income credit for you).

#### 28 Instructions for Preparing Form IT-215

Federal modified adjusted gross income for most Form IT-200, IT-201 or IT-203 filers is the same as federal adjusted gross income. Federal adjusted gross income is the amount reported on Form IT-200, line 8, Form IT-201, line 18 or Form IT-203, line 18, *Federal Amount* column. But if you had tax exempt interest, a nontaxable distribution from a pension, annuity, or individual retirement arrangement (IRA), unless rolled over into a similar type of plan during the period allowed for rollovers, or you filed federal Schedule(s) C, C-EZ, D, E, or F, you must use the following worksheet to compute your federal modified adjusted gross income.

adju	isted gross income.						
	Modified federal adjusted gross income worksheet						
1.	Enter your federal adjusted gross income from Form 1040, line 33 or federal Form 1040A, line 18						
2.	Enter any tax exempt interest from federal Form 1040 or 1040A, line 8b, or Form 1040EZ, line 2 (amount shown left of dollar amount boxes and identified as tax exempt interest "TEI")						
3.	Enter any nontaxable distributions from a pension, annuity, or IRA, unless rolled into a similar type of plan during the period allowed for rollovers, included in the amount reported on federal Form 1040 lines, 15a and 16a, or federal Form 1040A, lines 10a and 11a						
4.	Enter any net capital loss claimed on federal Form 1040, Schedule D, line 18						
5.	Enter any net loss from an estate or trust claimed on federal Form 1040 Schedule E, line 36						
6.	Enter any royalty loss included on federal Form 1040 Schedule E, line 26 6						
7. 8.	Enter any net business loss from federal Form 1040, Schedule C, line 317 Enter any net farm loss from federal Form 1040, Schedule F, line 368						
9.	Enter any loss determined by combining any rental real estate income or loss included in federal Schedule E, line 26, any partnership or S corporation income or loss claimed on federal Schedule E, line 31, and net farm rental income or loss from federal Schedule E, line 39.						
	Note: Do not take into account items which are attributable to a trade or business which consists of performance of services by the taxpayer as an employee9						
10.	Add lines 7, 8, and 9 10						
11.	Multiply line 10 by 75% (.75) 11						
12.	Add lines 1 through 6 and line 11 12						
This is your federal modified adjusted gross income. Transfer this amount to Form IT-215,							

income. Transfer this amount to Form IT-215, line 10.

Line 11 — This amount can be found on the appropriate line of your **federal** return. However, if you owe the federal alternative minimum tax, enter the amount of the federal earned income credit, as originally computed in the *EIC Worksheet* in your federal instructions **before** any reduction for the alternative minimum tax.

Line 12 — For 1999, the New York State earned income credit is 20% (.20) of the federal earned income credit reduced by any household credit allowed. The rate has already been filled in for you. Line 13 — This amount represents your earned income credit **before** it has been reduced by the amount of household credit allowed. **IT-100 filers stop**; the Tax Department will compute your earned income credit for you.

Lines 14 - 16 — Form IT-200 filers, continue with line 14. Form IT-201 or IT-203 filers, complete Worksheet A on the back of the form. Then continue with line 14.

Line 17 — If you are attaching this claim to your original 1999 New York State income tax return and you answered *No* at line 3:

- For filing status 1, 2, 4, or 5
- Residents Transfer the line 17 amount to Form IT-200, line 35, or Form IT-201, line 58.
- Nonresidents Transfer the line 17 amount to Form IT-203, line 41.
- Part-year residents Transfer the line 17 amount to Form IT-203, line 41 and continue on line 19.

# For filing status ③, Married filing separate return

 The line 17 amount represents both spouses' combined (total) earned income credit. You must complete line 18 and indicate the amount of line 17 that you are claiming.

If you have previously filed your 1999 New York State income tax return and you answered *Yes* at line 3:

For filing status 1, 2, 4, or 5

 Residents, nonresidents, and part-year residents - mail your completed
 Form IT-215 to:

> STATE PROCESSING CENTER PO BOX 61000 ALBANY NY 12261-0001

# For filing status ③, Married filing separate return

 The line 17 amount represents both spouses' combined (total) earned income credit. You must complete line 18 and indicate the amount of line 17 that you are claiming.

Line 18 — Complete this line only if your filing status is (a), Married filing separate return.

If you are attaching this claim to your original return and answered *No* at line 3, show the portion of line 17 that you are claiming as your share of the earned income credit and follow the appropriate instructions below. Remember, while the credit can be split in any manner you and your spouse agree to, the combined amount of both spouses' credits cannot be more than the amount on line 17.

- Residents Transfer the line 18 amount to Form IT-200, line 35, or Form IT-201, line 58.
- Nonresidents Transfer the line 18 amount to Form IT-203, line 41.
- Part-year Residents Transfer the line 18 amount to Form IT-203, line 41 and continue on line 19.

If you have already filed your 1999 New York State income tax return and answered *Yes* at line 3:

 Residents, nonresidents, and part-year residents - Mail your completed Form IT-215 to: STATE PROCESSING CENTER PO BOX 61000 ALBANY NY 12261-000

#### Part-year residents only

Lines 19 through 27 need to be completed only by part-year residents claiming the earned income credit who are filing, or have previously filed, Form IT-203, *Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return*, for this year. The amounts for these lines can be found on the appropriate lines of the IT-203 or IT-203-ATT, *Itemized Deduction, and Other Taxes and Tax Credits*, or their instructions.

The earned income credit must first reduce your tax liability to zero before the remaining excess earned income credit is eligible to be refunded. The amount to be refunded will be based on the ratio of resident period income to the combined income from both the resident and nonresident periods.

Line 26 — Divide line 24 by line 25 and carry the result to four decimal places. (Do not enter more than 100% (1.0000) even if your actual result is more than 100%.) If the result is zero percent (0%), you have no remaining excess earned income credit available to be refunded. Do not complete line 27.

Line 27 — If line 26 is greater than 0%, multiply line 23 by line 26. If you answered *No* at line 3, transfer the line 27 amount to Form IT-203-ATT, line 57 and attach Form IT-215 to your Form IT-203. This amount represents the refundable portion of your part-year resident earned income credit.

If you have previously filed your 1999 New York State income tax return and you answered *Yes* at line 3, mail your completed Form IT-215 to:

STATE PROCESSING CENTER PO BOX 61000 ALBANY NY 12261-0001

A paid preparer must also sign your return.

If you pay someone to prepare your return, the paid preparer must also sign and fill in the other blanks in the paid preparer's area of your return. A person who prepares your return and does not charge you should not fill in the paid preparer's area.

#### Private delivery services

If you choose, you may use a private delivery service, instead of the U.S. Postal Service, to file your return. However, if, at a later date, you need to establish the date you filed your return, you cannot use the date recorded by a private delivery service **unless** you used a delivery service that has been designated by the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury or the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance. (Currently designated delivery services are listed in Publication 55, *Designated Private Delivery Services*. See *Need help*? below for information on ordering forms and publications.)

### Need help?

Tax information: 1 800 225-5829 Forms and publications: 1 800 462-8100 Refund status: Access our website

- or call 1 800 443-3200;
- if electronically filed 1 800 353-0708; direct deposit refunds: 1 800 321-3213

From outside the U.S. and outside Canada: (518) 485-6800

Fax-on-demand forms: 1 800 748-3676 Internet access: http://www.tax.state.ny.us Hearing and speech impaired

(telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) callers only): 1 800 634-2110

# **Instructions for Preparing Form IT-216**

# **General information**

The New York State child and dependent care credit is a minimum of 20% and as much as 100% of the federal credit, depending on the amount of your New York adjusted gross income.

## Who qualifies

If you **qualify** to claim the federal child and dependent care credit, you can **claim** the New York State credit (whether you actually claim the federal credit or not).

If you did not file federal Form 2441, you can still claim the New York State child and dependent care credit on Form IT-216 if **all five** of the following apply.

- 1. Your filing status is *Single, Head of household, Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child, or Married filing jointly.* However, see special rule for *Married persons filing separate federal and NYS returns* below.
- 2. The care was provided so you (and your spouse, if you were married) could work or look for work. However, if you did not find a job and have no earned income for the year, you cannot take the credit. If your spouse was a student or disabled, see the line 7 instructions on page 31.
- 3. You (and your spouse, if you were married) paid over half the cost of keeping up your home. The cost includes rent, mortgage interest, real estate taxes, utilities, home repairs, and food eaten at home.
- You and your child (or other qualifying person(s) for whom the care was provided) lived in the same home.
- The person who provided the care was not your spouse or a person whom you can claim as a dependent. If your child provided the care, he or she must have been age 19 or older by the end of 1999.

# Married persons filing separate federal and New York State returns

If your filing status is married filing separately and **all** of the following apply, you are considered unmarried for purposes of figuring the child and dependent care credit.

- You lived apart from your spouse during the last 6 months of 1999, and
- the qualifying person lived in your home more than half of 1999, and
- you provided over half the cost of keeping up your home.

If you meet **all** the requirements to be treated as unmarried and meet items 2 through 5 above, you may claim the credit. If you do not meet all the requirements to be treated as unmarried, you **cannot** claim the credit.

### Married persons filing joint federal returns, but required to file separate New York returns

If you and your spouse file jointly for federal purposes, but are required to file separate New York returns because one spouse is a resident and the other spouse is either a nonresident or part-year resident, you may still claim the credit. However, the credit must be claimed on the return of the spouse with the lower taxable income (computed without regard to such credit).

# Married persons not required to file a federal return

If you and your spouse are not required to file a federal income tax return, the New York State child and dependent care credit is allowed only if you file a joint New York State tax return (Form IT-100, IT-200, IT-201, or IT-203).

## How to claim the credit

In addition to the above federal requirements, to claim the New York State child and dependent care credit you must:

- file (or have filed) a New York State return for 1999,
- report the required information about the care provider on line 2 of Form IT-216, and
- complete Form IT-216.

# Important terms

Qualifying person(s)

A qualifying person is:

- Any child **under age 13** whom you can claim as a dependent (but see *Exception for children of divorced or separated parents* below). If the child turned 13 during the year, the child is a qualifying person for the part of the year he or she was under age 13.
- Your disabled spouse who is not able to care for himself or herself.
- Any disabled person not able to care for himself or herself whom you can claim as a dependent for federal purposes (or could claim as a dependent for federal purposes, except that the person had gross income of \$2,750 or more). If this person is your child, see *Exception for children of divorced or separated parents* below. To find out who is a dependent, see the instructions for federal Form 1040 or 1040A, line 6c.

**Caution:** To be a qualifying person, the person **must** have shared the same home with you in 1999.

# Exception for children of divorced or separated parents

If you were divorced, legally separated, or lived apart from your spouse during the last 6 months of 1999, you may be able to take the credit even if your child is not your dependent. If your child is not your dependent, he or she is a qualifying person only if **all five** of the following **federal** requirements apply to you:

- You had custody of the child for a longer time in 1999 than the other parent. For the definition of custody, see federal Publication 501, *Exemptions, Standard Deduction, and Filing Information.*
- 2. One or both of the parents provided over half of the child's support in 1999.
- 3. One or both of the parents had custody of the child for more than half of 1999.
- The child was under age 13 or was disabled and could not care for himself or herself.
- 5. The other parent claims the child as a dependent because
  - as the custodial parent, you signed federal Form 8332, *Release of Claim to Exemption for Child of Divorced or Separated Parents*, or a similar statement agreeing not to claim the child's exemption for 1999, or
  - your divorce decree or written agreement went into effect before 1985 and it states that the other parent can claim the child as a dependent, and the other parent gave at least \$600 for the child's support in 1999. This rule does not apply if your decree or agreement was changed after 1984 to say that the other parent cannot claim the child as a dependent.

# **Qualified expenses**

These include amounts paid for household services and care of the qualifying person(s) while you worked or looked for work. Child support payments are **not** qualified expenses. Also, expenses reimbursed by a state social service agency are **not** qualified expenses unless you included the reimbursement in your income.

# **Household services**

These are services needed to care for the qualifying person as well as to run the home. They include, for example, the services of a cook, maid, babysitter, housekeeper, or cleaning person if the services were partly for the care of the qualifying person(s). Do not include services of a chauffeur or gardener.

You may also include your share of the employment taxes paid on wages for qualifying child and dependent care services.

### Care of the qualifying person

Care includes the cost of services for the qualifying person's well-being and protection. It does not include the cost of clothing or entertainment.

You may include the cost of care provided outside your home for your dependent under age 13 or any other qualifying person(s) who regularly spends at least 8 hours a day in your home. If the care was provided by a dependent care center, the center must meet all applicable state and local regulations. A *dependent care center* is a place that provides care for more than six persons (other than persons who live there) and receives a fee, payment, or grant for providing services for any of those persons, even if the center is not run for profit.

You may include amounts paid for food and schooling **only** if these items are part of the total care and cannot be separated from the total cost. But **do not** include the cost of schooling for a child in the first grade or above. Also, **do not** include any expenses for sending your child to an overnight camp.

#### Prior year's expenses

If you had qualified expenses for 1998 that you didn't pay until 1999, you may be able to claim these qualified expenses and increase the amount of credit you can take in 1999. For more information, see *Amount of Credit* in **federal** Publication 503, *Child and Dependent Care Expenses.* Also see the instructions for line 11 on the next page.

### Earned income

Generally, this is your wages, salaries, tips, and other employee compensation. This is usually the amount shown on federal Form 1040, line 7. But earned income does not include a scholarship or fellowship grant if you did not get a wage and tax statement (federal Form W-2) for it.

Earned income does include certain nontaxable earned income, such as meals and lodging provided for the convenience of your employer. For more information, see federal Publication 503, *Child and Dependent Care Expenses.* However, including nontaxable earned income will only give you a larger credit if your other earned income (and your spouse's other earned income if filing a joint return) is less than the qualified expenses entered on line 5 of Form IT-216.

If you were a statutory employee and are filing Schedule C or C-EZ with your federal return to report income and expenses as a statutory employee, earned income also includes the amount from line 1 of that Schedule C or C-EZ.

If you were self-employed, earned income also includes the amount shown on federal Schedule SE, line 3, minus any deduction you claim on federal Form 1040, line 27. If you use either optional method to figure self-employment tax, subtract any deduction you claim on federal Form 1040, line 27, from the total of the amounts on federal Schedule SE, Section B, lines 3 and 4b, to figure your earned income.

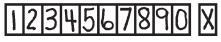
**Note:** You must reduce your earned income by any loss from self-employment.

#### If you are **filing a joint federal return,** disregard community property laws. If your spouse died in 1999 and had no earned income, see federal Publication 503. If your spouse was a student or disabled in 1999, see the line 7 instructions on the next page.

## Filling in your claim form

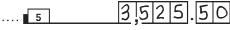
Form IT-216 is designed to let us use the latest scanning and image-processing equipment. Rectangular boxes have been printed on the form to guide you in making your handwritten entries. This will enable our scanning equipment to read your return more accurately and let us process it more efficiently. Please spend a moment reviewing the method below for making your entries:

- Please keep your name and address entries within the spaces provided. For example, your first name and middle initial should not go past the vertical line separating them from your last name, and your last name should start to the right of the vertical line. Similarly, your mailing address, ZIP code, etc., should be kept within the boxes provided.
- Please print (using a blue or black ballpoint pen; no pencils, please) or type all "X" marks and money amounts in the boxes or spaces provided.
- Do not use dollar signs, commas, decimal points, dashes or any other punctuation marks or symbols.
- Write your numerals like this:



- Carefully enter your money amounts so that the whole dollar amount ends in the box immediately to the left of the cents decimal and the cents amount starts in the box immediately to the right of the cents decimal.
- Make your money amount entries in the boxes, allowing one numeral for each area.

*Example:* If your entry for line 5 is \$3,525.50, your money field entry should look like:



 Leave blank any spaces and boxes that do not apply to you.

## Line instructions (for all filers)

All filers complete lines 1 through 14 as applicable. (Form IT-100 filers - Do not file Form IT-216 unless you have already filed your Form IT-100 for 1999 and did not claim the child and dependent care credit on it.)

### Line 1

File Form IT-216 with your original 1999 New York State income tax return. If you have already filed your original return, you may file Form IT-216 by itself. If you haven't previously filed your income tax return for this year, you **must** file one with this claim.

#### Line 2

Complete columns (A) through (D) for each person or organization that provided the care. If you have more than two providers, list the information on a separate sheet. You can use federal Form W-10, *Dependent Care Provider's Identification and Certification*, or any other source listed in its instructions to get the information from the care provider. If you do not give correct or complete information, your credit may be disallowed unless you can show you used due diligence (a serious and earnest effort) in trying to get the required information.

You can show **due diligence** to get the information by keeping in your records a federal Form W-10 completed by the care provider. Or you may keep one of the other sources of information listed in the instructions for Form W-10. If the provider does not give you the information, complete the entries you can on line 2 of Form IT-216. For example, enter the provider's name and address. Write **See Attached** in the columns for which you do not have the information. Then, attach an explanation to your Form IT-216 indicating that the care provider did not give you the information you requested.

#### Columns (A) and (B)

Enter the care provider's name and address. If you were covered by your employer's dependent care plan and your employer furnished the care (either at your workplace or by hiring a care provider), enter your employer's name in column (A). Next, write **See wage and tax statement** in column (B). Then leave columns (C) and (D) blank. If your employer paid a third party (not hired by your employer) on your behalf to provide the care, you must give information on the third party in columns (A) through (D).

#### Column (C)

If the care provider is an individual, enter his or her social security number (SSN). Otherwise, enter the provider's employer identification number (EIN). If the provider is a tax-exempt organization, write *Tax-Exempt* in column (C).

#### Column (D)

Enter the total amount you **actually paid** in 1999 to the care provider. Also, include amounts your employer paid to a third party on your behalf. It does not matter when the expenses were incurred. Do not reduce this amount by any reimbursement you received.

#### Line 3

List the name, qualified expenses paid in 1999, social security number and year of birth for the qualifying person(s) for whom you are claiming the New York State child and dependent care credit. **Caution:** To be eligible to claim the New York State child and dependent care credit, you must provide a correct and valid social security number (SSN) for each person listed on your tax return. If the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has issued you an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) because either you or a qualifying person claimed on Form IT-216 is a resident or nonresident alien, enter this ITIN in place of the social security number.

If you have applied for a social security number by filing federal Form SS-5 with the Social Security Administration **or** you have applied for an ITIN by filing federal Form W-7 with the IRS, but you have not received your SSN or ITIN by the April 17, 2000, filing deadline (April 18, 2000, if you are required to file your federal return at the IRS Service Center in Andover, Mass.), you can either:

- File IT-370 requesting an automatic extension of time to file until August 15, 2000. (This extension does not give you any extra time to pay any tax owed. You should pay any New York taxes you expect to owe to avoid interest or penalty charges. For more information, see Form IT-370, Application for Automatic Extension of Time to File for Individuals.)
- File your return on time without claiming the child and dependent care credit and do not attach Form IT-216. After receiving the SSN, file Form IT-216 and claim the credit.

Also be sure to place an **X** in the box under the heading *Person with disability* if the qualifying person had a disability and was incapable of caring for himself or herself during 1999.

#### Line 5

Using the filing description below that fits you, enter the amount of your qualified expenses as instructed.

- If you filed federal Form 2441 to claim the federal child and dependent care credit, enter on Form IT-216, line 5, the amount from federal Form 2441, line 3.
- If you filed Form 2441 only to complete Part III because you have dependent care benefits reported in box 10 of your federal Form W-2, enter on Form IT-216, line 5, the amount from line e of *Worksheet 1* below.
- If you did not file federal Form 2441 but are completing Form IT-216 to claim the New York State child and dependent care credit, enter the amount of qualifying expenses you incurred and paid in 1998.
   Do not include the following expenses on line 5:
  - Qualified expenses you incurred in 1999 but did not pay until 2000. However, next year you may be able to use these expenses to increase your 2000 credit.
  - 2. Qualified expenses you incurred in 1998 but did not pay until 1999. If you had prior year expenses you did not pay until 1999, see the instructions for line 11 below.

	Worksheet 1	
a.	Enter the amount of qualified expenses you incurred and paid in 1999. <b>Do not</b> include on this line any excluded benefits shown on federal Form 2441, line 18	a
b.	Enter \$2,400 (\$4,800 if two or more qualifying persons)	b
c.	Enter the amount from federal Form 2441, line 18	c
d.	Subtract line c from line b. If zero or less, <b>stop.</b> You cannot take the credit. <b>Exception:</b> If you paid prior year (1998) expenses in 1999, see the line 11 instructions below	d
e.	Enter the smaller of line a or line d here and on Form IT-216, line 5	e

For more information, see *Qualified expenses* on the front page.

#### Line 6

Enter **only your** earned income on line 6 (do not include your spouse's). For more information, see *Earned income* on the previous page.

#### Line 7

If you are filing your return using filing status Á, *Married filing joint return*, enter **only your spouse's** earned income on line 7. If you are using any other filing status, enter the amount from line 6 on line 7.

#### Spouse who was a student or

disabled — Your spouse was a **student** if he or she was enrolled as a full-time student at a school during any 5 months of 1999. Your spouse was **disabled** if he or she was not capable of self-care. Figure your spouse's earned income on a monthly basis.

For each month or part of a month your spouse was a student or was disabled, he or she is considered to have worked and earned income. His or her other earned income for each month is considered to be at least \$200 (\$400 if more than one qualifying person was cared for in 1999). If your spouse also worked during that month, use the higher of \$200 (or \$400) or his or her actual earned income for that month. If, in the same month, both you and your spouse were either students or disabled, this rule applies to only one of you for that month.

For any month that your spouse was not disabled or a student, use your spouse's actual earned income if he or she worked during the month.

#### Line 8

Enter the smallest of line 5, 6, or 7. Federal limitations require you to use the lesser of qualified expenses, your earned income, or your spouse's earned income (if applicable) in the computation of the federal credit.

#### Line 9

Enter your federal adjusted gross income from federal Form 1040-A, line 18, or federal Form 1040, line 34.

#### Line 10

Enter on line 10 the appropriate decimal amount for your federal adjusted gross income shown on line 9. If you filed a federal joint tax return, but were allowed to file as *Married filing separately* for New York State income tax purposes, enter the decimal amount shown on the next page that applies to the amount shown on your federal return as federal adjusted gross income.

### Line 11

This is your eligible federal child and dependent care credit. If you claimed the child and dependent care credit on your federal return, the amount shown on Form IT-216, line 11, should be the same as the amount shown on federal Form 2441, line 9, before any federal limitation.

If you had qualified expenses for 1998 that you didn't pay until 1999, you may be able to claim these qualified expenses and increase the amount of credit you can take in 1999. If you can take a credit for 1998 expenses paid in 1999, write **PYE** and the amount of the credit you are claiming for prior year expenses on the dotted line next to line 11. Also include this amount in the line 11 amount box. Attach a statement showing how you figured the credit for 1998 expenses.

#### Line 12

Transfer the amount from line 11 to line 12 and complete the remainder of Form IT-216.

#### Line 13

For 1999, the New York State child and dependent care credit is a minimum of 20% and as much as 100% of the federal credit, depending on the amount of your New York adjusted gross income. Enter in the space provided your New York adjusted gross income using the following:

- Form IT-200 filers amount from line e of Worksheet 2 below.
- Form IT-201 filers amount from line 31 of Form IT-201.
- Form IT-203 filers amount from line 31 of Form IT-203.

### Worksheet 2 (for IT-200 filers only)

a.	Enter the amount from Form IT-200, line 11a.	
b.	Enter the amount from	
	Form IT-200, line 12 b.	
c.	Enter the amount from	
	Form IT-200, line 13 c.	
d.	Add lines b and c d.	
e.	Subtract line d from line a.	
	Enter this amount here	
	and on Form IT-216, in the	
	New York adjusted gross	
	income space e.	

Use the table on the next page to determine the decimal to be entered on line 13.

#### New York State child and dependent care credit limitation table

over         line 13         over         line 13         over         line 13         over         line 13           \$         -35,000         1.000         38,700         -38,800         0.800         42,600         -42,600         0.597         46,300         -46,600         0.383           35,000         -35,100         0.997         38,800         -39,000         0.789         42,600         -42,600         0.587         46,600         -46,600         0.383           35,000         -35,400         0.987         39,000         -39,200         -779         42,900         -43,100         0.581         46,600         -46,600         0.383           35,500         -35,600         0.976         39,200         -773         43,000         -43,100         0.571         48,800         -46,900         0.363           35,500         -35,600         0.976         39,400         -39,500         0.763         43,200         -43,300         0.560         47,100         -47,200         0.353           35,600         -35,600         0.965         39,600         -757         43,300         -43,400         0.554         47,100         -47,200         0.333         36,00         36,000         -47,	If your New York adjusted gross income is -			If your New York adjusted gross income is -			If your N adjusted	York oss incor	ne is -	If your New York adjusted gross income is -						
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Over	l			Over				Over	I			Over			Enter on line 13
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	-	35,000*	1.000	38,700	-	38,800	0.800	42,500	-	42,600	0.597	46,300	-	46,400	0.395
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35,000	-	35,100	0.997	38,800	-	38,900	0.795	42,600	-	42,700	0.592	46,400	-	46,500	0.389
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35,100	-	35,200	0.992	38,900	-	39,000	0.789	42,700	-	42,800	0.587	46,500	-	46,600	0.384
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	35,200	-	35,300	0.987	39,000	-	39,100	0.784	42,800	-	42,900	0.581	46,600	-	46,700	0.379
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	35,300	-	35,400	0.981	39,100	-	39,200	0.779	42,900	-	43,000	0.576	46,700	-	46,800	0.373
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	35,400	-	35,500	0.976	39,200	-	39,300	0.773	43,000	-	43,100	0.571	46,800	-	46,900	0.368
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	35,500	-	35,600	0.971	39,300	-	39,400	0.768	43,100	-	43,200	0.565	46,900	-	47,000	0.363
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35,600	-	35,700	0.965	39,400	-	39,500	0.763	43,200	-	43,300	0.560	47,000	-	47,100	0.357
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	35,700	-	35,800	0.960	39,500	-	39,600	0.757	43,300	-	43,400	0.555	47,100	-	47,200	0.352
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35,800	-	35,900	0.955	39,600	-	39,700	0.752	43,400	-	43,500	0.549	47,200	-	47,300	0.347
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35,900	-	36,000	0.949	39,700	-	39,800	0.747	43,500	-	43,600	0.544	47,300	-	47,400	0.341
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	36,000	-	36,100	0.944	39,800	-	39,900	0.741	43,600	-	43,700	0.539	47,400	-	47,500	0.336
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	36,100	-	36,200	0.939	39,900	-	40,000	0.736	43,700	-	43,800	0.533	47,500	-	47,600	0.331
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	36,200	-	36,300	0.933	40,000	-	40,100	0.731	43,800	-	43,900	0.528	47,600	-	47,700	0.325
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	36,300	-	36,400	0.928	40,100	-	40,200	0.725	43,900	-	44,000	0.523	47,700	-	47,800	0.320
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	36,400	-	36,500	0.923	40,200	-	40,300	0.720	44,000	-	44,100	0.517	47,800	-	47,900	0.315
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	36,500	-	36,600	0.917	40,300	-	40,400	0.715	44,100	-	44,200	0.512	47,900	-	48,000	0.309
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	36,600	-	36,700	0.912	40,400	-	40,500	0.709	44,200	-	44,300	0.507	48,000	-	48,100	0.304
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	36,700	-	36,800	0.907	40,500	-	40,600	0.704	44,300	-	44,400	0.501	48,100	-	48,200	0.299
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	36,800	-	36,900	0.901	40,600	-	40,700	0.699	44,400	-	44,500	0.496	48,200	-	48,300	0.293
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	36,900	-	37,000	0.896	40,700	-	40,800	0.693	44,500	-	44,600	0.491	48,300	-	48,400	0.288
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	37,000	-	37,100	0.891	40,800	-		0.688	44,600	-	44,700	0.485	48,400	-	48,500	0.283
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	37,100	-	37,200	0.885	40,900	-	41,000	0.683	44,700	-	44,800	0.480	48,500	-	48,600	0.277
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	37,200	-	37,300	0.880	41,000	-	41,100	0.677	44,800	-	44,900	0.475	48,600	-	48,700	0.272
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	37,300	-	37,400	0.875	41,100	-	41,200	0.672	44,900	-	45,000	0.469	48,700	-	48,800	0.267
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	37,400	-	37,500	0.869	41,200	-	41,300	0.667	45,000	-	45,100	0.464	48,800	-	48,900	0.261
37,700-37,8000.85341,500-41,6000.65145,300-45,4000.44849,100-49,2000.24537,800-37,9000.84841,600-41,7000.64545,400-45,5000.44349,200-49,3000.24637,900-38,0000.84341,700-41,8000.64045,500-45,6000.43749,300-49,4000.23538,000-38,1000.83741,800-41,9000.63545,600-45,7000.43249,400-49,5000.22938,100-38,2000.83241,900-42,0000.62945,700-45,8000.42749,500-49,6000.224	37,500	-	37,600	0.864	41,300	-	41,400	0.661		-		0.459	48,900	-	49,000	0.256
37,800-37,9000.84841,600-41,7000.64545,400-45,5000.44349,200-49,3000.24037,900-38,0000.84341,700-41,8000.64045,500-45,6000.43749,300-49,4000.23538,000-38,1000.83741,800-41,9000.63545,600-45,7000.43249,400-49,5000.22938,100-38,2000.83241,900-42,0000.62945,700-45,8000.42749,500-49,6000.224	37,600	-		0.859		-	41,500	0.656	45,200	-	45,300	0.453	49,000	-	49,100	0.251
37,900       -       38,000       0.843       41,700       -       41,800       0.640       45,500       -       45,600       0.437       49,300       -       49,400       0.235         38,000       -       38,100       0.837       41,800       -       41,900       0.635       45,600       -       45,700       0.432       49,400       -       49,500       0.235         38,100       -       38,200       0.832       41,900       -       42,000       0.629       45,700       -       45,800       0.427       49,500       -       49,600       0.224	37,700	-	37,800	0.853	41,500	-	41,600	0.651	45,300	-	45,400	0.448	49,100	-	49,200	0.245
38,000       -       38,100       0.837       41,800       -       41,900       0.635       45,600       -       45,700       0.432       49,400       -       49,500       0.229         38,100       -       38,200       0.832       41,900       -       42,000       0.629       45,700       -       45,800       0.427       49,500       -       49,600       0.224		-	37,900			-	41,700	0.645		-	45,500	0.443		-	49,300	0.240
38,100 - 38,200 0.832 41,900 - 42,000 0.629 45,700 - 45,800 0.427 49,500 - 49,600 0.224	37,900	-		0.843	41,700	-			45,500	-	45,600	0.437	49,300	-	49,400	0.235
	38,000	-	38,100	0.837	41,800	-		0.635	45,600	-	45,700	0.432	49,400	-	49,500	
38.200 - 38.300 0.827 42.000 - 42.100 0.624 45.800 - 45.900 0.421 49.600 - 49.700 0.219		-			41,900	-		0.629		-	45,800	0.427	49,500	-	49,600	
	38,200	-	38,300	0.827	42,000	-	42,100	0.624	45,800	-	45,900	0.421	49,600	-	49,700	0.219
		-	,		1 '	-	,		1 1	-	46,000		· ·	-	49,800	0.213
	38,400	-	38,500			-			46,000	-	46,100	-		-	49,900	0.208
		-				-			1 1	-				-	,	0.203
38,600 - 38,700 0.805 42,400 - 42,500 0.603 46,200 - 46,300 0.400 49,999 No Limit 0.200	38,600	-	38,700	0.805	42,400	-	42,500	0.603	46,200	-	46,300	0.400	49,999		No Limi	0.200

\*This may be any amount up to \$35,000, including zero or a negative amount.

Line 14 — If you are attaching this claim to your original 1999 New York State income tax return and you answered *No* at line 1:

- Residents Transfer the line 14 amount to Form IT-200, line 34, or Form IT-201, line 57.
- Nonresidents Transfer the line 14 amount to Form IT-203, line 39.
- Part-year residents Transfer the line 14 amount to Form IT-203, line 39 and continue on line 15 of Form IT-216.

If you pay someone to prepare your return, the paid preparer must also sign and fill in the other blanks in the paid preparer's area of your return. A person who prepares your return and does not charge you should not fill in the paid preparer's area.

#### Where to file

If you have previously filed your 1999 New York State income tax return and you answered *Yes* at line 1: mail your completed form to: State Processing Center, PO Box 61000, Albany, NY 12261-0001.

#### **Private delivery services**

If you choose, you may use a private delivery service, instead of the U.S. Postal Service, to file your return. However, if, at a later date, you need to establish the date you filed your return, you cannot use the date recorded by a private delivery service **unless** you used a delivery service that has been designated by the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury or the Commissioner of Taxation and Finance. (Currently designated delivery services are listed in Publication 55, *Designated Private Delivery Services*. See *Need help* on the back page of Form IT-216 for information on ordering forms and publications.) If you use **any** private delivery service, whether it is a designated service or not, address your return to: **State Processing Center, 431C Broadway, Albany NY 12204-4836.** 

# Line instructions for part-year residents only (lines 15-22)

Lines 15 through 22 need to be completed only by part-year residents claiming the New York State child and dependent care credit who are filing, or have previously filed, Form IT-203, *Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return*, for 1999. The amounts for these lines can be found on the appropriate lines of Form IT-203 or Form IT-203-ATT, *Itemized Deduction, and Other Taxes and Tax Credits*, or the instructions for Form IT-203. The New York State child and dependent care credit must first reduce your tax liability to zero before the remaining excess is eligible to be refunded. The amount to be refunded will be based on the ratio of resident period income to the combined income from both the resident and nonresident periods.

Line 21– Divide line 19 by line 20 and carry the result to four decimal places. Do not enter more than 100% (1.0000) even if your actual result is more than 100%. If the result is zero percent (0%), you have no remaining excess child care credit available to be refunded. Do not complete line 22.

Line 22 – If line 21 is greater than 0%, multiply line 18 by line 21 and enter the result on line 22. If you answered *No* at line 1, transfer the line 22 amount to Form IT-203-ATT, line 56 and attach Form IT-216 to your Form IT-203-ATT. This amount represents the refundable portion of your part-year resident child and dependent care credit.

See Where to file and Private delivery services above.



# School districts and code numbers

Use this list to find the name and code number of the public school district located in the county where you were a resident on December 31, 1999. (If you are a New York City resident, look for your listing after Nassau County.) Enter the school district name and code number at the top of the front of your return in the white spaces and boxes provided. If you do not know the name of your school district, contact your nearest public school.

**Caution:** You must enter your school district and code number even if you were absent temporarily, if the school your children attended was not in your school district, or if you had no children attending school. School aid may be affected if the school district or code number is not correct.

#### School district name School district code number

#### Albany

Albany 005 Berne-Knox (Westerlo) 050 Bethlehem 051 Cairo (Durham) 076 Cohoes 122 Duanesburg 153 Green Island 236 Greenville 240 Guilderland 246 Maplewood (Colonie) 371 Menands 388 Middleburgh 393 Mohonasen-Draper (Rotterdam) 402 Niskayuna 439 North Colonie 443 Ravena-Coeymans (Selkirk) 524 Schalmont (Rotterdam) 568 Schoharie 572 South Colonie 595 Voorheesville 660 Watervliet 674

#### Allegany

Alfred Almond 010 Andover 017 Angelica-Belmont 018 Arkport 021 Belfast 044 Bolivar-Richburg 054 Canaseraga 083 Cuba-Rushford 138 Fillmore 192 Friendship 209 Greenwood 242 Hinsdale 277 Keshequa (Dalton-Nunda) 320 Letchworth (Gainesville) 339 Pioneer (Yorkshire) 498 Portville 512 Scio 575 Wellsville 583 Whitesville 702

#### **Broome**

Afton 003 Bainbridge Guilford 031 Binghamton 053 Chenango Forks 107 Chenango Valley 108 Cincinnatus 113 Deposit 146 Greene 238 Harpursville 259 Johnson City 313 Maine Endwell 364 Marathon 372 Newark Valley 432 South Mountain-Hickory 720 Susquehanna Valley 627 Union-Endicott 651 Vestal 658 Whitney Point 703 Windsor 710

#### Cattaraugus

Allegany-Limestone 011 Cattaraugus 094

### School district code number Cattaraugus (Cont'd)

School district name

Cuba-Rushford 138 Ellicottville 181 Forestville 198 Franklinville 205 Frewsburg 208 Gowanda 230 Griffith Institute (Springville) 244 Hinsdale 277 Little Valley 347 Olean 462 Pine Valley (South Dayton) 497 Pioneer (Yorkshire) 498 Portville 512 Randolph 522 Randolph Children's Home 723 Salamanca 556 West Valley 690

#### Cayuga

Auburn 025 Cato Meridian 092 Groton 245 Hannibal 257 Homer 281 Jordan Elbridge 315 Moravia 407 Oswego 472 Port Byron 507 Red Creek 525 Skaneateles 588 Southern Cayuga 609 Union Springs 650 Weedsport 681

#### Chautauqua

Bemus Point 048 Brocton 067 Cassadaga Valley 091 Chautauqua Lake (Mayville) 104 Clymer 119 Dunkirk 155 Falconer 189 Forestville 198 Fredonia 206 Frewsburg 208 Gowanda 230 Jamestown 306 Jamestown 306 Jamestown (Southwestern) 611 Panama 479 Pine Valley (South Dayton) 497 Randolph 522 Ripley 536 Sherman 583 Silver Creek 587 Westfield 692

#### Chemung

Corning 132 Elmira 182 Elmira Heights 183 Horseheads 287 Newfield 436 Odessa Montour 460 Spencer Van Etten 613 Watkins Glen 675 Waverly 676

### School district name School district code number

# Chenango

Afton 003 Bainbridge Guilford 031 Brookfield 070 Chenango Forks 107 Cincinnatus 113 De Ruyter 141 Gilbertsville-Mt. Upton 222 Greene 238 Harpursville 259 Norwich 455 Otselic Valley (Georgetown-South Otselic) 606 Oxford 475 Sherburne-Earlville 582 Sidney 586 Unadilla Valley (New Berlin-South New Berlin) 422 Whitney Point 703

#### Clinton

Ausable Valley (Keeseville) 026 Beekmantown 043 Chateaugay 102 Chazy 105 N. Eastern Clinton 418 Northern Adirondack 453 Peru 492 Plattsburgh 503 Saranac (Dannemora) 560 Saranac Lake 561

#### Columbia

Chatham 103 East Greenbush 158 Germantown 221 Hudson 289 Ichabod Crane (Kinderhook) 294 New Lebanon 426 Pine Plains 496 Red Hook 526 Schodack 571 Taconic Hills (Copake) 632 Webutuck (Northeast) 680

#### Cortland

Cincinnatus 113 Cortland 134 De Ruyter 141 Dryden 152 Fabius (Pompey) 187 Greene 238 Groton 245 Homer 281 Marathon 372 McGraw 385 Newark Valley 432 Tully 646 Whitney Point 703

### Delaware

Andes 016 Bainbridge Guilford 031 Charlotte Valley 101 Delaware Valley - Jeff Youngsville -Narrowsburg 143 Delhi 144 Deposit 146 Downsville 150 Franklin 203

#### School district name School district code number

#### Delaware (Cont'd)

Gilboa Conesville 223 Hancock 256 Jefferson 310 Livingston Manor 349 Margaretville 375 Oneonta 464 Roscoe 545 Roxbury 547 Sidney 586 South Kortright 601 Stamford 620 Unatego (Otego-Unadilla) 649 Walton 663 Worcester 711

#### **Dutchess**

Arlington 022 Beacon 040 Carmel 089 Dover Union Free 149 Haldane (Philipstown) 249 Hyde Park 293 Millbrook 396 Pawling 483 Pine Plains 496 Poughkeepsie 514 Red Hook 526 Rhinebeck 531 Spackenkill 612 Taconic Hills (Copake) 632 Wappingers Falls 665 Webutuck (Northeast) 680

#### Erie

Akron 004 Alden 007 Amherst 719 Attica 024 Buffalo 073 Cheektowaga 106 Cheektowaga-Maryvale 378 Cheektowaga-Sloan 589 Clarence 114 Cleveland Hill 115 Depew 145 East Aurora 156 Eden 171 Frontier 210 Gowanda 230 Grand Island 232 Griffith Institute (Springville) 244 Hamburg 251 Holland 278 Iroquois 300 Kenmore-Town of Tonawanda 319 Lackawanna 326 Lake-Shore (Evans-Brant) 330 Lancaster 332 Maryvale (Cheektowaga) 378 North Collins 442 Orchard Park 468 Pioneer (Yorkshire) 498 Silver Creek 587 Sloan (Cheektowaga) 589 Sweet Home 628 Tonawanda (City of) 638 West Seneca 689 Williamsville 706

**Albany - Erie** 

#### Essex - Nassau

# School districts and code numbers



# School district name

# School district code number

#### Essex

Ausable Valley (Keeseville) 026 Crown Point 137 Elizabethtown (Lewis) 179 Keene 317 Lake Placid 328 Minerva 399 Moriah 408 Newcomb 434 Putnam 517 Saranac Lake 561 Schroon Lake 573 Ticonderoga 636 Westport 696 Willsboro 707

#### Franklin

Ausable Valley (Keeseville) 026 Brasher Falls (St. Lawrence) 058 Brushton Moira 072 Chateaugay 102 Malone 365 Northern Adirondack 453 Salmon River 558 Saranac Lake 561 St. Regis Falls 619 Tupper Lake 647

#### **Fulton**

Amsterdam 015 Broadalbin-Perth 065 Dolgeville 148 Edinburg 173 Fonda Fultonville 197 Fort Plain 201 Galway 212 Gloversville 227 Johnstown 314 Mayfield 383 Northville 454 Oppenheim Ephratah 467 St. Johnsville 618 Wheelerville 698

#### Genesee

Akron 004 Albion 006 Alden 007 Alexander 008 Attica 024 Batavia 036 Brockport 066 Byron Bergen 075 Caledonia Mumford 077 Elba 177 Le Roy 338 Medina 387 Oakfield Alabama 458 Pavilion 482 Pembroke 487 Royalton Hartland 548 Wyoming 714

#### Greene

Cairo (Durham) 076 Catskill 093 Coxsackie Athens 135 Gilboa Conesville 223 Greenville 240 Hunter Tannersville 291 Margaretville 375 Onteora 466 Ravena-Coeymans (Selkirk) 524 Windham Ashland (Jewett) 709

### School district name School district code number

#### Hamilton

Indian Lake 296 Inlet 298 Lake Pleasant 329 Long Lake 354 Northville 454 Piseco (Morehouse) 499 Poland 506 Raquette Lake 523 Wells 682

#### Herkimer

Adirondack (Boonville) 002 Cherry Valley-Springfield 616 Dolgeville 148 Fort Plain 201 Frankfort (Schuyler) 202 Herkimer 268 Holland Patent 279 Ilion 295 Little Falls 346 Mohawk 401 Mount Markham (Bridgewater-W. Winfield) 412 New Hartford 424 Oppenheim Ephratah 467 Owen D. Young (Hornesville) 474 Poland 506 Remsen 528 Richfield Springs 533 Sauquoit Valley 564 St. Johnsville 618 Town of Webb 639 West Canada Valley 685 Whitesboro 701

#### Jefferson

Alexandria Bay (Alexandria) 009 Belleville-Henderson 045 Carthage 090 Copenhagen 129 General Brown 217 Gouverneur 229 Hammond (Alexandria Common) 253 Indian River 297 La Fargeville 324 Lyme 356 Sackets Harbor (Hounsfield) 288 Sandy Creek 559 South Jefferson 600 Thousand Islands 634 Watertown 672

### Lewis

Adirondack (Boonville) 002 Beaver River 041 Camden 079 Carthage 090 Copenhagen 129 Harrisville 261 Lowville 355 Sandy Creek 559 South Jefferson 600 South Lewis 602

#### Livingston

Avon 029 Caledonia Mumford 077 Canaseraga 083 Dansville 140 Geneseo 218

#### School district name School district code number

### Livingston (Cont'd)

Honeoye 282 Honeoye Falls-Lima 283 Keshequa (Dalton-Nunda) 320 Le Roy 338 Livonia 350 Mount Morris 413 Naples 420 Pavilion 482 Perry 490 Wayland-Cohocton 677 Wheatland Chili 697 York 716

#### Madison

Brookfield 070 Canastota 084 Cazenovia 095 Chittenango 111 De Ruyter 141 East Syracuse (Minoa) 167 Edmeston 174 Fabius (Pompey) 187 Hamilton 252 Madison 361 Manilus (Fayetteville) 370 Morrisville Eaton 411 Mount Markham (Bridgewater-W. Winfield) 412 Oneida (Sylvan) 463 Otselic Valley (Georgetown-South Otselic) 606 Sherburne-Earlville 582 Sherrill 584 Stockbridge Valley 624 Unadilla Valley (New Berlin-South New Berlin) 422 Waterville 673

#### Monroe

Avon 029 Brighton 063 Brockport 066 Byron Bergen 075 Caledonia Mumford 077 Churchville Chili 112 East Irondequoit 160 East Rochester 165 Fairport 188 Gates Chili 216 Greece 235 Hilton 276 Holley 280 Honeoye Falls-Lima 283 Irondequoit (West Irondequoit) 299 East Irondequoit 160 Kendall 318 Penfield 488 Pittsford 500 Rochester 538 East Rochester 165 Rush Henrietta 549 Spencerport 614 Victor 659 Wayne 678 Webster 679 Wheatland Chili 697

#### Montgomery

Amsterdam 015 Broadalbin-Perth 065 Canajoharie 081 Cherry Valley-Springfield 616 Cobleskill-Richmondville 120 Duanesburg 153

#### School district name School district code number

#### Montgomery (Cont'd)

Fonda Fultonville 197 Fort Plain 201 Galway 212 Johnstown 314 Owen D. Young (Hornesville) 474 Schalmont (Rotterdam) 568 Schoharie 572 Scotia Glenville 576 Sharon Springs 579 St. Johnsville 618

#### Nassau

Amityville 014 Baldwin 032 Bellmore 046 Bellmore-Merrick CHS\* Bethpage 052 Carle Place 088 Cold Spring Harbor 123 East Meadow 162 East Rockaway 166 East Williston 168 Elmont 184 Farmingdale 191 Floral Park (Bellerose) 195 Franklin Square 204 Freeport 207 Garden City 214 Glen Cove 224 Great Neck 234 Hempstead 265 West Hempstead 687 Herricks 270 Hewlett Woodmere 272 Hicksville 273 Island Park 302 Island Trees 303 Jericho 311 Lawrence 337 Levittown 340 Locust Valley 352 Long Beach 353 Lynbrook 357 Malverne 366 Manhasset 368 Massapequa 379 Merrick 389 North Merrick 444 Mineola 398 New Hyde Park (Garden City Park) 425 North Bellmore 441 North Merrick 444 North Shore (Sea Cliff) 448 Oceanside 459 Oyster Bay (East Norwich) 476 Plainedge 501 Plainview (Old Bethpage) 502 Port Washington 511 Rockville Centre 539 Roosevelt 544 Roslyn 546 Seaford 577 Sewanhaka\* Svosset 630 Uniondale 652 Valley Stream CHS\* Valley Stream Hempstead-13 655 Valley Stream Hempstead-24 656 Valley Stream Hempstead-30 657 Wantagh 664 West Hempstead 687 Westbury 691

\* Do not use a high school district (CHS) in Bellmore-Merrick, Sewanhaka or Valley Stream. Use the code number for the elementary school district where you live.



# School districts and code numbers

#### School district name School district code number

#### New York City

Bronx 068 Brooklyn (Kings County) 071 Manhattan (NY County) 369 Queens 519 Staten Island (Richmond County) 622

#### Niagara

Akron 004 Barker 035 Lewiston Porter 341 Lockport 351 Medina 387 Newfane 435 Niagara Falls 437 Niagara Wheatfield 438 North Tonawanda 450 Royalton Hartland 548 Star Point 621 Wilson 708

#### Oneida

Adirondack (Boonville) 002 Brookfield 070 Camden 079 Central Square 098 Clinton 117 Holland Patent 279 Madison 361 Mount Markham (Bridgewater-W. Winfield) 412 New Hartford 424 New York Mills 430 Oneida (Sylvan) 463 Oriskany 469 Poland 506 Remsen 528 Rome 541 Sauquoit Valley 564 Sherrill 584 Stockbridge Valley 624 Town of Webb 639 Utica 653 Waterville 673 West Canada Valley 685 Westmoreland 695

#### Onondaga

Baldwinsville 033 Cato Meridian 092 Cazenovia 095 Central Square 098 Chittenango 111 De Ruyter 141 East Syracuse (Minoa) 167 Fabius (Pompey) 187 Homer 281 Jamesville-Dewitt 307 Jordan Elbridge 315 La Fayette 325 Liverpool 348 Lyncourt (Salina) 358 Manlius (Fayetteville) 370 Marcellus 373 Moravia 407 North Syracuse 449 Onondaga 465 Phoenix 494 Skaneateles 588 Solvay 593 Syracuse 631 East Syracuse (Minoa) 167 North Syracuse 449 Tully 646 West Genesee (Camillus) 686

#### School district name School district code number

#### Ontario

Canandaigua 082 East Bloomfield (Bloomfield) 157 Geneva 219 Honeoye 282 Honeoye Falls-Lima 283 Livonia 350 Lyons 360 Marcus Whitman (Gorham-Middlesex) 374 Naples 420 Newark 431 Palmyra-Macedon 478 Penn Yan 489 Phelps-Clifton Springs 493 Pittsford 500 Red Jacket (Manchester-Shortsville) 527 Victor 659 Wayland-Cohocton 677

#### Orange

Chester 110 Cornwall 133 Eldred 178 Florida (S.S. Seward) 196 Goshen 228 Greenwood Lake 243 Highland Falls 275 Kiryas Joel Village 725 Marlboro 377 Middletown 394 Minisink Valley 400 Monroe Woodbury 403 Montgomery (Valley Central) 405 Newburgh 433 North Rockland (Haverstraw-Stony Point) 445 Pine Bush 495 Port Jervis 510 Suffern (Ramapo) 626 Tuxedo 648 Wallkill 662 Warwick Valley 668 Washingtonville 669

#### Orleans

Albion 006 Barker 035 Brockport 066 Byron Bergen 075 Holley 280 Kendall 318 Lyndonville 359 Medina 387 Oakfield Alabama 458 Royalton Hartland 548

#### Oswego

Altmar Parish (Williamstown) 012 Camden 079 Cato Meridian 092 Central Square 098 Fulton 211 Hannibal 257 Mexico 390 Oswego 472 Phoenix 494 Pulaski 516 Sandy Creek 559 South Jefferson 600

#### Otsego

Bainbridge Guilford 031 Charlotte Valley 101

#### School district name School district code number

#### Otsego (Cont'd)

Cherry Valley-Springfield 616 Cobleskill-Richmondville 120 Cooperstown 128 Edmeston 174 Franklin 203 Gilbertsville-Mt. Upton 222 Laurens 336 Milford 395 Morris 409 Mount Markham (Bridgewater-W. Winfield) 412 Oneonta 464 Owen D. Young (Hornesville) 474 Richfield Springs 533 Schenevus (Andrew S. Draper) 570 Sharon Springs 579 Sidney 586 Unadilla Valley (New Berlin-South New Berlin) 422 Unatego (Otego-Unadilla) 649 Worcester 711

#### **Putnam**

Brewster 060 Carmel 089 Garrison 215 Haldane (Philipstown) 249 Lakeland (Shrub Oak) 331 Mahopac 363 North Salem 447 Pawling 483 Putnam Valley 518 Wappingers Falls 665

#### Rensselaer

Averill Park (George Washington) 027 Berlin 049 Brittonkill (Brunswick Central) 064 Cambridge 078 East Greenbush 158 Hoosic Valley 284 Hoosick Falls 285 Ichabod Crane (Kinderhook) 294 Lansingburgh 334 Mechanicville 386 New Lebanon 426 Rensselaer 530 Schodack 571 Stillwater 623 Troy 642 Williams 704 Wynantskill 713

#### Rockland

Nanuet 419 New City (Clarkstown) 423 North Rockland (Haverstraw-Stony Point) 445 Nyack 457 Pearl River 484 S. Orangetown 605 Spring Valley (East Ramapo) 615 Suffern (Ramapo) 626

#### St. Lawrence

Alexandria Bay (Alexandria) 009 Brasher Falls (St. Lawrence) 058 Brushton Moira 072 Canton 087 Clifton Fine 116 **New York City - Schuyler** 

#### School district name School district code number

#### St. Lawrence (Cont'd)

Colton Pierrepont 124 Edwards-Knox 724 Gouverneur 229 Harmond (Alexandria Common) 253 Harrisville 261 Hermon Dekalb 269 Heuvelton 271 Indian River 297 Lisbon 345 Madrid Waddington 362 Massena 380 Morristown 410 Norwood Norfolk 456 Ogdensburg 461 Parishville-Hopkinton 480 Potsdam 513 Salmon River 558 St. Regis Falls 619 Tupper Lake 647

#### Saratoga

Amsterdam 015 Ballston Spa 034 Broadalbin-Perth 065 Burnt Hills (Ballston Lake) 074 Corinth 131 Edinburg 173 Galway 212 Hadley Luzerne 247 Hudson Falls 290 Mechanicville 386 Niskayuna 439 Northville 454 Saratoga Springs 562 Schuylerville 574 Scotia Glenville 576 Shenendehowa 581 South Glens Falls 597 Stillwater 623 Waterford (Halfmoon) 670

#### Schenectady

Amsterdam 015 Burnt Hills (Ballston Lake) 074 Duanesburg 153 Galway 212 Mohonasen-Draper (Rotterdam) 402 Niskayuna 439 Schalmont (Rotterdam) 568 Schenectady 569 Schoharie 572 Scotia Glenville 576 South Colonie 595

#### **Schoharie**

Berne-Knox (Westerlo) 050 Cairo (Durham) 076 Canajoharie 081 Charlotte Valley 101 Cobleskill-Richmondville 120 Duanesburg 153 Fonda Fultonville 197 Gilboa Conesville 223 Greenville 240 Jefferson 310 Middleburgh 393 Schoharie 572 Sharon Springs 579 Stamford 620

#### Schuyler

Bradford 057 Corning 132 Dundee 154 Hammondsport 254 36

# School districts and code numbers



#### School district name School district code number

### Schuyler (Cont'd)

Horseheads 287 Odessa Montour 460 South Seneca 607 Spencer Van Etten 613 Trumansburg 643 Watkins Glen 675

#### Seneca

Clyde-Savannah 118 Geneva 219 Lyons 360 Phelps-Clifton Springs 493 Romulus 542 Seneca Falls 578 South Seneca 607 Trumansburg 643 Waterloo (Border City) 671

#### Steuben

Addison 001 Alfred Almond 010 Andover 017 Arkport 021 Avoca 028 Bath (Haverling) 037 Bradford 057 Campbell-Savona 080 Canaseraga 083 Canisteo 086 Corning 132 Dansville 140 Elmira 182 Greenwood 242 Hammondsport 254 Hornell 286 Jasper-Troupsburg 308 Naples 420 Penn Yan 489 Prattsburg 515 Wayland-Cohocton 677 Whitesville 702

#### Suffolk

Amagansett 013 Amityville 014 Babylon 030 North Babylon 440 West Babylon 684 Bay Shore 038 Bayport Blue Point 039 Brentwood 059 Bridgehampton 062 Center Moriches 096 Central Islip 097 Cold Spring Harbor 123 Commack 125 Comsewogue (Brookhaven) 126 Connetquot (Islip) 127 Copiague 130 Deer Park 142 East Hampton 159 East Islip 161 East Moriches 163 East Quogue 164 Eastport 170 Elwood 186 Farmingdale 191 Fire Island (Ocean Beach) 193 Fishers Island 194 Greenport 239 Half Hollow Hills 250 Hampton Bays 255 Harborfields 258 Hauppauge 264 Huntington 292 South Huntington 599

#### School district name School district code number

#### Suffolk (Cont'd)

Islip 304 Central Islip 097 East Islip 161 West Islip 688 Kings Park 321 Lindenhurst 344 Longwood (Middle Island) 392 Mastic Beach (William Floyd) 381 Mattituck (Cutchogue) 382 Middle Country 391 Miller Place 397 Montauk 404 Mount Sinai 414 New Suffolk 429 North Babylon 440 Northport (East Northport) 452 Oyster Ponds 477 Patchogue (Medford) 481 Port Jefferson 509 Quogue 521 East Quogue 164 Remsenburg (Speonk) 529 Riverhead 537 Rocky Point 540 Sachem (Holbrook) 553 Sag Harbor 554 Sagaponack 555 Sayville 566 Shelter Island 580 Shoreham-Wading River 585 Smithtown 590 South Country (South Haven) 596 South Huntington 599 South Manor (West Manor) 603 Southhampton 608 Southald 610 Springs 617 Three Village 635 Tuckahoe Common (Southampton) 645 Wainscott 661 West Babylon 684 West Islip 688 Westhampton Beach 693 Wyandanch 712

#### Sullivan

Delaware Valley - Jeff Youngsville -Narrowsburg 143 Eldred 178 Ellenville 180 Fallsburgh 190 Liberty 342 Livingston Manor 349 Minisink Valley 400 Monticello 406 Pine Bush 495 Port Jervis 510 Roscoe 545 Tri Valley 640

### Tioga

Candor 085 Dryden 152 Ithaca 305 Maine Endwell 364 Marathon 372 Newark Valley 432 Owego-Apalachin 473 Spencer Van Etten 613 Tioga 637 Union-Endicott 651 Vestal 658 Waverly 676 Whitney Point 703

#### School district name School district code number

#### Tompkins

Candor 085 Cortland 134 Dryden 152 Groton 245 Homer 281 Ithaca 305 Lansing 333 Moravia 407 Newark Valley 432 Newfield 436 Odessa Montour 460 Southern Cayuga 609 Spencer Van Etten 613 Trumansburg 643

#### Ulster

Ellenville 180 Fallsburgh 190 Highland 274 Kingston 322 Livingston Manor 349 Margaretville 375 Marlboro 377 Montgomery (Valley Central) 405 New Paltz 427 Onteora 466 Pine Bush 495 Rondout Valley 543 Saugerties 563 Tri Valley 640 Wallkill 662

#### Warren

Bolton 055 Corinth 131 Glens Falls 225 Glens Falls Common (Abraham Wing) 226 Hadley Luzerne 247 Hudson Falls 290 Johnsburg 312 Lake George 327 Minerva 399 North Warren 451 Queensbury 520 Schroon Lake 573 Ticonderoga 636 Warrensburg 666

#### Washington

Argyle 020 Cambridge 078 Fort Ann 199 Fort Edward 200 Granville 233 Greenwich 241 Hartford 262 Hoosic Valley 284 Hoosick Falls 285 Hudson Falls 290 Lake George 327 Putnam 517 Salem 557 Schuylerville 574 Stillwater 623 Whitehall 700

### Wayne

Cato Meridian 092 Clyde-Savannah 118 Gananda 213 Lyons 360 Marion 376 North Rose-Wolcott 446 Newark 431 Palmyra-Macedon 478

#### School district name School district code number

#### Wayne (Cont'd)

Penfield 488 Phelps-Clifton Springs 493 Port Byron 507 Red Creek 525 Sodus 592 Victor 659 Wayne 678 Webster 679 Williamson 705

#### Westchester

Ardsley 019 Armonk (Byram Hills) 023 Bedford (Mt. Kisco) 042 Blind Brook-Rye 535 Briarcliff Manor 061 Bronxville 069 Bronxville 069 Chappaqua 100 Croton Harmon 136 Dobbs Ferry 147 Eastchester 169 Edgemont (Greenburgh) 172 Elmsford 185 Greenburgh 237 Harrison 260 Harrison 260 Hastings-on-Hudson 263 Hendrick Hudson 267 Irvington 301 Katonah Lewisboro 316 Lakeland (Shrub Oak) 331 Mamaroneck 367 Mt. Pleasant Central 417 Mount Vernon 416 New Rochelle 428 North Salem 447 Ossining 471 Peekskill 485 Pelham 486 Pleasantville 504 Pocantico Hills 505 Port Chester (Rye) 508 Putnam Valley 518 Rye 551 Rye Neck 552 Scarsdale 567 Somers 594 Tarrytown 633 Tuckahoe 644 Valhalla 654 White Plains 699 Yonkers 715 Yorktown Heights (Yorktown) 717

#### Wyoming

Alden 007 Alexander 008 Attica 024 Fillmore 192 Holland 278 Iroquois 300 Keshequa (Dalton-Nunda) 320 Letchworth (Gainesville) 339 Pavilion 482 Perry 490 Pioneer (Yorkshire) 498 Warsaw 667 Wyoming 714 York 716

#### Yates

Dundee 154 Geneva 219 Marcus Whitman (Gorham-Middlesex) 374 Naples 420 Penn Yan 489 Prattsburg 515

# 1999 New York State Tax Table

\$0 - \$5,999

37

Based on Taxable Income

For persons with taxable income of less than \$65,000.

**Example:** Mr. and Mrs. Allen are filing a joint return. Their taxable income on line 18 of Form IT-200 is \$36,275. First, they find the 36,250 - 36,300 income line. Next, they find the column for Married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the income line and filing status column meet is \$1,726. This is the tax amount they must write on line 19 of Form IT-200.

At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately Your New	Married filing jointly * York Stat	Head of a house- hold e tax is:
36,200	36,250	2,084	1,723	1,918
36,250	36,300	2,088	1,726	1,922
36,300	36,350	2,091	1,729	1,925
36,350	36,400	2,095	1,732	1,929

If line 1 (taxable income	е	And	you are -		If line 1 (taxabl income	e	And	you are -		If line 1 (taxable income	Ð	And	you are -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
		Your New												
\$0 13	\$13 25	\$0 1	\$0 1	\$0 1	2,0	00	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	4,0	00	Your New	York State	e tax is:
25	50	2	2	2	2,000	2,050	81	81	81	4,000	4,050	161	161	161
50	100	3	3	3	2,050	2,100	83	83	83	4,050	4,100	163	163	163
100	150	5	5	5	2,100	2,150	85	85	85	4,100	4,150	165	165	165
150	200	7	7	7	2,150	2,200	87	87	87	4,150	4,200	167	167	167
200	250	9	9	9	2,200	2,250	89	89	89	4,200	4,250	169	169	169
250	300	11	11	11	2,250	2,300	91	91	91	4,250	4,300	171	171	171
300	350	13	13	13	2,300	2,350	93	93	93	4,300	4,350	173	173	173
350	400	15	15	15	2,350	2,400	95	95	95	4,350	4,400	175	175	175
400	450	17	17	17	2,400	2,450	97	97	97	4,400	4,450	177	177	177
450	500	19	19	19	2,450	2,500	99	99	99	4,450	4,500	179	179	179
500	550	21	21	21	2,500	2,550	101	101	101	4,500	4,550	181	181	181
550	600	23	23	23	2,550	2,600	103	103	103	4,550	4,600	183	183	183
600	650	25	25	25	2,600	2,650	105	105	105	4,600	4,650	185	185	185
650	700	27	27	27	2,650	2,700	107	107	107	4,650	4,700	187	187	187
700	750	29	29	29	2,700	2,750	109	109	109	4,700	4,750	189	189	189
750	800	31	31	31	2,750	2,800	111	111	111	4,750	4,800	191	191	191
800	850	33	33	33	2,800	2,850	113	113	113	4,800	4,850	193	193	193
850	900	35	35	35	2,850	2,900	115	115	115	4,850	4,900	195	195	195
900	950	37	37	37	2,900	2,950	117	117	117	4,900	4,950	197	197	197
950	1,000	39	39	39	2,950	3,000	119	119	119	4,950	5,000	199	199	199
1,0	00	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	3,0	00	Your New	York State	e tax is:	5,0	00	Your New	York State	e tax is:
1,000	1,050	41	41	41	3,000	3,050	121	121	121	5,000	5,050	201	201	201
1,050	1,100	43	43	43	3,050	3,100	123	123	123	5,050	5,100	203	203	203
1,100	1,150	45	45	45	3,100	3,150	125	125	125	5,100	5,150	205	205	205
1,150	1,200	47	47	47	3,150	3,200	127	127	127	5,150	5,200	207	207	207
1,200	1,250	49	49	49	3,200	3,250	129	129	129	5,200	5,250	209	209	209
1,250	1,300	51	51	51	3,250	3,300	131	131	131	5,250	5,300	211	211	211
1,300	1,350	53	53	53	3,300	3,350	133	133	133	5,300	5,350	213	213	213
1,350	1,400	55	55	55	3,350	3,400	135	135	135	5,350	5,400	215	215	215
1,400	1,450	57	57	57	3,400	3,450	137	137	137	5,400	5,450	217	217	217
1,450	1,500	59	59	59	3,450	3,500	139	139	139	5,450	5,500	219	219	219
1,500	1,550	61	61	61	3,500	3,550	141	141	141	5,500	5,550	221	221	221
1,550	1,600	63	63	63	3,550	3,600	143	143	143	5,550	5,600	223	223	223
1,600	1,650	65	65	65	3,600	3,650	145	145	145	5,600	5,650	225	225	225
1,650	1,700	67	67	67	3,650	3,700	147	147	147	5,650	5,700	227	227	227
1,700	1,750	69	69	69	3,700	3,750	149	149	149	5,700	5,750	229	229	229
1,750	1,800	71	71	71	3,750	3,800	151	151	151	5,750	5,800	231	231	231
1,800	1,850	73	73	73	3,800	3,850	153	153	153	5,800	5,850	233	233	233
1,850	1,900	75	75	75	3,850	3,900	155	155	155	5,850	5,900	235	235	235
1,900	1,950	77	77	77	3,900	3,950	157	157	157	5,900	5,950	237	237	237
1,950	2,000	79	79	79	3,950	4,000	159	159	159	5,950	6,000	239	239	239

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

38 \$6,000 - \$14,999

#### 1999 New York State Tax Table

38	\$6,000	- \$14,999			1999	New	York Stat	e lax la	ble					<b>–</b>
If line 1 (taxable income	•	And y	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	•	And y	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	e	And y	ou are -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
6,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	9,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	12,	000	Your New	York State	e tax is:
6,000	6,050	241	241	241	9,000	9,050	366	361	361	12,000	12,050	509	481	486
6,050	6,100	243	243	243	9,050	9,100	368	363	363	12,050	12,100	511	483	488
6,100	6,150	245	245	245	9,100	9,150	371	365	365	12,100	12,150	514	485	491
6,150	6,200	247	247	247	9,150	9,200	373	367	367	12,150	12,200	517	487	493
6,200	6,250	249	249	249	9,200	9,250	375	369	369	12,200	12,250	519	489	495
6,250	6,300	251	251	251	9,250	9,300	377	371	371	12,250	12,300	522	491	497
6,300	6,350	253	253	253	9,300	9,350	380	373	373	12,300	12,350	525	493	500
6,350	6,400	255	255	255	9,350	9,400	382	375	375	12,350	12,400	527	495	502
6,400	6,450	257	257	257	9,400	9,450	384	377	377	12,400	12,450	530	497	504
6,450	6,500	259	259	259	9,450	9,500	386	379	379	12,450	12,500	532	499	506
6,500	6,550	261	261	261	9,500	9,550	389	381	381	12,500	12,550	535	501	509
6,550	6,600	263	263	263	9,550	9,600	391	383	383	12,550	12,600	538	503	511
6,600	6,650	265	265	265	9,600	9,650	393	385	385	12,600	12,650	540	505	513
6,650	6,700	267	267	267	9,650	9,700	395	387	387	12,650	12,700	543	507	515
6,700	6,750	269	269	269	9,700	9,750	398	389	389	12,700	12,750	546	509	518
6,750	6,800	271	271	271	9,750	9,800	400	391	391	12,750	12,800	548	511	520
6,800	6,850	273	273	273	9,800	9,850	402	393	393	12,800	12,850	551	513	522
6,850	6,900	275	275	275	9,850	9,900	404	395	395	12,850	12,900	553	515	524
6,900	6,950	277	277	277	9,900	9,950	407	397	397	12,900	12,950	556	517	527
6,950	7,000	279	279	279	9,950	10,000	409	399	399	12,950	13,000	559	519	529
7,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	10,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	13,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:
7,000	7,050	281	281	281	10,000	10,050	411	401	401	13,000	13,050	561	521	531
7,050	7,100	283	283	283	10,050	10,100	413	403	403	13,050	13,100	564	523	533
7,100	7,150	285	285	285	10,100	10,150	416	405	405	13,100	13,150	567	525	536
7,150	7,200	287	287	287	10,150	10,200	418	407	407	13,150	13,200	570	527	538
7,200	7,250	289	289	289	10,200	10,250	420	409	409	13,200	13,250	573	529	540
7,250	7,300	291	291	291	10,250	10,300	422	411	411	13,250	13,300	576	531	542
7,300	7,350	293	293	293	10,300	10,350	425	413	413	13,300	13,350	579	533	545
7,350	7,400	295	295	295	10,350	10,400	427	415	415	13,350	13,400	582	535	547
7,400	7,450	297	297	297	10,400	10,450	429	417	417	13,400	13,450	585	537	549
7,450	7,500	299	299	299	10,450	10,500	431	419	419	13,450	13,500	588	539	551
7,500	7,550	301	301	301	10,500	10,550	434	421	421	13,500	13,550	591	541	554
7,550	7,600	303	303	303	10,550	10,600	436	423	423	13,550	13,600	594	543	556
7,600	7,650	305	305	305	10,600	10,650	438	425	425	13,600	13,650	597	545	558
7,650	7,700	307	307	307	10,650	10,700	440	427	427	13,650	13,700	600	547	560
7,700	7,750	309	309	309	10,700	10,750	443	429	429	13,700	13,750	603	549	563
7,750	7,800	311	311	311	10,750	10,800	445	431	431	13,750	13,800	606	551	565
7,800	7,850	313	313	313	10,900	10,850	447	433	433	13,800	13,850	609	553	567
7,850	7,900	315	315	315		10,900	449	435	435	13,850	13,900	612	555	569
7,900	7,950	317	317	317		10,950	452	437	437	13,900	13,950	615	557	572
7,950	8,000	319	319	319		11,000	454	439	439	13,950	14,000	618	559	574
8,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	11,	000	Your New	v York Stat	e tax is:	14,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:
8,000	8,050	321	321	321	11,000	11,050	456	441	441	14,000	14,050	620	561	576
8,050	8,100	323	323	323	11,050	11,100	459	443	443	14,050	14,100	623	563	578
8,100	8,150	326	325	325	11,100	11,150	462	445	446	14,100	14,150	626	565	581
8,150	8,200	328	327	327	11,150	11,200	464	447	448	14,150	14,200	629	567	583
8,200	8,250	330	329	329	11,200	11,250	467	449	450	14,200	14,250	632	569	585
8,250	8,300	332	331	331	11,250	11,300	469	451	452	14,250	14,300	635	571	587
8,300	8,350	335	333	333	11,300	11,350	472	453	455	14,300	14,350	638	573	590
8,350	8,400	337	335	335	11,350	11,400	475	455	457	14,350	14,400	641	575	592
8,400	8,450	339	337	337	11,400	11,450	477	457	459	14,400	14,450	644	577	594
8,450	8,500	341	339	339	11,450	11,500	480	459	461	14,450	14,500	647	579	596
8,500	8,550	344	341	341	11,500	11,550	483	461	464	14,500	14,550	650	581	599
8,550	8,600	346	343	343	11,550	11,600	485	463	466	14,550	14,600	653	583	601
8,600	8,650	348	345	345	11,600	11,650	488	465	468	14,600	14,650	656	585	603
8,650	8,700	350	347	347	11,650	11,700	490	467	470	14,650	14,700	659	587	605
8,700	8,750	353	349	349	11,700	11,750	493	469	473	14,700	14,750	662	589	608
8,750	8,800	355	351	351	11,750	11,800	496	471	475	14,750	14,800	665	591	610
8,800	8,850	357	353	353	11,800	11,850	498	473	477	14,800	14,850	668	593	612
8,850	8,900	359	355	355	11,850	11,900	501	475	479	14,850	14,900	671	595	614
8,900	8,950	362	357	357	11,900	11,950	504	477	482	14,900	14,950	674	597	617
8,950	9,000	364	359	359	11,950	12,000	506	479	484	14,950	15,000	677	599	619
		aust also be			·								ad on nov	

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

4					1999	) New	York Stat	e Tax Ta	ıble			\$15,000 - \$	\$23,999	39
If line 18 (taxable income)		And yo	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	•	And y	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	)	And y	ou are -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
15,0	000	Your New	York State	e tax is:	18,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	21,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:
15,050 15,100	15,050 15,100 15,150 15,200	679 682 685 688	601 603 605 607	621 624 627 629	18,000 18,050 18,100 18,150	18,050 18,100 18,150 18,200	856 859 862 865	731 733 736 738	785 788 791 794	21,000 21,050 21,100 21,150	21,050 21,100 21,150 21,200	1,043 1,047 1,050 1,053	866 868 871 873	962 965 968 971
15,250 15,300	15,250 15,300 15,350 15,400	691 694 697 700	609 611 613 615	632 634 637 640	18,200 18,250 18,300 18,350	18,250 18,300 18,350 18,400	868 871 874 877	740 742 745 747	797 800 803 806	21,200 21,250 21,300 21,350	21,250 21,300 21,350 21,400	1,057 1,060 1,064 1,067	875 877 880 882	974 977 980 983
15,450 15,500	15,450 15,500 15,550 15,600	703 706 709 712	617 619 621 623	642 645 648 650	18,400 18,450 18,500 18,550	18,450 18,500 18,550 18,600	880 883 886 889	749 751 754 756	809 812 815 818	21,400 21,450 21,500 21,550	21,450 21,500 21,550 21,600	1,071 1,074 1,077 1,081	884 886 889 891	986 989 992 995
15,650 15,700	15,650 15,700 15,750 15,800	715 718 721 724	625 627 629 631	653 655 658 661	18,600 18,650 18,700 18,750	18,650 18,700 18,750 18,800	892 895 898 901	758 760 763 765	821 824 827 830	21,600 21,650 21,700 21,750	21,650 21,700 21,750 21,800	1,084 1,088 1,091 1,095	893 895 898 900	998 1,001 1,004 1,007
15,850 15,900	15,850 15,900 15,950 16,000	727 730 733 736	633 635 637 639	663 666 669 671	18,800 18,850 18,900 18,950	18,850 18,900 18,950 19,000	904 907 910 913	767 769 772 774	833 836 839 842	21,800 21,850 21,900 21,950	21,850 21,900 21,950 22,000	1,098 1,101 1,105 1,108	902 904 907 909	1,010 1,013 1,016 1,019
16,0	000	Your New	York State	e tax is:	19,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	22,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:
16,050 16,100	16,050 16,100 16,150 16,200	738 741 744 747	641 643 646 648	674 676 679 682	19,000 19,050 19,100 19,150	19,050 19,100 19,150 19,200	915 918 921 924	776 778 781 783	844 847 850 853	22,000 22,050 22,100 22,150	22,050 22,100 22,150 22,200	1,112 1,115 1,119 1,122	911 914 917 919	1,021 1,024 1,027 1,030
16,250 16,300	16,250 16,300 16,350 16,400	750 753 756 759	650 652 655 657	684 687 690 692	19,200 19,250 19,300 19,350	19,250 19,300 19,350 19,400	927 930 933 936	785 787 790 792	856 859 862 865	22,200 22,250 22,300 22,350	22,250 22,300 22,350 22,400	1,125 1,129 1,132 1,136	922 924 927 930	1,033 1,036 1,039 1,042
16,450 16,500	16,450 16,500 16,550 16,600	762 765 768 771	659 661 664 666	695 697 700 703	19,400 19,450 19,500 19,550	19,450 19,500 19,550 19,600	939 942 945 948	794 796 799 801	868 871 874 877	22,400 22,450 22,500 22,550	22,450 22,500 22,550 22,600	1,139 1,143 1,146 1,149	932 935 938 940	1,045 1,048 1,051 1,054
16,650 16,700	16,650 16,700 16,750 16,800	774 777 780 783	668 670 673 675	705 708 711 713		19,650 19,700 19,750 19,800	951 954 957 960	803 805 808 810	880 883 886 889	22,600 22,650 22,700 22,750		1,153 1,156 1,160 1,163	943 945 948 951	1,057 1,060 1,063 1,066
16,850	16,850 16,900 16,950 17,000	786 789 792 795	677 679 682 684	716 718 721 724	19,800 19,850 19,900 19,950	19,850 19,900 19,950 20,000	963 966 969 972	812 814 817 819	892 895 898 901	22,800 22,850 22,900 22,950	22,850 22,900 22,950 23,000	1,167 1,170 1,173 1,177	953 956 959 961	1,069 1,072 1,075 1,078
17,0	000	Your New	York State	e tax is:	20,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	23,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:
17,050 17,100	17,050 17,100 17,150 17,200	797 800 803 806	686 688 691 693	726 729 732 735	20,000 20,050 20,100 20,150	20,050 20,100 20,150 20,200	975 978 982 985	821 823 826 828	903 906 909 912	23,000 23,050 23,100 23,150	23,050 23,100 23,150 23,200	1,180 1,184 1,187 1,190	964 966 969 972	1,080 1,083 1,086 1,089
17,250 17,300	17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400	809 812 815 818	695 697 700 702	738 741 744 747	20,200 20,250 20,300 20,350	20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400	988 992 995 999	830 832 835 837	915 918 921 924	23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350	23,250 23,300 23,350 23,400	1,194 1,197 1,201 1,204	974 977 980 982	1,092 1,095 1,098 1,101
17,450 17,500	17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600	821 824 827 830	704 706 709 711	750 753 756 759	20,400 20,450 20,500 20,550	20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600	1,002 1,006 1,009 1,012	839 841 844 846	927 930 933 936	23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550	23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600	1,208 1,211 1,214 1,218	985 987 990 993	1,104 1,107 1,110 1,113
17,650 17,700	17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800	833 836 839 842	713 715 718 720	762 765 768 771	20,600 20,650 20,700 20,750	20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800	1,016 1,019 1,023 1,026	848 850 853 855	939 942 945 948	23,600 23,650 23,700 23,750	23,650 23,700 23,750 23,800	1,221 1,225 1,228 1,232	995 998 1,001 1,003	1,116 1,119 1,122 1,125
17,850	17,850 17,900 17,950 18,000	845 848 851 854	722 724 727 729	774 777 780 783	20,800 20,850 20,900 20,950	20,850 20,900 20,950 21,000	1,030 1,033 1,036 1,040	857 859 862 864	951 954 957 960	23,800 23,850 23,900 23,950	23,850 23,900 23,950 24,000	1,235 1,238 1,242 1,245	1,006 1,008 1,011 1,014	1,128 1,131 1,134 1,137

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

40 \$24,000 - \$32,999

#### 1999 New York State Tax Table

40	<b>\$24,000</b>	) - \$32,999			1995	9 New	TORK Stat	e lax la	eidi					
If line 1 (taxable income	e	And y	ou are -	_	If line 1 (taxable income	•	And y	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	e	And y	ou are -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
24,	000	Your New Y	ork State	tax is:	27,	000	Your New Y	ork State	tax is:	30,	000	Your New Y	York State	tax is:
24,000	24,050	1,249	1,016	1,139	27,000	27,050	1,454	1,180	1,316	30,000	30,050	1,660	1,357	1,494
24,050	24,100	1,252	1,019	1,142	27,050	27,100	1,458	1,183	1,319	30,050	30,100	1,663	1,360	1,497
24,100	24,150	1,256	1,022	1,145	27,100	27,150	1,461	1,186	1,322	30,100	30,150	1,667	1,363	1,501
24,150	24,200	1,259	1,024	1,148	27,150	27,200	1,464	1,189	1,325	30,150	30,200	1,670	1,366	1,504
24,200	24,250	1,262	1,027	1,151	27,200	27,250	1,468	1,192	1,328	30,200	30,250	1,673	1,369	1,507
24,250	24,300	1,266	1,029	1,154	27,250	27,300	1,471	1,195	1,331	30,250	30,300	1,677	1,372	1,511
24,300	24,350	1,269	1,032	1,157	27,300	27,350	1,475	1,198	1,334	30,300	30,350	1,680	1,375	1,514
24,350	24,400	1,273	1,035	1,160	27,350	27,400	1,478	1,201	1,337	30,350	30,400	1,684	1,378	1,518
24,400	24,450	1,276	1,037	1,163	27,400	27,450	1,482	1,204	1,340	30,400	30,450	1,687	1,381	1,521
24,450	24,500	1,280	1,040	1,166	27,450	27,500	1,485	1,207	1,343	30,450	30,500	1,691	1,384	1,525
24,500	24,550	1,283	1,043	1,169	27,500	27,550	1,488	1,210	1,346	30,500	30,550	1,694	1,387	1,528
24,550	24,600	1,286	1,045	1,172	27,550	27,600	1,492	1,213	1,349	30,550	30,600	1,697	1,390	1,531
24,600	24,650	1,290	1,048	1,175	27,600	27,650	1,495	1,216	1,352	30,600	30,650	1,701	1,393	1,535
24,650	24,700	1,293	1,050	1,178	27,650	27,700	1,499	1,219	1,355	30,650	30,700	1,704	1,396	1,538
24,700	24,750	1,297	1,053	1,181	27,700	27,750	1,502	1,222	1,358	30,700	30,750	1,708	1,399	1,542
24,750	24,800	1,300	1,056	1,184	27,750	27,800	1,506	1,225	1,361	30,750	30,800	1,711	1,402	1,545
24,800	24,850	1,304	1,058	1,187	27,800	27,850	1,509	1,228	1,364	30,800	30,850	1,715	1,405	1,549
24,850	24,900	1,307	1,061	1,190	27,850	27,900	1,512	1,231	1,367	30,850	30,900	1,718	1,408	1,552
24,900	24,950	1,310	1,064	1,193	27,900	27,950	1,516	1,234	1,370	30,900	30,950	1,721	1,411	1,555
24,950	25,000	1,314	1,066	1,196	27,950	28,000	1,519	1,237	1,373	30,950	31,000	1,725	1,414	1,559
25,	000	Your New Y	ork State	tax is:	28,	000	Your New Y	ork State	tax is:	31,	000	Your New Y	York State	tax is:
25,000	25,050	1,317	1,069	1,198	28,000	28,050	1,523	1,239	1,375	31,000	31,050	1,728	1,416	1,562
25,050	25,100	1,321	1,071	1,201	28,050	28,100	1,526	1,242	1,378	31,050	31,100	1,732	1,419	1,566
25,100	25,150	1,324	1,074	1,204	28,100	28,150	1,530	1,245	1,381	31,100	31,150	1,735	1,422	1,569
25,150	25,200	1,327	1,077	1,207	28,150	28,200	1,533	1,248	1,384	31,150	31,200	1,738	1,425	1,572
25,200	25,250	1,331	1,079	1,210	28,200	28,250	1,536	1,251	1,387	31,200	31,250	1,742	1,428	1,576
25,250	25,300	1,334	1,082	1,213	28,250	28,300	1,540	1,254	1,390	31,250	31,300	1,745	1,431	1,579
25,300	25,350	1,338	1,085	1,216	28,300	28,350	1,543	1,257	1,393	31,300	31,350	1,749	1,434	1,583
25,350	25,400	1,341	1,087	1,219	28,350	28,400	1,547	1,260	1,396	31,350	31,400	1,752	1,437	1,586
25,400	25,450	1,345	1,090	1,222	28,400	28,450	1,550	1,263	1,399	31,400	31,450	1,756	1,440	1,590
25,450	25,500	1,348	1,092	1,225	28,450	28,500	1,554	1,266	1,402	31,450	31,500	1,759	1,443	1,593
25,500	25,550	1,351	1,095	1,228	28,500	28,550	1,557	1,269	1,405	31,500	31,550	1,762	1,446	1,596
25,550	25,600	1,355	1,098	1,231	28,550	28,600	1,560	1,272	1,408	31,550	31,600	1,766	1,449	1,600
25,600	25,650	1,358	1,100	1,234	28,600	28,650	1,564	1,275	1,411	31,600	31,650	1,769	1,452	1,603
25,650	25,700	1,362	1,103	1,237	28,650	28,700	1,567	1,278	1,414	31,650	31,700	1,773	1,455	1,607
25,700	25,750	1,365	1,106	1,240	28,700	28,750	1,571	1,281	1,417	31,700	31,750	1,776	1,458	1,610
25,750	25,800	1,369	1,108	1,243	28,750	28,800	1,574	1,284	1,420	31,750	31,800	1,780	1,461	1,614
25,800	25,850	1,372	1,111	1,246	28,800	28,850	1,578	1,287	1,423	31,800	31,850	1,783	1,464	1,617
25,850	25,900	1,375	1,113	1,249	28,850	28,900	1,581	1,290	1,426	31,850	31,900	1,786	1,467	1,620
25,900	25,950	1,379	1,116	1,252	28,900	28,950	1,584	1,293	1,429	31,900	31,950	1,790	1,470	1,624
25,950	26,000	1,382	1,119	1,255	28,950	29,000	1,588	1,296	1,432	31,950	32,000	1,793	1,473	1,627
26,	000	Your New Y	ork State	tax is:	29,	000	Your New Y	ork State	tax is:	32,	000	Your New Y	York State	tax is:
26,000 26,050 26,100 26,150		1,386 1,389 1,393 1,396	1,121 1,124 1,127 1,130	1,257 1,260 1,263 1,266		29,100	1,591 1,595 1,598 1,601	1,298 1,301 1,304 1,307	1,434 1,437 1,440 1,443	32,000 32,050 32,100 32,150	32,050 32,100 32,150 32,200	1,797 1,800 1,804 1,807	1,475 1,478 1,481 1,484	1,631 1,634 1,638 1,641
26,200	26,250	1,399	1,133	1,269	29,200	29,250	1,605	1,310	1,446	32,200	32,250	1,810	1,487	1,644
26,250	26,300	1,403	1,136	1,272	29,250	29,300	1,608	1,313	1,449	32,250	32,300	1,814	1,490	1,648
26,300	26,350	1,406	1,139	1,275	29,300	29,350	1,612	1,316	1,452	32,300	32,350	1,817	1,493	1,651
26,350	26,400	1,410	1,142	1,278	29,350	29,400	1,615	1,319	1,455	32,350	32,400	1,821	1,496	1,655
26,400	26,450	1,413	1,145	1,281	29,400	29,450	1,619	1,322	1,458	32,400	32,450	1,824	1,499	1,658
26,450	26,500	1,417	1,148	1,284	29,450	29,500	1,622	1,325	1,461	32,450	32,500	1,828	1,502	1,662
26,500	26,550	1,420	1,151	1,287	29,500	29,550	1,625	1,328	1,464	32,500	32,550	1,831	1,505	1,665
26,550	26,600	1,423	1,154	1,290	29,550	29,600	1,629	1,331	1,467	32,550	32,600	1,834	1,508	1,668
26,600	26,650	1,427	1,157	1,293	29,600	29,650	1,632	1,334	1,470	32,600	32,650	1,838	1,511	1,672
26,650	26,700	1,430	1,160	1,296	29,650	29,700	1,636	1,337	1,473	32,650	32,700	1,841	1,514	1,675
26,700	26,750	1,434	1,163	1,299	29,700	29,750	1,639	1,340	1,476	32,700	32,750	1,845	1,517	1,679
26,750	26,800	1,437	1,166	1,302	29,750	29,800	1,643	1,343	1,479	32,750	32,800	1,848	1,520	1,682
26,800	26,850	1,441	1,169	1,305	29,800	29,850	1,646	1,346	1,482	32,800	32,850	1,852	1,523	1,686
26,850	26,900	1,444	1,172	1,308	29,850	29,900	1,649	1,349	1,485	32,850	32,900	1,855	1,526	1,689
26,900	26,950	1,447	1,175	1,311	29,900	29,950	1,653	1,352	1,488	32,900	32,950	1,858	1,529	1,692
26,950	27,000	1,451	1,178	1,314	29,950	30,000	1,656	1,355	1,491	32,950	33,000	1,862	1,532	1,696
* This c	column r	nust also be	used by	a qualify	ina wido	w(er)						continu	ed on nex	t narre

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

continued on next page

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<b>*</b>					1999	New	York Stat	e Tax Ta	able			\$33,000 - \$	641,999	41
If line 18 (taxable income)		And yo	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	•	And y	ou are -		If line 18 (taxable income	•	And yo	ou are -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
33,0	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	36,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	39,	000	Your New	York Sta	te tax is:
33,050 33,100	33,050 33,100 33,150 33,200	1,865 1,869 1,872 1,875	1,534 1,537 1,540 1,543	1,699 1,703 1,706 1,709	36,000 36,050 36,100 36,150	36,050 36,100 36,150 36,200	2,071 2,074 2,078 2,081	1,711 1,714 1,717 1,720	1,905 1,908 1,912 1,915	39,000 39,050 39,100 39,150	39,050 39,100 39,150 39,200	2,276 2,280 2,283 2,286	1,888 1,891 1,894 1,897	2,110 2,114 2,117 2,120
33,250 33,300	33,250 33,300 33,350 33,400	1,879 1,882 1,886 1,889	1,546 1,549 1,552 1,555	1,713 1,716 1,720 1,723	36,200 36,250 36,300 36,350	36,250 36,300 36,350 36,400	2,084 2,088 2,091 2,095	1,723 1,726 1,729 1,732	1,918 1,922 1,925 1,929	39,200 39,250 39,300 39,350	39,250 39,300 39,350 39,400	2,290 2,293 2,297 2,300	1,900 1,903 1,906 1,909	2,124 2,127 2,131 2,134
33,450 33,500	33,450 33,500 33,550 33,600	1,893 1,896 1,899 1,903	1,558 1,561 1,564 1,567	1,727 1,730 1,733 1,737	36,400 36,450 36,500 36,550	36,450 36,500 36,550 36,600	2,098 2,102 2,105 2,108	1,735 1,738 1,741 1,744	1,932 1,936 1,939 1,942	39,400 39,450 39,500 39,550	39,450 39,500 39,550 39,600	2,304 2,307 2,310 2,314	1,912 1,915 1,918 1,921	2,138 2,141 2,144 2,148
33,650 33,700	33,650 33,700 33,750 33,800	1,906 1,910 1,913 1,917	1,570 1,573 1,576 1,579	1,740 1,744 1,747 1,751	36,600 36,650 36,700 36,750	36,650 36,700 36,750 36,800	2,112 2,115 2,119 2,122	1,747 1,750 1,753 1,756	1,946 1,949 1,953 1,956	39,600 39,650 39,700 39,750	39,650 39,700 39,750 39,800	2,317 2,321 2,324 2,328	1,924 1,927 1,930 1,933	2,151 2,155 2,158 2,162
33,850 33,900	33,850 33,900 33,950 34,000	1,920 1,923 1,927 1,930	1,582 1,585 1,588 1,591	1,754 1,757 1,761 1,764	36,800 36,850 36,900 36,950	36,850 36,900 36,950 37,000	2,126 2,129 2,132 2,136	1,759 1,762 1,765 1,768	1,960 1,963 1,966 1,970	39,800 39,850 39,900 39,950	39,850 39,900 39,950 40,000	2,331 2,334 2,338 2,341	1,936 1,939 1,942 1,945	2,165 2,168 2,172 2,175
34,0	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	37,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	40,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:
34,050 34,100	34,050 34,100 34,150 34,200	1,934 1,937 1,941 1,944	1,593 1,596 1,599 1,602	1,768 1,771 1,775 1,778	37,000 37,050 37,100 37,150	37,050 37,100 37,150 37,200	2,139 2,143 2,146 2,149	1,770 1,773 1,776 1,779	1,973 1,977 1,980 1,983	40,000 40,050 40,100 40,150	40,050 40,100 40,150 40,200	2,345 2,348 2,352 2,355	1,948 1,951 1,955 1,958	2,179 2,182 2,186 2,189
34,250 34,300	34,250 34,300 34,350 34,400	1,947 1,951 1,954 1,958	1,605 1,608 1,611 1,614	1,781 1,785 1,788 1,792	37,200 37,250 37,300 37,350	37,250 37,300 37,350 37,400	2,153 2,156 2,160 2,163	1,782 1,785 1,788 1,791	1,987 1,990 1,994 1,997	40,200 40,250 40,300 40,350	40,250 40,300 40,350 40,400	2,358 2,362 2,365 2,369	1,961 1,965 1,968 1,972	2,192 2,196 2,199 2,203
34,450 34,500	34,450 34,500 34,550 34,600	1,961 1,965 1,968 1,971	1,617 1,620 1,623 1,626	1,795 1,799 1,802 1,805	37,400 37,450 37,500 37,550	37,450 37,500 37,550 37,600	2,167 2,170 2,173 2,177	1,794 1,797 1,800 1,803	2,001 2,004 2,007 2,011	40,400 40,450 40,500 40,550	40,450 40,500 40,550 40,600	2,372 2,376 2,379 2,382	1,975 1,979 1,982 1,985	2,206 2,210 2,213 2,216
34,650 34,700	34,650 34,700 34,750 34,800	1,975 1,978 1,982 1,985	1,629 1,632 1,635 1,638	1,809 1,812 1,816 1,819	37,600 37,650 37,700 37,750	37,650 37,700 37,750 37,800	2,180 2,184 2,187 2,191	1,806 1,809 1,812 1,815	2,014 2,018 2,021 2,025	40,600 40,650 40,700 40,750	40,650 40,700 40,750 40,800	2,386 2,389 2,393 2,396	1,989 1,992 1,996 1,999	2,220 2,223 2,227 2,230
34,850	34,850 34,900 34,950 35,000	1,989 1,992 1,995 1,999	1,641 1,644 1,647 1,650	1,823 1,826 1,829 1,833	37,800 37,850 37,900 37,950	37,850 37,900 37,950 38,000	2,194 2,197 2,201 2,204	1,818 1,821 1,824 1,827	2,028 2,031 2,035 2,038	40,800 40,850 40,900 40,950	40,850 40,900 40,950 41,000	2,400 2,403 2,406 2,410	2,003 2,006 2,009 2,013	2,234 2,237 2,240 2,244
35,0	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:	38,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	41,	000	Your New	York Sta	te tax is:
35,050 35,100	35,050 35,100 35,150 35,200	2,002 2,006 2,009 2,012	1,652 1,655 1,658 1,661	1,836 1,840 1,843 1,846	38,000 38,050 38,100 38,150	38,050 38,100 38,150 38,200	2,208 2,211 2,215 2,218	1,829 1,832 1,835 1,838	2,042 2,045 2,049 2,052	41,000 41,050 41,100 41,150		2,413 2,417 2,420 2,423	2,016 2,020 2,023 2,026	2,247 2,251 2,254 2,257
35,200 35,250 35,300	35,250 35,300 35,350 35,400	2,016 2,019 2,023 2,026	1,664 1,667 1,670 1,673	1,850 1,853 1,857 1,860	38,200 38,250 38,300 38,350	38,250 38,300 38,350 38,400	2,221 2,225 2,228 2,232	1,841 1,844 1,847 1,850	2,055 2,059 2,062 2,066	41,200 41,250 41,300 41,350	41,250 41,300 41,350 41,400	2,427 2,430 2,434 2,437	2,030 2,033 2,037 2,040	2,261 2,264 2,268 2,271
35,450 35,500	35,450 35,500 35,550 35,600	2,030 2,033 2,036 2,040	1,676 1,679 1,682 1,685	1,864 1,867 1,870 1,874	38,400 38,450 38,500 38,550	38,450 38,500 38,550 38,600	2,235 2,239 2,242 2,245	1,853 1,856 1,859 1,862	2,069 2,073 2,076 2,079	41,400 41,450 41,500 41,550	41,450 41,500 41,550 41,600	2,441 2,444 2,447 2,451	2,044 2,047 2,050 2,054	2,275 2,278 2,281 2,285
35,650 35,700	35,650 35,700 35,750 35,800	2,043 2,047 2,050 2,054	1,688 1,691 1,694 1,697	1,877 1,881 1,884 1,888	38,600 38,650 38,700 38,750	38,650 38,700 38,750 38,800	2,249 2,252 2,256 2,259	1,865 1,868 1,871 1,874	2,083 2,086 2,090 2,093	41,600 41,650 41,700 41,750	41,650 41,700 41,750 41,800	2,454 2,458 2,461 2,465	2,057 2,061 2,064 2,068	2,288 2,292 2,295 2,299
35,800 35,850	35,850 35,900 35,950	2,057 2,060 2,064 2,067	1,700 1,703 1,706 1,709	1,891 1,894 1,898 1,901	38,800 38,850 38,900	38,850 38,900 38,950 39,000	2,263 2,266 2,269 2,273	1,877 1,880 1,883 1,886	2,097 2,100 2,103 2,107	41,800 41,850 41,900 41,950	41,850 41,900 41,950 42,000	2,468 2,471 2,475 2,478	2,071 2,074 2,078 2,081	2,302 2,305 2,309 2,312

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

42 \$42,000 - \$50,999

#### 1999 New York State Tax Table

42	\$42,000	) - \$50,999			1999	9 New	York Stat	e lax la	able					
If line 18 (taxable income)	•	And yo	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	•	And y	ou are -		If line 18 (taxable income)	•	And ye	ou are -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
42,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	45,	000	Your New	/ York Stat	te tax is:	48,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:
42,000	42,050	2,482	2,085	2,316	45,000	45,050	2,687	2,290	2,521	48,000	48,050	2,893	2,496	2,727
42,050	42,100	2,485	2,088	2,319	45,050	45,100	2,691	2,294	2,525	48,050	48,100	2,896	2,499	2,730
42,100	42,150	2,489	2,092	2,323	45,100	45,150	2,694	2,297	2,528	48,100	48,150	2,900	2,503	2,734
42,150	42,200	2,492	2,095	2,326	45,150	45,200	2,697	2,300	2,531	48,150	48,200	2,903	2,506	2,737
42,200	42,250	2,495	2,098	2,329	45,200	45,250	2,701	2,304	2,535	48,200	48,250	2,906	2,509	2,740
42,250	42,300	2,499	2,102	2,333	45,250	45,300	2,704	2,307	2,538	48,250	48,300	2,910	2,513	2,744
42,300	42,350	2,502	2,105	2,336	45,300	45,350	2,708	2,311	2,542	48,300	48,350	2,913	2,516	2,747
42,350	42,400	2,506	2,109	2,340	45,350	45,400	2,711	2,314	2,545	48,350	48,400	2,917	2,520	2,751
42,400	42,450	2,509	2,112	2,343	45,400	45,450	2,715	2,318	2,549	48,400	48,450	2,920	2,523	2,754
42,450	42,500	2,513	2,116	2,347	45,450	45,500	2,718	2,321	2,552	48,450	48,500	2,924	2,527	2,758
42,500	42,550	2,516	2,119	2,350	45,500	45,550	2,721	2,324	2,555	48,500	48,550	2,927	2,530	2,761
42,550	42,600	2,519	2,122	2,353	45,550	45,600	2,725	2,328	2,559	48,550	48,600	2,930	2,533	2,764
42,600	42,650	2,523	2,126	2,357	45,600	45,650	2,728	2,331	2,562	48,600	48,650	2,934	2,537	2,768
42,650	42,700	2,526	2,129	2,360	45,650	45,700	2,732	2,335	2,566	48,650	48,700	2,937	2,540	2,771
42,700	42,750	2,530	2,133	2,364	45,700	45,750	2,735	2,338	2,569	48,700	48,750	2,941	2,544	2,775
42,750	42,800	2,533	2,136	2,367	45,750	45,800	2,739	2,342	2,573	48,750	48,800	2,944	2,547	2,778
	42,850	2,537	2,140	2,371	45,800	45,850	2,742	2,345	2,576	48,800	48,850	2,948	2,551	2,782
	42,900	2,540	2,143	2,374	45,850	45,900	2,745	2,348	2,579	48,850	48,900	2,951	2,554	2,785
	42,950	2,543	2,146	2,377	45,900	45,950	2,749	2,352	2,583	48,900	48,950	2,954	2,557	2,788
	43,000	2,547	2,150	2,381	45,950	46,000	2,752	2,355	2,586	48,950	49,000	2,958	2,561	2,792
43,	000	Your New	York Sta	te tax is:	46,	000	Your New	/ York Stat	te tax is:	49,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:
43,000	43,050	2,550	2,153	2,384	46,000	46,050	2,756	2,359	2,590	49,000	49,050	2,961	2,564	2,795
43,050	43,100	2,554	2,157	2,388	46,050	46,100	2,759	2,362	2,593	49,050	49,100	2,965	2,568	2,799
43,100	43,150	2,557	2,160	2,391	46,100	46,150	2,763	2,366	2,597	49,100	49,150	2,968	2,571	2,802
43,150	43,200	2,560	2,163	2,394	46,150	46,200	2,766	2,369	2,600	49,150	49,200	2,971	2,574	2,805
43,200	43,250	2,564	2,167	2,398	46,200	46,250	2,769	2,372	2,603	49,200	49,250	2,975	2,578	2,809
43,250	43,300	2,567	2,170	2,401	46,250	46,300	2,773	2,376	2,607	49,250	49,300	2,978	2,581	2,812
43,300	43,350	2,571	2,174	2,405	46,300	46,350	2,776	2,379	2,610	49,300	49,350	2,982	2,585	2,816
43,350	43,400	2,574	2,177	2,408	46,350	46,400	2,780	2,383	2,614	49,350	49,400	2,985	2,588	2,819
43,400	43,450	2,578	2,181	2,412	46,400	46,450	2,783	2,386	2,617	49,400	49,450	2,989	2,592	2,823
43,450	43,500	2,581	2,184	2,415	46,450	46,500	2,787	2,390	2,621	49,450	49,500	2,992	2,595	2,826
43,500	43,550	2,584	2,187	2,418	46,500	46,550	2,790	2,393	2,624	49,500	49,550	2,995	2,598	2,829
43,550	43,600	2,588	2,191	2,422	46,550	46,600	2,793	2,396	2,627	49,550	49,600	2,999	2,602	2,833
43,700	43,650	2,591	2,194	2,425	46,600	46,650	2,797	2,400	2,631	49,600	49,650	3,002	2,605	2,836
	43,700	2,595	2,198	2,429	46,650	46,700	2,800	2,403	2,634	49,650	49,700	3,006	2,609	2,840
	43,750	2,598	2,201	2,432	46,700	46,750	2,804	2,407	2,638	49,700	49,750	3,009	2,612	2,843
	43,800	2,602	2,205	2,436	46,750	46,800	2,807	2,410	2,641	49,750	49,800	3,013	2,616	2,847
43,850	43,850 43,900 43,950 44,000	2,605 2,608 2,612 2,615	2,208 2,211 2,215 2,218	2,439 2,442 2,446 2,449	46,800 46,850 46,900 46,950	46,850 46,900 46,950 47,000	2,811 2,814 2,817 2,821	2,414 2,417 2,420 2,424	2,645 2,648 2,651 2,655	49,800 49,850 49,900 49,950		3,016 3,019 3,023 3,026	2,619 2,622 2,626 2,629	2,850 2,853 2,857 2,860
44,0	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	47,	000	Your New	Vork Stat	te tax is:	<b>50</b> ,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:
44,050 44,100	44,050 44,100 44,150 44,200	2,619 2,622 2,626 2,629	2,222 2,225 2,229 2,232	2,453 2,456 2,460 2,463	47,000 47,050 47,100 47,150	47,050 47,100 47,150 47,200	2,824 2,828 2,831 2,834	2,427 2,431 2,434 2,437	2,658 2,662 2,665 2,668	50,000 50,050 50,100 50,150		3,030 3,033 3,037 3,040	2,633 2,636 2,640 2,643	2,864 2,867 2,871 2,874
44,300	44,250	2,632	2,235	2,466	47,200	47,250	2,838	2,441	2,672	50,200	50,250	3,043	2,646	2,877
	44,300	2,636	2,239	2,470	47,250	47,300	2,841	2,444	2,675	50,250	50,300	3,047	2,650	2,881
	44,350	2,639	2,242	2,473	47,300	47,350	2,845	2,448	2,679	50,300	50,350	3,050	2,653	2,884
	44,400	2,643	2,246	2,477	47,350	47,400	2,848	2,451	2,682	50,350	50,400	3,054	2,657	2,888
44,500	44,450	2,646	2,249	2,480	47,400	47,450	2,852	2,455	2,686	50,400	50,450	3,057	2,660	2,891
	44,500	2,650	2,253	2,484	47,450	47,500	2,855	2,458	2,689	50,450	50,500	3,061	2,664	2,895
	44,550	2,653	2,256	2,487	47,500	47,550	2,858	2,461	2,692	50,500	50,550	3,064	2,667	2,898
	44,600	2,656	2,259	2,490	47,550	47,600	2,862	2,465	2,696	50,550	50,600	3,067	2,670	2,901
44,600	44,650	2,660	2,263	2,494	47,600	47,650	2,865	2,468	2,699	50,600	50,650	3,071	2,674	2,905
44,650	44,700	2,663	2,266	2,497	47,650	47,700	2,869	2,472	2,703	50,650	50,700	3,074	2,677	2,908
44,700	44,750	2,667	2,270	2,501	47,700	47,750	2,872	2,475	2,706	50,700	50,750	3,078	2,681	2,912
44,750	44,800	2,670	2,273	2,504	47,750	47,800	2,876	2,479	2,710	50,750	50,800	3,081	2,684	2,915
	44,850 44,900 44,950 45,000	2,674 2,677 2,680 2,684	2,277 2,280 2,283 2,287	2,508 2,511 2,514 2,518	47,800 47,850 47,900 47,950	47,850 47,900 47,950 48,000	2,879 2,882 2,886 2,889	2,482 2,485 2,489 2,492	2,713 2,716 2,720 2,723	50,900	50,850 50,900 50,950 51,000	3,085 3,088 3,091 3,095	2,688 2,691 2,694 2,698	2,919 2,922 2,925 2,929
* This c	olumn r	nust also be	used by	a qualify	ing wido	w(er)						continue	ed on nex	t nago

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

continued on next page

					1999	9 New	York Stat	e Tax Ta	able			\$51,000 - \$	59,999	43
If line 18 (taxable income)	•	And yo	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	e	And yo	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	•	And yo	ou are -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
51,0	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	54,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	57,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:
51,000	51,050	3,098	2,701	2,932	54,000	54,050	3,304	2,907	3,138	57,000	57,050	3,509	3,112	3,343
51,050	51,100	3,102	2,705	2,936	54,050	54,100	3,307	2,910	3,141	57,050	57,100	3,513	3,116	3,347
51,100	51,150	3,105	2,708	2,939	54,100	54,150	3,311	2,914	3,145	57,100	57,150	3,516	3,119	3,350
51,150	51,200	3,108	2,711	2,942	54,150	54,200	3,314	2,917	3,148	57,150	57,200	3,519	3,122	3,353
51,200	51,250	3,112	2,715	2,946	54,200	54,250	3,317	2,920	3,151	57,200	57,250	3,523	3,126	3,357
51,250	51,300	3,115	2,718	2,949	54,250	54,300	3,321	2,924	3,155	57,250	57,300	3,526	3,129	3,360
51,300	51,350	3,119	2,722	2,953	54,300	54,350	3,324	2,927	3,158	57,300	57,350	3,530	3,133	3,364
51,350	51,400	3,122	2,725	2,956	54,350	54,400	3,328	2,931	3,162	57,350	57,400	3,533	3,136	3,367
51,400	51,450	3,126	2,729	2,960	54,400	54,450	3,331	2,934	3,165	57,400	57,450	3,537	3,140	3,371
51,450	51,500	3,129	2,732	2,963	54,450	54,500	3,335	2,938	3,169	57,450	57,500	3,540	3,143	3,374
51,500	51,550	3,132	2,735	2,966	54,500	54,550	3,338	2,941	3,172	57,500	57,550	3,543	3,146	3,377
51,550	51,600	3,136	2,739	2,970	54,550	54,600	3,341	2,944	3,175	57,550	57,600	3,547	3,150	3,381
51,600	51,650	3,139	2,742	2,973	54,600	54,650	3,345	2,948	3,179	57,600	57,650	3,550	3,153	3,384
51,650	51,700	3,143	2,746	2,977	54,650	54,700	3,348	2,951	3,182	57,650	57,700	3,554	3,157	3,388
51,700	51,750	3,146	2,749	2,980	54,700	54,750	3,352	2,955	3,186	57,700	57,750	3,557	3,160	3,391
51,750	51,800	3,150	2,753	2,984	54,750	54,800	3,355	2,958	3,189	57,750	57,800	3,561	3,164	3,395
51,800	51,850	3,153	2,756	2,987	54,800	54,850	3,359	2,962	3,193	57,800	57,850	3,564	3,167	3,398
51,850	51,900	3,156	2,759	2,990	54,850	54,900	3,362	2,965	3,196	57,850	57,900	3,567	3,170	3,401
51,900	51,950	3,160	2,763	2,994	54,900	54,950	3,365	2,968	3,199	57,900	57,950	3,571	3,174	3,405
51,950	52,000	3,163	2,766	2,997	54,950	55,000	3,369	2,972	3,203	57,950	58,000	3,574	3,177	3,408
52,0	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	55	,000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	58,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:
52,000	52,050	3,167	2,770	3,001	55,000	55,050	3,372	2,975	3,206	58,000	58,050	3,578	3,181	3,412
52,050	52,100	3,170	2,773	3,004	55,050	55,100	3,376	2,979	3,210	58,050	58,100	3,581	3,184	3,415
52,100	52,150	3,174	2,777	3,008	55,100	55,150	3,379	2,982	3,213	58,100	58,150	3,585	3,188	3,419
52,150	52,200	3,177	2,780	3,011	55,150	55,200	3,382	2,985	3,216	58,150	58,200	3,588	3,191	3,422
52,200	52,250	3,180	2,783	3,014	55,200	55,250	3,386	2,989	3,220	58,200	58,250	3,591	3,194	3,425
52,250	52,300	3,184	2,787	3,018	55,250	55,300	3,389	2,992	3,223	58,250	58,300	3,595	3,198	3,429
52,300	52,350	3,187	2,790	3,021	55,300	55,350	3,393	2,996	3,227	58,300	58,350	3,598	3,201	3,432
52,350	52,400	3,191	2,794	3,025	55,350	55,400	3,396	2,999	3,230	58,350	58,400	3,602	3,205	3,436
52,400	52,450	3,194	2,797	3,028	55,400	55,450	3,400	3,003	3,234	58,400	58,450	3,605	3,208	3,439
52,450	52,500	3,198	2,801	3,032	55,450	55,500	3,403	3,006	3,237	58,450	58,500	3,609	3,212	3,443
52,500	52,550	3,201	2,804	3,035	55,500	55,550	3,406	3,009	3,240	58,500	58,550	3,612	3,215	3,446
52,550	52,600	3,204	2,807	3,038	55,550	55,600	3,410	3,013	3,244	58,550	58,600	3,615	3,218	3,449
		3,208 3,211 3,215 3,218	2,811 2,814 2,818 2,821	3,042 3,045 3,049 3,052	55,600 55,650 55,700 55,750	55,650 55,700 55,750 55,800	3,413 3,417 3,420 3,424	3,016 3,020 3,023 3,027	3,247 3,251 3,254 3,258	58,600 58,650 58,700 58,750	58,650 58,700 58,750 58,800	3,619 3,622 3,626 3,629	3,222 3,225 3,229 3,232	3,453 3,456 3,460 3,463
52,800	52,850	3,222	2,825	3,056		55,850	3,427	3,030	3,261	58,800	58,850	3,633	3,236	3,467
52,850	52,900	3,225	2,828	3,059		55,900	3,430	3,033	3,264	58,850	58,900	3,636	3,239	3,470
52,900	52,950	3,228	2,831	3,062		55,950	3,434	3,037	3,268	58,900	58,950	3,639	3,242	3,473
52,950	53,000	3,232	2,835	3,066		56,000	3,437	3,040	3,271	58,950	59,000	3,643	3,246	3,477
53,0	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	56,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:	59,	000	Your New	York Stat	te tax is:
53,000 53,050 53,100 53,150	53,050 53,100 53,150 53,200	3,235 3,239 3,242 3,245	2,838 2,842 2,845 2,848	3,069 3,073 3,076 3,079	56,000 56,050 56,100 56,150	56,150	3,441 3,444 3,448 3,451	3,044 3,047 3,051 3,054	3,275 3,278 3,282 3,285		59,050 59,100 59,150 59,200	3,646 3,650 3,653 3,656	3,249 3,253 3,256 3,259	3,480 3,484 3,487 3,490
53,250 53,300	53,250 53,300 53,350 53,400	3,249 3,252 3,256 3,259	2,852 2,855 2,859 2,862	3,083 3,086 3,090 3,093	56,200 56,250 56,300 56,350	56,250 56,300 56,350 56,400	3,454 3,458 3,461 3,465	3,057 3,061 3,064 3,068	3,288 3,292 3,295 3,299	59,200 59,250 59,300 59,350	59,250 59,300 59,350 59,400	3,660 3,663 3,667 3,670	3,263 3,266 3,270 3,273	3,494 3,497 3,501 3,504
53,500	53,450	3,263	2,866	3,097	56,400	56,450	3,468	3,071	3,302	59,400	59,450	3,674	3,277	3,508
	53,500	3,266	2,869	3,100	56,450	56,500	3,472	3,075	3,306	59,450	59,500	3,677	3,280	3,511
	53,550	3,269	2,872	3,103	56,500	56,550	3,475	3,078	3,309	59,500	59,550	3,680	3,283	3,514
	53,600	3,273	2,876	3,107	56,550	56,600	3,478	3,081	3,312	59,550	59,600	3,684	3,287	3,518
	53,650	3,276	2,879	3,110	56,600	56,650	3,482	3,085	3,316	59,600	59,650	3,687	3,290	3,521
	53,700	3,280	2,883	3,114	56,650	56,700	3,485	3,088	3,319	59,650	59,700	3,691	3,294	3,525
	53,750	3,283	2,886	3,117	56,700	56,750	3,489	3,092	3,323	59,700	59,750	3,694	3,297	3,528
	53,800	3,287	2,890	3,121	56,750	56,800	3,492	3,095	3,326	59,750	59,800	3,698	3,301	3,532
53,800	53,850	3,290	2,893	3,124	56,800	56,850	3,496	3,099	3,330	59,800	59,850	3,701	3,304	3,535
53,850	53,900	3,293	2,896	3,127	56,850	56,900	3,499	3,102	3,333	59,850	59,900	3,704	3,307	3,538
53,900	53,950	3,297	2,900	3,131	56,900	56,950	3,502	3,105	3,336	59,900	59,950	3,708	3,311	3,542
53,950	54,000	3,300	2,903	3,134	56,950	57,000	3,506	3,109	3,340	59,950	60,000	3,711	3,314	3,545

44 \$60,000 - \$64,999

#### 1999 New York State Tax Table

														*
If line 18 (taxable income)	•	And y	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	•	And y	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	•	And y	ou are -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
60,	000	Your New	Vork Stat	e tax is:	62,	000	Your New	Vork Stat	e tax is:	64,	000	Your New	York Stat	e tax is:
60,000 60,050 60,100 60,150	60,050 60,100 60,150 60,200	3,715 3,718 3,722 3,725	3,318 3,321 3,325 3,328	3,549 3,552 3,556 3,559	62,050 62,100 62,150	62,150 62,200	3,852 3,855 3,859 3,862	3,455 3,458 3,462 3,465	3,686 3,689 3,693 3,696	64,000 64,050 64,100 64,150	64,050 64,100 64,150 64,200	3,989 3,992 3,996 3,999	3,592 3,595 3,599 3,602	3,823 3,826 3,830 3,833
60,200 60,250 60,300 60,350	60,250 60,300 60,350 60,400	3,728 3,732 3,735 3,739	3,331 3,335 3,338 3,342	3,562 3,566 3,569 3,573	62,200 62,250 62,300 62,350	62,250 62,300 62,350 62,400	3,865 3,869 3,872 3,876	3,468 3,472 3,475 3,479	3,699 3,703 3,706 3,710	64,200 64,250 64,300 64,350	64,250 64,300 64,350 64,400	4,002 4,006 4,009 4,013	3,605 3,609 3,612 3,616	3,836 3,840 3,843 3,847
60,400 60,450 60,500 60,550	60,450 60,500 60,550 60,600	3,742 3,746 3,749 3,752	3,345 3,349 3,352 3,355	3,576 3,580 3,583 3,586	62,400 62,450 62,500 62,550	62,450 62,500 62,550 62,600	3,879 3,883 3,886 3,889	3,482 3,486 3,489 3,492	3,713 3,717 3,720 3,723	64,400 64,450 64,500 64,550	64,450 64,500 64,550 64,600	4,016 4,020 4,023 4,026	3,619 3,623 3,626 3,629	3,850 3,854 3,857 3,860
60,600 60,650 60,700 60,750	60,650 60,700 60,750 60,800	3,756 3,759 3,763 3,766	3,359 3,362 3,366 3,369	3,590 3,593 3,597 3,600	62,600 62,650 62,700 62,750	62,650 62,700 62,750 62,800	3,893 3,896 3,900 3,903	3,496 3,499 3,503 3,506	3,727 3,730 3,734 3,737	64,600 64,650 64,700 64,750	64,650 64,700 64,750 64,800	4,030 4,033 4,037 4,040	3,633 3,636 3,640 3,643	3,864 3,867 3,871 3,874
60,800 60,850 60,900 60,950	60,850 60,900 60,950 61,000	3,770 3,773 3,776 3,780	3,373 3,376 3,379 3,383	3,604 3,607 3,610 3,614	62,800 62,850 62,900 62,950	62,850 62,900 62,950 63,000	3,907 3,910 3,913 3,917	3,510 3,513 3,516 3,520	3,741 3,744 3,747 3,751	64,800 64,850 64,900 64,950	64,850 64,900 64,950 65,000	4,044 4,047 4,050 4,054	3,647 3,650 3,653 3,657	3,878 3,881 3,884 3,888
61,0	000	Your New	v York Stat	e tax is:	63,	000	Your New	v York Stat	e tax is:	\$6	5,000 c	or more us	e Form I	T-201
61,000 61,050 61,100 61,150	61,050 61,100 61,150 61,200	3,783 3,787 3,790 3,793	3,386 3,390 3,393 3,396	3,617 3,621 3,624 3,627	63,000 63,050 63,100 63,150	63,050 63,100 63,150 63,200	3,920 3,924 3,927 3,930	3,523 3,527 3,530 3,533	3,754 3,758 3,761 3,764					
61,200 61,250 61,300 61,350	61,250 61,300 61,350 61,400	3,797 3,800 3,804 3,807	3,400 3,403 3,407 3,410	3,631 3,634 3,638 3,641	63,200 63,250 63,300 63,350	63,250 63,300 63,350 63,400	3,934 3,937 3,941 3,944	3,537 3,540 3,544 3,547	3,768 3,771 3,775 3,778					
61,400 61,450 61,500 61,550	61,450 61,500 61,550 61,600	3,811 3,814 3,817 3,821	3,414 3,417 3,420 3,424	3,645 3,648 3,651 3,655	63,400 63,450 63,500 63,550	63,450 63,500 63,550 63,600	3,948 3,951 3,954 3,958	3,551 3,554 3,557 3,561	3,782 3,785 3,788 3,792					
61,600 61,650 61,700 61,750	61,650 61,700 61,750 61,800	3,824 3,828 3,831 3,835	3,427 3,431 3,434 3,438	3,658 3,662 3,665 3,669	63,600 63,650 63,700 63,750	63,650 63,700 63,750 63,800	3,961 3,965 3,968 3,972	3,564 3,568 3,571 3,575	3,795 3,799 3,802 3,806					
61,800 61,850 61,900 61,950	61,850 61,900 61,950 62,000	3,838 3,841 3,845 3,848	3,441 3,444 3,448 3,451	3,672 3,675 3,679 3,682	63,800 63,850 63,900 63,950	63,850 63,900 63,950 64,000	3,975 3,978 3,982 3,985	3,578 3,581 3,585 3,588	3,809 3,812 3,816 3,819					

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

## 1999 City of New York Tax Table

\$0 - \$5,999 45

At But Single Married Head least less filing of a or than Married jointly house For persons with taxable income of less than \$65,000. filing hold separately Your City of New York tax is: Example: Mr. and Mrs. Jones are filing a joint return. Their taxable income on line 18 of Form IT-200 is \$38,275. First, they find the 38,250 - 38,300 38,200 38,250 1,348 1,276 1,328 38,250 38,300 1,350 1,278 1,330 income line. Next, they find the column for Married filing jointly and read 38,300 38,350 1,351 1,332 1,280 38,350 38,400 1,353 1,282 1,334 down the column. The amount shown where the income line and filing

status column meet is \$1,278. This is the tax amount they must write on line 22 of Form IT-200.

City

If line (taxabl incom	le	And	you are -		If line 1 (taxabl income	e	And	you are -		If line 18 (taxable income)	•	And	you are -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
		Your City o	f New Yor	k tax is:										
\$0	\$16	\$0	\$0	\$0	2,0	00	Your City o	f New Yor	k tax is:	4,00	00	Your City o	f New Yor	k tax is:
16 25 50 100 150	25 50 100 150 200	1 1 2 4 5	1 1 2 4 5	1 1 2 4 5	2,000 2,050 2,100 2,150	2,050 2,100 2,150 2,200	62 63 65 66	62 63 65 66	62 63 65 66	4,000 4,050 4,100 4,150	4,050 4,100 4,150 4,200	123 124 126 127	123 124 126 127	123 124 126 127
200	250	7	7	7	2,200	2,250	68	68	68	4,200	4,250	129	129	129
250	300	8	8	8	2,250	2,300	69	69	69	4,250	4,300	130	130	130
300	350	10	10	10	2,300	2,350	71	71	71	4,300	4,350	132	132	132
350	400	11	11	11	2,350	2,400	72	72	72	4,350	4,400	133	133	133
400	450	13	13	13	2,400	2,450	74	74	74	4,400	4,450	135	135	135
450	500	14	14	14	2,450	2,500	75	75	75	4,450	4,500	136	136	136
500	550	16	16	16	2,500	2,550	77	77	77	4,500	4,550	138	138	138
550	600	18	18	18	2,550	2,600	79	79	79	4,550	4,600	140	140	140
600	650	19	19	19	2,600	2,650	80	80	80	4,600	4,650	141	141	141
650	700	21	21	21	2,650	2,700	82	82	82	4,650	4,700	143	143	143
700	750	22	22	22	2,700	2,750	83	83	83	4,700	4,750	144	144	144
750	800	24	24	24	2,750	2,800	85	85	85	4,750	4,800	146	146	146
800	850	25	25	25	2,800	2,850	86	86	86	4,800	4,850	147	147	147
850	900	27	27	27	2,850	2,900	88	88	88	4,850	4,900	149	149	149
900	950	28	28	28	2,900	2,950	89	89	89	4,900	4,950	150	150	150
950	1,000	30	30	30	2,950	3,000	91	91	91	4,950	5,000	152	152	152
1,0	000	Your City o	f New Yor	k tax is:	3,0	00	Your City o	f New Yor	k tax is:	5,00	00	Your City o	f New Yor	k tax is:
1,000	1,050	31	31	31	3,000	3,050	92	92	92	5,000	5,050	153	153	153
1,050	1,100	33	33	33	3,050	3,100	94	94	94	5,050	5,100	155	155	155
1,100	1,150	34	34	34	3,100	3,150	95	95	95	5,100	5,150	156	156	156
1,150	1,200	36	36	36	3,150	3,200	97	97	97	5,150	5,200	158	158	158
1,200	1,250	37	37	37	3,200	3,250	98	98	98	5,200	5,250	159	159	159
1,250	1,300	39	39	39	3,250	3,300	100	100	100	5,250	5,300	161	161	161
1,300	1,350	40	40	40	3,300	3,350	101	101	101	5,300	5,350	162	162	162
1,350	1,400	42	42	42	3,350	3,400	103	103	103	5,350	5,400	164	164	164
1,400	1,450	43	43	43	3,400	3,450	104	104	104	5,400	5,450	165	165	165
1,450	1,500	45	45	45	3,450	3,500	106	106	106	5,450	5,500	167	167	167
1,500	1,550	47	47	47	3,500	3,550	107	107	107	5,500	5,550	168	168	168
1,550	1,600	48	48	48	3,550	3,600	109	109	109	5,550	5,600	170	170	170
1,600	1,650	50	50	50	3,600	3,650	111	111	111	5,600	5,650	172	172	172
1,650	1,700	51	51	51	3,650	3,700	112	112	112	5,650	5,700	173	173	173
1,700	1,750	53	53	53	3,700	3,750	114	114	114	5,700	5,750	175	175	175
1,750	1,800	54	54	54	3,750	3,800	115	115	115	5,750	5,800	176	176	176
1,800	1,850	56	56	56	3,800	3,850	117	117	117	5,800	5,850	178	178	178
1,850	1,900	57	57	57	3,850	3,900	118	118	118	5,850	5,900	179	179	179
1,900	1,950	59	59	59	3,900	3,950	120	120	120	5,900	5,950	181	181	181
1,950	2,000	60	60	60	3,950	4,000	121	121	121	5,950	6,000	182	182	182

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

46 \$6,000 - \$14,999

## 1999 City of New York Tax Table

If line 18 (taxable income)	•	And yo	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	•	And yo	ou are -		If line 18 (taxable income)	•	And yo	ou are -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
6,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	9,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	12,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:
\$6,000	\$6,050	184	184	184	9,000	9,050	275	275	275	12,000	12,050	367	367	367
6,050	6,100	185	185	185	9,050	9,100	277	277	277	12,050	12,100	369	368	368
6,100	6,150	187	187	187	9,100	9,150	278	278	278	12,100	12,150	371	370	370
6,150	6,200	188	188	188	9,150	9,200	280	280	280	12,150	12,200	372	371	371
6,200	6,250	190	190	190	9,200	9,250	281	281	281	12,200	12,250	374	373	373
6,250	6,300	191	191	191	9,250	9,300	283	283	283	12,250	12,300	376	374	374
6,300	6,350	193	193	193	9,300	9,350	284	284	284	12,300	12,350	378	376	376
6,350	6,400	194	194	194	9,350	9,400	286	286	286	12,350	12,400	380	377	377
6,400	6,450	196	196	196	9,400	9,450	287	287	287	12,400	12,450	382	379	379
6,450	6,500	197	197	197	9,450	9,500	289	289	289	12,450	12,500	384	380	380
6,500	6,550	199	199	199	9,500	9,550	290	290	290	12,500	12,550	385	382	382
6,550	6,600	201	201	201	9,550	9,600	292	292	292	12,550	12,600	387	383	383
6,600	6,650	202	202	202	9,600	9,650	294	294	294	12,600	12,650	389	385	385
6,650	6,700	204	204	204	9,650	9,700	295	295	295	12,650	12,700	391	387	387
6,700	6,750	205	205	205	9,700	9,750	297	297	297	12,700	12,750	393	388	388
6,750	6,800	207	207	207	9,750	9,800	298	298	298	12,750	12,800	395	390	390
6,800	6,850	208	208	208	9,800	9,850	300	300	300	12,800	12,850	397	391	391
6,850	6,900	210	210	210	9,850	9,900	301	301	301	12,850	12,900	398	393	393
6,900	6,950	211	211	211	9,900	9,950	303	303	303	12,900	12,950	400	394	394
6,950	7,000	213	213	213	9,950	10,000	304	304	304	12,950	13,000	402	396	396
7,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	10,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	13,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:
7,000	7,050	214	214	214	10,000	10,050	306	306	306	13,000	13,050	404	397	397
7,050	7,100	216	216	216	10,050	10,100	307	307	307	13,050	13,100	406	399	399
7,100	7,150	217	217	217	10,100	10,150	309	309	309	13,100	13,150	408	400	400
7,150	7,200	219	219	219	10,150	10,200	310	310	310	13,150	13,200	410	402	402
7,200	7,250	220	220	220	10,200	10,250	312	312	312	13,200	13,250	411	403	403
7,250	7,300	222	222	222	10,250	10,300	313	313	313	13,250	13,300	413	405	405
7,300	7,350	223	223	223	10,300	10,350	315	315	315	13,300	13,350	415	406	406
7,350	7,400	225	225	225	10,350	10,400	316	316	316	13,350	13,400	417	408	408
7,400	7,450	226	226	226	10,400	10,450	318	318	318	13,400	13,450	419	409	409
7,450	7,500	228	228	228	10,450	10,500	319	319	319	13,450	13,500	421	411	411
7,500	7,550	229	229	229	10,500	10,550	321	321	321	13,500	13,550	423	412	412
7,550	7,600	231	231	231	10,550	10,600	322	322	322	13,550	13,600	424	414	414
7,600	7,650	233	233	233	10,600	10,650	324	324	324	13,600	13,700	426	415	415
7,650	7,700	234	234	234	10,650	10,700	326	326	326	13,650		428	417	417
7,700	7,750	236	236	236	10,700	10,750	327	327	327	13,700		430	419	419
7,750	7,800	237	237	237	10,750	10,800	329	329	329	13,750		432	420	420
7,800 7,850 7,900 7,950	7,850 7,900 7,950 8,000	239 240 242 243	239 240 242 243	239 240 242 243		10,850 10,900 10,950 11,000	330 332 333 335	330 332 333 335	330 332 333 335	13,800 13,850 13,900 13,950	13,950	434 436 437 439	422 423 425 426	422 423 425 426
8,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	11,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	14,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:
8,000 8,050 8,100 8,150	8,050 8,100 8,150 8,200	245 246 248 249	245 246 248 249	245 246 248 249	11,050	11,050 11,100 11,150 11,200	336 338 339 341	336 338 339 341	336 338 339 341	14,000 14,050 14,100 14,150	14,100	441 443 445 447	428 429 431 432	428 429 431 432
8,200	8,250	251	251	251	11,200	11,250	342	342	342	14,200	14,250	449	434	434
8,250	8,300	252	252	252	11,250	11,300	344	344	344	14,250	14,300	450	435	435
8,300	8,350	254	254	254	11,300	11,350	345	345	345	14,300	14,350	452	437	437
8,350	8,400	255	255	255	11,350	11,400	347	347	347	14,350	14,400	454	438	438
8,400	8,450	257	257	257	11,400	11,450	348	348	348	14,400	14,450	456	440	440
8,450	8,500	258	258	258	11,450	11,500	350	350	350	14,450	14,500	458	441	442
8,500	8,550	260	260	260	11,500	11,550	351	351	351	14,500	14,550	460	443	444
8,550	8,600	261	261	261	11,550	11,600	353	353	353	14,550	14,600	462	444	445
8,600	8,650	263	263	263	11,600	11,650	355	355	355	14,600	14,650	463	446	447
8,650	8,700	265	265	265	11,650	11,700	356	356	356	14,650	14,700	465	448	449
8,700	8,750	266	266	266	11,700	11,750	358	358	358	14,700	14,750	467	449	451
8,750	8,800	268	268	268	11,750	11,800	359	359	359	14,750	14,800	469	451	453
8,800	8,850	269	269	269	11,800	11,850	361	361	361	14,800	14,850	471	452	455
8,850	8,900	271	271	271	11,850	11,900	362	362	362	14,850	14,900	473	454	457
8,900	8,950	272	272	272	11,900	11,950	364	364	364	14,900	14,950	475	455	458
8,950	9,000	274	274	274	11,950	12,000	365	365	365	14,950	15,000	476	457	460

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

City

## 1999 City of New York Tax Table

\$15,000 - \$23,999 47

												+, +		
If line 18 (taxable income)		And ye	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	e	And yo	ou are -		If line 18 (taxable income)	•	And yo	ou are -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
15,0	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	18,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	21,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:
15,050 15,100	15,050 15,100 15,150 15,200	478 480 482 484	458 460 461 463	462 464 466 468	18,000 18,050 18,100 18,150	18,050 18,100 18,150 18,200	590 592 593 595	550 551 553 554	574 575 577 579	21,000 21,050 21,100 21,150	21,050 21,100 21,150 21,200	701 703 705 707	641 643 644 646	685 687 689 691
15,250 15,300 15,350	15,250 15,300 15,350 15,400	486 488 489 491	464 466 467 469	470 471 473 475	18,200 18,250 18,300 18,350	18,250 18,300 18,350 18,400	597 599 601 603	556 557 559 560	581 583 585 587	21,200 21,250 21,300 21,350	21,250 21,300 21,350 21,400	709 710 712 714	647 649 650 652	692 694 696 698
15,450 15,500	15,450 15,500 15,550 15,600	493 495 497 499	470 472 473 475	477 479 481 483	18,400 18,450 18,500 18,550	18,450 18,500 18,550 18,600	605 606 608 610	562 563 565 566	588 590 592 594	21,400 21,450 21,500 21,550	21,450 21,500 21,550 21,600	716 718 720 722	653 655 656 658	700 702 704 705
15,650 15,700 15,750	15,650 15,700 15,750 15,800	501 502 504 506	476 478 480 481	484 486 488 490	18,600 18,650 18,700 18,750	18,650 18,700 18,750 18,800	612 614 616 618	568 569 571 573	596 598 600 601	21,600 21,650 21,700 21,750	21,650 21,700 21,750 21,800	723 725 727 729	660 662 664 665	707 709 711 713
15,850	15,850 15,900 15,950 16,000	508 510 512 514	483 484 486 487	492 494 496 497	18,800 18,850 18,900 18,950	18,850 18,900 18,950 19,000	619 621 623 625	574 576 577 579	603 605 607 609	21,800 21,850 21,900 21,950	21,850 21,900 21,950 22,000	731 733 735 736	667 669 671 673	715 717 718 720
16,0	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	19,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	22,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:
16,050 16,100	16,050 16,100 16,150 16,200	515 517 519 521	489 490 492 493	499 501 503 505	19,050 19,100	19,050 19,100 19,150 19,200	627 629 631 632	580 582 583 585	611 613 614 616	22,000 22,050 22,100 22,150	22,050 22,100 22,150 22,200	738 740 742 744	675 677 678 680	722 724 726 728
16,250 16,300	16,250 16,300 16,350 16,400	523 525 527 528	495 496 498 499	507 509 510 512	19,200 19,250 19,300 19,350	19,250 19,300 19,350 19,400	634 636 638 640	586 588 589 591	618 620 622 624	22,200 22,250 22,300 22,350	22,250 22,300 22,350 22,400	746 748 749 751	682 684 686 688	730 731 733 735
16,450 16,500	16,450 16,500 16,550 16,600	530 532 534 536	501 502 504 505	514 516 518 520	19,400 19,450 19,500 19,550	19,450 19,500 19,550 19,600	642 644 645 647	592 594 595 597	626 627 629 631	22,400 22,450 22,500 22,550	22,450 22,500 22,550 22,600	753 755 757 759	690 691 693 695	737 739 741 743
16,650 16,700		538 540 541 543	507 509 510 512	522 523 525 527	19,650 19,700	19,650 19,700 19,750 19,800	649 651 653 655	598 600 602 603	633 635 637 639	22,600 22,650 22,700 22,750		761 762 764 766	697 699 701 703	744 746 748 750
16.850	16,850 16,900 16,950 17,000	545 547 549 551	513 515 516 518	529 531 533 535	19,850 19,900	19,850 19,900 19,950 20,000	657 658 660 662	605 606 608 609	640 642 644 646	22,800 22,850 22,900 22,950	22,950	768 770 772 774	704 706 708 710	752 754 756 757
17,0	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	20,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	23,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:
		553 554 556 558	519 521 522 524	536 538 540 542	20,050 20,100	20,050 20,100 20,150 20,200	664 666 668 670	611 612 614 615	648 650 652 653	23,000 23,050 23,100 23,150	23,100 23,150	775 777 779 781	712 714 716 717	759 761 763 765
17,250 17,300	17,250 17,300 17,350 17,400	560 562 564 566	525 527 528 530	544 546 548 549	20,250 20,300	20,250 20,300 20,350 20,400	671 673 675 677	617 618 620 621	655 657 659 661	23,200 23,250 23,300 23,350		783 785 787 788	719 721 723 725	767 769 770 772
17,450 17,500	17,450 17,500 17,550 17,600	567 569 571 573	531 533 534 536	551 553 555 557	20,450 20,500	20,450 20,500 20,550 20,600	679 681 683 684	623 624 626 627	663 665 666 668	23,400 23,450 23,500 23,550	23,450 23,500 23,550 23,600	790 792 794 796	727 729 730 732	774 776 778 780
17,650 17,700	17,650 17,700 17,750 17,800	575 577 579 580	537 539 541 542	559 561 562 564	20,650 20,700	20,650 20,700 20,750 20,800	686 688 690 692	629 630 632 634	670 672 674 676	23,600 23,650 23,700 23,750		798 800 801 803	734 736 738 740	782 783 785 787
17,850	17,850 17,900 17,950 18,000	582 584 586 588	544 545 547 548	566 568 570 572	20,850 20,900	20,850 20,900 20,950 21,000	694 696 697 699	635 637 638 640	678 679 681 683	23,800 23,850 23,900 23,950	23,850 23,900 23,950 24,000	805 807 809 811	742 743 745 747	789 791 793 795
* This c	olumn r	nust also he	a used by	o qualify	ing wide	w(or)						oontinu	ed on nex	+ 0000

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

48 \$24,000 - \$32,999

## 1999 City of New York Tax Table

If line 18 (taxable income) is -		And yo	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	e	And ye	ou are -		If line 14 (taxable income	•	And you are -			
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house hold	
24,0	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	27,	000	Your City c	of New Yor	rk tax is:	30,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	
24,050 24,100	24,050 24,100 24,150 24,200	813 814 816 818	749 751 753 755	796 798 800 802	27,000 27,050 27,100 27,150	27,050 27,100 27,150 27,200	925 927 929 931	860 862 864 866	908 910 912 913	30,000 30,050 30,100 30,150	30,050 30,100 30,150 30,200	1,038 1,040 1,042 1,044	972 974 976 977	1,019 1,021 1,023 1,025	
24,250 24,300	24,250 24,300 24,350 24,400	820 822 824 826	756 758 760 762	804 806 808 809	27,200 27,250 27,300 27,350	27,250 27,300 27,350 27,400	933 935 937 939	868 870 872 873	915 917 919 921	30,200 30,250 30,300 30,350	30,250 30,300 30,350 30,400	1,046 1,048 1,050 1,052	979 981 983 985	1,026 1,028 1,030 1,032	
24,450 24,500	24,450 24,500 24,550 24,600	827 829 831 833	764 766 768 769	811 813 815 817	27,400 27,450 27,500 27,550	27,450 27,500 27,550 27,600	940 942 944 946	875 877 879 881	923 925 926 928	30,400 30,450 30,500 30,550	30,450 30,500 30,550 30,600	1,054 1,055 1,057 1,059	987 989 990 992	1,034 1,036 1,038 1,040	
24,650 24,700	24,650 24,700 24,750 24,800	835 837 839 840	771 773 775 777	819 821 822 824	27,600 27,650 27,700 27,750	27,650 27,700 27,750 27,800	948 950 952 954	883 885 886 888	930 932 934 936	30,600 30,650 30,700 30,750	30,650 30,700 30,750 30,800	1,061 1,063 1,065 1,067	994 996 998 1,000	1,042 1,043 1,045 1,047	
24,850	24,850 24,900 24,950 25,000	842 844 846 848	779 781 782 784	826 828 830 832	27,800 27,850 27,900 27,950	27,850 27,900 27,950 28,000	956 957 959 961	890 892 894 896	938 939 941 943	30,800 30,850 30,900 30,950	30,850 30,900 30,950 31,000	1,069 1,071 1,072 1,074	1,002 1,003 1,005 1,007	1,049 1,051 1,053 1,055	
25,0	000	Your City of New York tax is:		28,000		Your City of New York tax is:		rk tax is:	. ,		Your City of New York t		k tax is:		
25,050 25,100	25,050 25,100 25,150 25,200	850 852 854 856	786 788 790 792	834 835 837 839	28,000 28,050 28,100 28,150	28,050 28,100 28,150 28,200	963 965 967 969	898 899 901 903	945 947 949 951	31,000 31,050 31,100 31,150	31,050 31,100 31,150 31,200	1,076 1,078 1,080 1,082	1,009 1,011 1,013 1,015	1,057 1,059 1,060 1,062	
25,250 25,300	25,250 25,300 25,350 25,400	857 859 861 863	794 795 797 799	841 843 845 847	28,200 28,250 28,300 28,350	28,250 28,300 28,350 28,400	971 972 974 976	905 907 909 911	952 954 956 958	31,200 31,250 31,300 31,350	31,250 31,300 31,350 31,400	1,084 1,086 1,087 1,089	1,016 1,018 1,020 1,022	1,064 1,066 1,068 1,070	
25,450 25,500	25,450 25,500 25,550 25,600	865 867 869 871	801 803 805 807	848 850 852 854	28,400 28,450 28,500 28,550	28,450 28,500 28,550 28,600	978 980 982 984	912 914 916 918	960 962 964 965	31,400 31,450 31,500 31,550	31,450 31,500 31,550 31,600	1,091 1,093 1,095 1,097	1,024 1,026 1,028 1,029	1,072 1,074 1,076 1,077	
25,650 25,700		873 874 876 878	808 810 812 814	856 858 860 861	28,600 28,650 28,700 28,750		986 988 989 991	920 922 924 925	967 969 971 973	31,700	31,700	1,099 1,101 1,103 1,104	1,031 1,033 1,035 1,037	1,079 1,081 1,083 1,085	
25,850	25,850 25,900 25,950 26,000	880 882 884 886	816 818 820 821	863 865 867 869	28,800 28,850 28,900 28,950	28,850 28,900 28,950 29,000	993 995 997 999	927 929 931 933	975 977 978 980	31,800 31,850 31,900 31,950	31,950	1,106 1,108 1,110 1,112	1,039 1,041 1,042 1,044	1,087 1,089 1,091 1,092	
26,0	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	29,	000	Your City c	of New Yor	rk tax is:	32,000		Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	
26,050 26,100	26,050 26,100 26,150 26,200	888 890 891 893	823 825 827 829	871 873 874 876	29,000 29,050 29,100 29,150	29,100	1,001 1,003 1,005 1,006	935 937 938 940	982 984 986 988	32,000 32,050 32,100 32,150	32,100	1,114 1,116 1,118 1,120	1,046 1,048 1,050 1,052	1,094 1,096 1,098 1,100	
26,250 26,300	26,250 26,300 26,350 26,400	895 897 899 901	831 833 834 836	878 880 882 884	29,200 29,250 29,300 29,350	29,250 29,300 29,350 29,400	1,008 1,010 1,012 1,014	942 944 946 948	990 991 993 995	32,200 32,250 32,300 32,350		1,121 1,123 1,125 1,127	1,054 1,055 1,057 1,059	1,102 1,104 1,106 1,108	
26,450 26,500	26,450 26,500 26,550 26,600	903 905 907 908	838 840 842 844	886 887 889 891	29,400 29,450 29,500 29,550	29,450 29,500 29,550 29,600	1,016 1,018 1,020 1,022	950 951 953 955	997 999 1,001 1,003	32,400 32,450 32,500 32,550	32,450 32,500 32,550 32,600	1,129 1,131 1,133 1,135	1,061 1,063 1,065 1,067	1,109 1,111 1,113 1,115	
26,650 26,700	26,650 26,700 26,750 26,800	910 912 914 916	846 847 849 851	893 895 897 899	29,600 29,650 29,700 29,750	29,650 29,700 29,750 29,800	1,023 1,025 1,027 1,029	957 959 961 963	1,004 1,006 1,008 1,010	32,600 32,650 32,700 32,750	32,650 32,700 32,750 32,800	1,137 1,138 1,140 1,142	1,068 1,070 1,072 1,074	1,117 1,119 1,121 1,123	
26,800 26,850 26,900		918 920 922 923	853 855 857 859	900 902 904 906	29,800 29,850 29,900 29,950	29,950	1,031 1,033 1,035 1,037	964 966 968 970	1,012 1,014 1,016 1,017	32,800 32,850 32,900 32,950	32,850 32,900 32,950 33,000	1,144 1,146 1,148 1,150	1,076 1,078 1,080 1,081	1,125 1,126 1,128 1,130	

City

City

## 1999 City of New York Tax Table

\$33,000 - \$41,999 49

If line 18 (taxable income) is -		And yo	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	•	And yo	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	•	And you are -			
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	
33,0	000	Your City o	of New You	rk tax is:	36,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	rk tax is:	39,	000	Your City c	Your City of New York tax is:		
33,050 33,100	33,050 33,100 33,150 33,200	1,152 1,153 1,155 1,157	1,083 1,085 1,087 1,089	1,132 1,134 1,136 1,138	36,000 36,050 36,100 36,150	36,050 36,100 36,150 36,200	1,265 1,267 1,268 1,270	1,195 1,197 1,198 1,200	1,245 1,247 1,249 1,251	39,000 39,050 39,100 39,150	39,050 39,100 39,150 39,200	1,378 1,380 1,382 1,383	1,306 1,308 1,310 1,312	1,358 1,360 1,362 1,364	
33,200	33,250	1,159	1,091	1,140	36,200	36,250	1,272	1,202	1,253	39,200	39,250	1,385	1,314	1,366	
33,250	33,300	1,161	1,093	1,141	36,250	36,300	1,274	1,204	1,255	39,250	39,300	1,387	1,315	1,368	
33,300	33,350	1,163	1,094	1,143	36,300	36,350	1,276	1,206	1,256	39,300	39,350	1,389	1,317	1,370	
33,350	33,400	1,165	1,096	1,145	36,350	36,400	1,278	1,208	1,258	39,350	39,400	1,391	1,319	1,371	
33,450 33,500	33,450 33,500 33,550 33,600	1,167 1,169 1,170 1,172	1,098 1,100 1,102 1,104	1,147 1,149 1,151 1,153	36,400 36,450 36,500 36,550	36,450 36,500 36,550 36,600	1,280 1,282 1,284 1,285	1,210 1,211 1,213 1,215	1,260 1,262 1,264 1,266	39,400 39,450 39,500 39,550	39,450 39,500 39,550 39,600	1,393 1,395 1,397 1,399	1,321 1,323 1,325 1,327	1,373 1,375 1,377 1,379	
33,650 33,700	33,650 33,700 33,750 33,800	1,174 1,176 1,178 1,180	1,106 1,107 1,109 1,111	1,155 1,157 1,158 1,160	36,600 36,650 36,700 36,750	36,650 36,700 36,750 36,800	1,287 1,289 1,291 1,293	1,217 1,219 1,221 1,223	1,268 1,270 1,272 1,273	39,600 39,650 39,700 39,750	39,650 39,700 39,750 39,800	1,400 1,402 1,404 1,406	1,328 1,330 1,332 1,334	1,381 1,383 1,385 1,387	
33,800	33,850	1,182	1,113	1,162	36,800	36,850	1,295	1,224	1,275	39,800	39,850	1,408	1,336	1,388	
33,850	33,900	1,184	1,115	1,164	36,850	36,900	1,297	1,226	1,277	39,850	39,900	1,410	1,338	1,390	
33,900	33,950	1,186	1,117	1,166	36,900	36,950	1,299	1,228	1,279	39,900	39,950	1,412	1,340	1,392	
33,950	34,000	1,187	1,119	1,168	36,950	37,000	1,301	1,230	1,281	39,950	40,000	1,414	1,341	1,394	
34,0	000	Your City o	Your City of New York tax is:				Your City o	of New Yor	rk tax is:	40,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	
34,000	34,050	1,189	1,120	1,170	37,000	37,050	1,302	1,232	1,283	40,000	40,050	1,416	1,343	1,396	
34,050	34,100	1,191	1,122	1,172	37,050	37,100	1,304	1,234	1,285	40,050	40,100	1,417	1,345	1,398	
34,100	34,150	1,193	1,124	1,174	37,100	37,150	1,306	1,236	1,287	40,100	40,150	1,419	1,347	1,400	
34,150	34,200	1,195	1,126	1,175	37,150	37,200	1,308	1,237	1,289	40,150	40,200	1,421	1,349	1,402	
34,200	34,250	1,197	1,128	1,177	37,200	37,250	1,310	1,239	1,290	40,200	40,250	1,423	1,351	1,404	
34,250	34,300	1,199	1,130	1,179	37,250	37,300	1,312	1,241	1,292	40,250	40,300	1,425	1,353	1,405	
34,300	34,350	1,201	1,132	1,181	37,300	37,350	1,314	1,243	1,294	40,300	40,350	1,427	1,354	1,407	
34,350	34,400	1,202	1,133	1,183	37,350	37,400	1,316	1,245	1,296	40,350	40,400	1,429	1,356	1,409	
34,400	34,450	1,204	1,135	1,185	37,400	37,450	1,317	1,247	1,298	40,400	40,450	1,431	1,358	1,411	
34,450	34,500	1,206	1,137	1,187	37,450	37,500	1,319	1,249	1,300	40,450	40,500	1,433	1,360	1,413	
34,500	34,550	1,208	1,139	1,189	37,500	37,550	1,321	1,250	1,302	40,500	40,550	1,434	1,362	1,415	
34,550	34,600	1,210	1,141	1,191	37,550	37,600	1,323	1,252	1,304	40,550	40,600	1,436	1,364	1,417	
34,600	34,650	1,212	1,143	1,192	37,600	37,650	1,325	1,254	1,306	40,600	40,650	1,438	1,366	1,419	
34,650	34,700	1,214	1,145	1,194	37,650	37,700	1,327	1,256	1,307	40,650	40,700	1,440	1,367	1,421	
34,700	34,750	1,216	1,146	1,196	37,700	37,750	1,329	1,258	1,309	40,700	40,750	1,442	1,369	1,422	
34,750	34,800	1,218	1,148	1,198	37,750	37,800	1,331	1,260	1,311	40,750	40,800	1,444	1,371	1,424	
34,850	34,850	1,219	1,150	1,200	37,800	37,850	1,333	1,262	1,313	40,800	40,850	1,446	1,373	1,426	
	34,900	1,221	1,152	1,202	37,850	37,900	1,334	1,263	1,315	40,850	40,900	1,448	1,375	1,428	
	34,950	1,223	1,154	1,204	37,900	37,950	1,336	1,265	1,317	40,900	40,950	1,449	1,377	1,430	
	35,000	1,225	1,156	1,206	37,950	38,000	1,338	1,267	1,319	40,950	41,000	1,451	1,379	1,432	
35,0	000	Your City o	of New You	rk tax is:	38,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	rk tax is:	41,	000	Your City of New York tax is:			
35,100	35,050 35,100 35,150 35,200	1,227 1,229 1,231 1,233	1,158 1,159 1,161 1,163	1,207 1,209 1,211 1,213	38,000 38,050 38,100 38,150	38,050 38,100 38,150 38,200	1,340 1,342 1,344 1,346	1,269 1,271 1,273 1,275	1,321 1,322 1,324 1,326	41,000 41,050 41,100 41,150	41,100	1,453 1,455 1,457 1,459	1,380 1,382 1,384 1,386	1,434 1,436 1,437 1,439	
35,300	35,250	1,235	1,165	1,215	38,200	38,250	1,348	1,276	1,328	41,200	41,250	1,461	1,388	1,441	
	35,300	1,236	1,167	1,217	38,250	38,300	1,350	1,278	1,330	41,250	41,300	1,463	1,390	1,443	
	35,350	1,238	1,169	1,219	38,300	38,350	1,351	1,280	1,332	41,300	41,350	1,465	1,392	1,445	
	35,400	1,240	1,171	1,221	38,350	38,400	1,353	1,282	1,334	41,350	41,400	1,466	1,393	1,447	
35,400	35,450	1,242	1,172	1,223	38,400	38,450	1,355	1,284	1,336	41,400	41,450	1,468	1,395	1,449	
35,450	35,500	1,244	1,174	1,224	38,450	38,500	1,357	1,286	1,338	41,450	41,500	1,470	1,397	1,451	
35,500	35,550	1,246	1,176	1,226	38,500	38,550	1,359	1,288	1,339	41,500	41,550	1,472	1,399	1,453	
35,550	35,600	1,248	1,178	1,228	38,550	38,600	1,361	1,289	1,341	41,550	41,600	1,474	1,401	1,454	
	35,650	1,250	1,180	1,230	38,600	38,650	1,363	1,291	1,343	41,600	41,650	1,476	1,403	1,456	
	35,700	1,252	1,182	1,232	38,650	38,700	1,365	1,293	1,345	41,650	41,700	1,478	1,405	1,458	
	35,750	1,253	1,184	1,234	38,700	38,750	1,367	1,295	1,347	41,700	41,750	1,480	1,406	1,460	
	35,800	1,255	1,185	1,236	38,750	38,800	1,368	1,297	1,349	41,750	41,800	1,482	1,408	1,462	
35,800		1,257	1,187	1,238	38,800	38,850	1,370	1,299	1,351	41,800	41,850	1,483	1,410	1,464	
35,850		1,259	1,189	1,240	38,850	38,900	1,372	1,301	1,353	41,850	41,900	1,485	1,412	1,466	
35,900		1,261	1,191	1,241	38,900	38,950	1,374	1,302	1,355	41,900	41,950	1,487	1,414	1,468	
35,950		1,263	1,193	1,243	38,950	39,000	1,376	1,304	1,356	41,950	42,000	1,489	1,416	1,470	

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

50 \$42,000 - \$50,999

## 1999 City of New York Tax Table

If line 18 (taxable income) is -		And yo		If line 18 (taxable income) is -		And yo	ou are -		If line 18 (taxable income)	•	And you are -			
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
42,0	000	Your City o	f New Yo	rk tax is:	45,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	rk tax is:	48,	000	Your City of New York tax is:		
42,050 42,100	42,050 42,100 42,150 42,200	1,491 1,493 1,495 1,497	1,418 1,419 1,421 1,423	1,471 1,473 1,475 1,477	45,000 45,050 45,100 45,150	45,050 45,100 45,150 45,200	1,604 1,606 1,608 1,610	1,529 1,531 1,533 1,535	1,585 1,586 1,588 1,590	48,000 48,050 48,100 48,150	48,050 48,100 48,150 48,200	1,717 1,719 1,721 1,723	1,642 1,644 1,646 1,648	1,698 1,700 1,701 1,703
42,250 42,300	42,250 42,300 42,350 42,400	1,498 1,500 1,502 1,504	1,425 1,427 1,429 1,431	1,479 1,481 1,483 1,485	45,200 45,250 45,300 45,350	45,250 45,300 45,350 45,400	1,612 1,613 1,615 1,617	1,536 1,538 1,540 1,542	1,592 1,594 1,596 1,598	48,200 48,250 48,300 48,350	48,250 48,300 48,350 48,400	1,725 1,727 1,728 1,730	1,650 1,651 1,653 1,655	1,705 1,707 1,709 1,711
42,450 42,500	42,450 42,500 42,550 42,600	1,506 1,508 1,510 1,512	1,432 1,434 1,436 1,438	1,486 1,488 1,490 1,492	45,400 45,450 45,500 45,550	45,450 45,500 45,550 45,600	1,619 1,621 1,623 1,625	1,544 1,546 1,548 1,550	1,600 1,602 1,603 1,605	48,400 48,450 48,500 48,550	48,450 48,500 48,550 48,600	1,732 1,734 1,736 1,738	1,657 1,659 1,661 1,663	1,713 1,715 1,717 1,718
42,650 42,700	42,650 42,700 42,750 42,800	1,514 1,515 1,517 1,519	1,440 1,442 1,443 1,445	1,494 1,496 1,498 1,500	45,600 45,650 45,700 45,750	45,650 45,700 45,750 45,800	1,627 1,629 1,630 1,632	1,552 1,553 1,555 1,557	1,607 1,609 1,611 1,613	48,600 48,650 48,700 48,750	48,650 48,700 48,750 48,800	1,740 1,742 1,744 1,745	1,665 1,667 1,668 1,670	1,720 1,722 1,724 1,726
42,850	42,850 42,900 42,950 43,000	1,521 1,523 1,525 1,527	1,447 1,449 1,451 1,453	1,502 1,503 1,505 1,507	45,800 45,850 45,900 45,950	45,850 45,900 45,950 46,000	1,634 1,636 1,638 1,640	1,559 1,561 1,563 1,565	1,615 1,617 1,618 1,620	48,800 48,850 48,900 48,950	48,850 48,900 48,950 49,000	1,747 1,749 1,751 1,753	1,672 1,674 1,676 1,678	1,728 1,730 1,732 1,733
43,0	000	Your City o	f New Yo	rk tax is:	46,	000	Your City of New York tax is:			49,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:
43,050 43,100	43,050 43,100 43,150 43,200	1,529 1,531 1,532 1,534	1,455 1,456 1,458 1,460	1,509 1,511 1,513 1,515	46,000 46,050 46,100 46,150	46,050 46,100 46,150 46,200	1,642 1,644 1,646 1,647	1,567 1,569 1,570 1,572	1,622 1,624 1,626 1,628	49,000 49,050 49,100 49,150	49,050 49,100 49,150 49,200	1,755 1,757 1,759 1,761	1,680 1,682 1,684 1,685	1,735 1,737 1,739 1,741
43,250 43,300	43,250 43,300 43,350 43,400	1,536 1,538 1,540 1,542	1,462 1,464 1,466 1,468	1,517 1,519 1,520 1,522	46,200 46,250 46,300 46,350	46,250 46,300 46,350 46,400	1,649 1,651 1,653 1,655	1,574 1,576 1,578 1,580	1,630 1,632 1,634 1,635	49,200 49,250 49,300 49,350	49,250 49,300 49,350 49,400	1,762 1,764 1,766 1,768	1,687 1,689 1,691 1,693	1,743 1,745 1,747 1,749
43,500	43,450 43,500 43,550 43,600	1,544 1,546 1,548 1,549	1,469 1,471 1,473 1,475	1,524 1,526 1,528 1,530	46,400 46,450 46,500 46,550	46,450 46,500 46,550 46,600	1,657 1,659 1,661 1,663	1,582 1,584 1,586 1,587	1,637 1,639 1,641 1,643	49,400 49,450 49,500 49,550	49,450 49,500 49,550 49,600	1,770 1,772 1,774 1,776	1,695 1,697 1,699 1,701	1,750 1,752 1,754 1,756
43,650 43,700	- ,	1,551 1,553 1,555 1,557	1,477 1,479 1,481 1,482	1,532 1,534 1,536 1,537	46,600 46,650 46,700 46,750	46,650 46,700 46,750 46,800	1,664 1,666 1,668 1,670	1,589 1,591 1,593 1,595	1,645 1,647 1,649 1,651	49,600 49,650 49,700 49,750		1,778 1,779 1,781 1,783	1,702 1,704 1,706 1,708	1,758 1,760 1,762 1,764
43,850	43,850 43,900 43,950 44,000	1,559 1,561 1,563 1,564	1,484 1,486 1,488 1,490	1,539 1,541 1,543 1,545	46,800 46,850 46,900 46,950	46,850 46,900 46,950 47,000	1,672 1,674 1,676 1,678	1,597 1,599 1,601 1,602	1,652 1,654 1,656 1,658	49,800 49,850 49,900 49,950	49,850 49,900 49,950 50,000	1,785 1,787 1,789 1,791	1,710 1,712 1,714 1,716	1,766 1,767 1,769 1,771
44,0	000	Your City o	f New Yo	rk tax is:	47,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	rk tax is:	50,	000	Your City c	of New Yor	k tax is:
44,100	44,050 44,100 44,150 44,200	1,566 1,568 1,570 1,572	1,492 1,494 1,495 1,497	1,547 1,549 1,551 1,552		47,050 47,100 47,150 47,200	1,679 1,681 1,683 1,685	1,604 1,606 1,608 1,610	1,660 1,662 1,664 1,666	50,000 50,050 50,100 50,150	50,050 50,100 50,150 50,200	1,793 1,795 1,797 1,799	1,717 1,719 1,721 1,723	1,773 1,775 1,777 1,779
44,250 44,300	44,250 44,300 44,350 44,400	1,574 1,576 1,578 1,580	1,499 1,501 1,503 1,505	1,554 1,556 1,558 1,560	47,200 47,250 47,300 47,350	47,250 47,300 47,350 47,400	1,687 1,689 1,691 1,693	1,612 1,614 1,616 1,618	1,667 1,669 1,671 1,673	50,200 50,250 50,300 50,350	50,250 50,300 50,350 50,400	1,801 1,803 1,804 1,806	1,725 1,727 1,729 1,731	1,781 1,782 1,784 1,786
44,450 44,500	44,450 44,500 44,550 44,600	1,581 1,583 1,585 1,587	1,507 1,508 1,510 1,512	1,562 1,564 1,566 1,568	47,400 47,450 47,500 47,550	47,450 47,500 47,550 47,600	1,695 1,696 1,698 1,700	1,619 1,621 1,623 1,625	1,675 1,677 1,679 1,681	50,400 50,450 50,500 50,550	50,450 50,500 50,550 50,600	1,808 1,810 1,812 1,814	1,733 1,734 1,736 1,738	1,788 1,790 1,792 1,794
44,650 44,700	44,650 44,700 44,750 44,800	1,589 1,591 1,593 1,595	1,514 1,516 1,518 1,520	1,569 1,571 1,573 1,575	47,600 47,650 47,700 47,750	47,650 47,700 47,750 47,800	1,702 1,704 1,706 1,708	1,627 1,629 1,631 1,633	1,683 1,684 1,686 1,688	50,600 50,650 50,700 50,750	50,650 50,700 50,750 50,800	1,816 1,818 1,820 1,822	1,740 1,742 1,744 1,746	1,796 1,798 1,799 1,801
44,850	44,850 44,900 44,950 45,000	1,597 1,598 1,600 1,602	1,521 1,523 1,525 1,527	1,577 1,579 1,581 1,583	47,800 47,850 47,900 47,950	47,850 47,900 47,950 48,000	1,710 1,712 1,713 1,715	1,635 1,636 1,638 1,640	1,690 1,692 1,694 1,696	50,800 50,850 50,900 50,950	50,850 50,900 50,950 51,000	1,824 1,825 1,827 1,829	1,748 1,750 1,751 1,753	1,803 1,805 1,807 1,809

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

City

## 1999 City of New York Tax Table

\$51,000 - \$59,999 51

If line 49					-				16.11					
If line 18 (taxable income)	•	And ye	ou are -		If line 1 (taxable income	e	And yo	ou are -		If line 18 (taxable income)	•	And y	ou are -	
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
51,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	54,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	57,	000	Your City of New York tax is:		
51,000 51,050 51,100 51,150	51,050 51,100 51,150 51,200	1,831 1,833 1,835 1,837	1,755 1,757 1,759 1,761	1,811 1,813 1,815 1,816	54,000 54,050 54,100 54,150	54,050 54,100 54,150 54,200	1,946 1,948 1,950 1,952	1,868 1,870 1,872 1,874	1,924 1,926 1,928 1,930	57,000 57,050 57,100 57,150	57,050 57,100 57,150 57,200	2,061 2,063 2,065 2,067	1,981 1,983 1,985 1,987	2,037 2,039 2,041 2,043
51,200 51,250 51,300 51,350	51,250 51,300 51,350 51,400	1,839 1,841 1,843 1,845	1,763 1,765 1,766 1,768	1,818 1,820 1,822 1,824	54,200 54,250 54,300 54,350	54,250 54,300 54,350 54,400	1,954 1,956 1,958 1,959	1,876 1,878 1,880 1,881	1,931 1,933 1,935 1,937	57,200 57,250 57,300 57,350	57,250 57,300 57,350 57,400	2,069 2,070 2,072 2,074	1,989 1,991 1,993 1,995	2,045 2,046 2,048 2,050
51,400 51,450 51,500 51,550		1,847 1,848 1,850 1,852	1,770 1,772 1,774 1,776	1,826 1,828 1,830 1,832	54,400 54,450 54,500 54,550	54,450 54,500 54,550 54,600	1,961 1,963 1,965 1,967	1,883 1,885 1,887 1,889	1,939 1,941 1,943 1,945	57,400 57,450 57,500 57,550	57,450 57,500 57,550 57,600	2,076 2,078 2,080 2,082	1,996 1,998 2,000 2,002	2,052 2,054 2,056 2,058
51,600 51,650 51,700 51,750	51,650 51,700 51,750 51,800	1,854 1,856 1,858 1,860	1,778 1,780 1,782 1,783	1,833 1,835 1,837 1,839	54,600 54,650 54,700 54,750	54,650 54,700 54,750 54,800	1,969 1,971 1,973 1,975	1,891 1,893 1,895 1,897	1,947 1,948 1,950 1,952	57,600 57,650 57,700 57,750	57,650 57,700 57,750 57,800	2,084 2,086 2,088 2,090	2,004 2,006 2,008 2,010	2,060 2,062 2,063 2,065
51,800 51,850 51,900 51,950		1,862 1,864 1,866 1,868	1,785 1,787 1,789 1,791	1,841 1,843 1,845 1,847	54,800 54,850 54,900 54,950	54,850 54,900 54,950 55,000	1,977 1,979 1,981 1,982	1,898 1,900 1,902 1,904	1,954 1,956 1,958 1,960	57,800 57,850 57,900 57,950	57,850 57,900 57,950 58,000	2,092 2,093 2,095 2,097	2,012 2,013 2,015 2,017	2,067 2,069 2,071 2,073
52,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	55,	000	Your City of New York tax is:			58,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:
52,000 52,050 52,100 52,150	52,050 52,100 52,150 52,200	1,870 1,871 1,873 1,875	1,793 1,795 1,797 1,799	1,848 1,850 1,852 1,854	55,000 55,050 55,100 55,150	55,050 55,100 55,150 55,200	1,984 1,986 1,988 1,990	1,906 1,908 1,910 1,912	1,962 1,963 1,965 1,967	58,000 58,050 58,100 58,150	58,050 58,100 58,150 58,200	2,099 2,101 2,103 2,105	2,019 2,021 2,023 2,025	2,075 2,077 2,078 2,080
52,200 52,250 52,300 52,350	52,250 52,300 52,350 52,400	1,877 1,879 1,881 1,883	1,800 1,802 1,804 1,806	1,856 1,858 1,860 1,862	55,200 55,250 55,300 55,350	55,250 55,300 55,350 55,400	1,992 1,994 1,996 1,998	1,914 1,915 1,917 1,919	1,969 1,971 1,973 1,975	58,200 58,250 58,300 58,350	58,250 58,300 58,350 58,400	2,107 2,109 2,111 2,113	2,027 2,029 2,030 2,032	2,082 2,084 2,086 2,088
52,400 52,450 52,500 52,550	52,450 52,500 52,550 52,600	1,885 1,887 1,889 1,891	1,808 1,810 1,812 1,814	1,864 1,865 1,867 1,869	55,400 55,450 55,500 55,550	55,450 55,500 55,550 55,600	2,000 2,002 2,003 2,005	1,921 1,923 1,925 1,927	1,977 1,979 1,980 1,982	58,400 58,450 58,500 58,550	58,450 58,500 58,550 58,600	2,114 2,116 2,118 2,120	2,034 2,036 2,038 2,040	2,090 2,092 2,094 2,095
52,600 52,650 52,700 52,750	52,700 52,750	1,892 1,894 1,896 1,898	1,816 1,817 1,819 1,821	1,871 1,873 1,875 1,877	55,600 55,650 55,700 55,750	55,650 55,700 55,750 55,800	2,007 2,009 2,011 2,013	1,929 1,931 1,932 1,934	1,984 1,986 1,988 1,990	58,600 58,650 58,700 58,750	58,750	2,122 2,124 2,126 2,128	2,042 2,044 2,046 2,047	2,097 2,099 2,101 2,103
52,800 52,850 52,900 52,950	52,900 52,950	1,900 1,902 1,904 1,906	1,823 1,825 1,827 1,829	1,879 1,881 1,882 1,884	55,850 55,900	55,850 55,900 55,950 56,000	2,015 2,017 2,019 2,021	1,936 1,938 1,940 1,942	1,992 1,994 1,996 1,997	58,800 58,850 58,900 58,950	58,900 58,950	2,130 2,132 2,134 2,136	2,049 2,051 2,053 2,055	2,105 2,107 2,109 2,111
53,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	56,	000	Your City o	of New Yor	k tax is:	59,	000	Your City of New York tax is:		
53,000 53,050 53,100 53,150	53,100 53,150	1,908 1,910 1,912 1,914	1,831 1,832 1,834 1,836	1,886 1,888 1,890 1,892	56,050 56,100	56,050 56,100 56,150 56,200	2,023 2,025 2,026 2,028	1,944 1,946 1,947 1,949	1,999 2,001 2,003 2,005	59,000 59,050 59,100 59,150	59,100 59,150	2,137 2,139 2,141 2,143	2,057 2,059 2,061 2,062	2,112 2,114 2,116 2,118
53,200 53,250 53,300 53,350	53,300 53,350	1,915 1,917 1,919 1,921	1,838 1,840 1,842 1,844	1,894 1,896 1,897 1,899	56,250 56,300	56,250 56,300 56,350 56,400	2,030 2,032 2,034 2,036	1,951 1,953 1,955 1,957	2,007 2,009 2,011 2,012	59,200 59,250 59,300 59,350	59,300 59,350	2,145 2,147 2,149 2,151	2,064 2,066 2,068 2,070	2,120 2,122 2,124 2,126
53,400 53,450 53,500 53,550	53,500	1,923 1,925 1,927 1,929	1,846 1,848 1,849 1,851	1,901 1,903 1,905 1,907	56,450	56,450 56,500 56,550 56,600	2,038 2,040 2,042 2,044	1,959 1,961 1,963 1,964	2,014 2,016 2,018 2,020	59,400 59,450 59,500 59,550	59,450 59,500 59,550 59,600	2,153 2,155 2,157 2,158	2,072 2,074 2,076 2,078	2,127 2,129 2,131 2,133
53,600 53,650 53,700 53,750	53,700 53,750	1,931 1,933 1,935 1,936	1,853 1,855 1,857 1,859	1,909 1,911 1,913 1,914	56,650 56,700	56,650 56,700 56,750 56,800	2,046 2,047 2,049 2,051	1,966 1,968 1,970 1,972	2,022 2,024 2,026 2,028	59,600 59,650 59,700 59,750		2,160 2,162 2,164 2,166	2,079 2,081 2,083 2,085	2,135 2,137 2,139 2,141
53,800 53,850 53,900 53,950	53,900 53,950	1,938 1,940 1,942 1,944	1,861 1,863 1,865 1,866	1,916 1,918 1,920 1,922	56,900	56,850 56,900 56,950 57,000	2,053 2,055 2,057 2,059	1,974 1,976 1,978 1,980	2,029 2,031 2,033 2,035	59,800 59,850 59,900 59,950	59,950	2,168 2,170 2,172 2,174	2,087 2,089 2,091 2,093	2,143 2,144 2,146 2,148
* This o		nust also be	upod by	e guelifi	ing wide	vu (or)						oontinu	ed on nex	# 2000

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)

52 \$60,000 - \$64,999

## 1999 City of New York Tax Table

If line 1 (taxable income	•	And you are -			If line 1 (taxable income	•	And ye	ou are -		If line 18 (taxable income) is -		And you are -		
At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold	At least	But less than	Single or Married filing separately	Married filing jointly *	Head of a house- hold
60,	000	Your City o	of New Yo	rk tax is:	62,	000	Your City of New York tax is:			64,000		Your City of New York ta		k tax is:
60,000 60,050 60,100 60,150	60,050 60,100 60,150 60,200	2,176 2,178 2,180 2,181	2,095 2,096 2,098 2,100	2,150 2,152 2,154 2,156	62,000 62,050 62,100 62,150	62,050 62,100 62,150 62,200	2,252 2,254 2,256 2,258	2,170 2,172 2,174 2,176	2,227 2,228 2,230 2,232	64,000 64,050 64,100 64,150	64,050 64,100 64,150 64,200	2,329 2,331 2,333 2,335	2,245 2,247 2,249 2,251	2,303 2,305 2,307 2,309
60,200 60,250 60,300 60,350	60,250 60,300 60,350 60,400	2,183 2,185 2,187 2,189	2,102 2,104 2,106 2,108	2,158 2,160 2,161 2,163	62,200 62,250 62,300 62,350	62,250 62,300 62,350 62,400	2,260 2,262 2,264 2,266	2,177 2,179 2,181 2,183	2,234 2,236 2,238 2,240	64,200 64,250 64,300 64,350	64,250 64,300 64,350 64,400	2,336 2,338 2,340 2,342	2,253 2,255 2,257 2,259	2,311 2,313 2,315 2,316
60,400 60,450 60,500 60,550	60,450 60,500 60,550 60,600	2,191 2,193 2,195 2,197	2,110 2,112 2,113 2,115	2,165 2,167 2,169 2,171	62,400 62,450 62,500 62,550	62,450 62,500 62,550 62,600	2,268 2,269 2,271 2,273	2,185 2,187 2,189 2,191	2,242 2,244 2,246 2,248	64,400 64,450 64,500 64,550	64,450 64,500 64,550 64,600	2,344 2,346 2,348 2,350	2,260 2,262 2,264 2,266	2,318 2,320 2,322 2,324
60,600 60,650 60,700 60,750	60,650 60,700 60,750 60,800	2,199 2,201 2,203 2,204	2,117 2,119 2,121 2,123	2,173 2,175 2,177 2,179	62,600 62,650 62,700 62,750	62,650 62,700 62,750 62,800	2,275 2,277 2,279 2,281	2,193 2,194 2,196 2,198	2,249 2,251 2,253 2,255	64,600 64,650 64,700 64,750	64,650 64,700 64,750 64,800	2,352 2,354 2,356 2,358	2,268 2,270 2,272 2,274	2,326 2,328 2,330 2,332
60,800 60,850 60,900 60,950	60,850 60,900 60,950 61,000	2,206 2,208 2,210 2,212	2,125 2,127 2,128 2,130	2,181 2,182 2,184 2,186	62,800 62,850 62,900 62,950	62,850 62,900 62,950 63,000	2,283 2,285 2,287 2,289	2,200 2,202 2,204 2,206	2,257 2,259 2,261 2,263	64,800 64,850 64,900 64,950	64,850 64,900 64,950 65,000	2,359 2,361 2,363 2,365	2,276 2,277 2,279 2,281	2,334 2,336 2,338 2,339
61,	000	Your City o	of New Yo	rk tax is:	63,	000	Your City of New York tax is:			\$65	5,000 o	r more us	e Form I	T-201
61,050 61,100	61,050 61,100 61,150 61,200	2,214 2,216 2,218 2,220	2,132 2,134 2,136 2,138	2,188 2,190 2,192 2,194	63,000 63,050 63,100 63,150	63,050 63,100 63,150 63,200	2,291 2,292 2,294 2,296	2,208 2,210 2,211 2,213	2,265 2,267 2,269 2,271					
61,250	61,250 61,300 61,350 61,400	2,222 2,224 2,225 2,227	2,140 2,142 2,144 2,145	2,196 2,198 2,200 2,202	63,200 63,250 63,300 63,350	63,250 63,300 63,350 63,400	2,298 2,300 2,302 2,304	2,215 2,217 2,219 2,221	2,272 2,274 2,276 2,278					
61,450 61,500	61,450 61,500 61,550 61,600	2,229 2,231 2,233 2,235	2,147 2,149 2,151 2,153	2,204 2,205 2,207 2,209	63,400 63,450 63,500 63,550	63,450 63,500 63,550 63,600	2,306 2,308 2,310 2,312	2,223 2,225 2,227 2,228	2,280 2,282 2,284 2,286					
61,700 61,750	61,700 61,750 61,800	2,237 2,239 2,241 2,243	2,155 2,157 2,159 2,161	2,211 2,213 2,215 2,217	63,600 63,650 63,700 63,750	63,650 63,700 63,750 63,800	2,314 2,315 2,317 2,319	2,230 2,232 2,234 2,236	2,288 2,290 2,292 2,293					
61,850 61,900	61,850 61,900 61,950 62,000	2,245 2,247 2,248 2,250	2,162 2,164 2,166 2,168	2,219 2,221 2,223 2,225	63,800 63,850 63,900 63,950	63,850 63,900 63,950 64,000	2,321 2,323 2,325 2,327	2,238 2,240 2,242 2,243	2,295 2,297 2,299 2,301					

\* This column must also be used by a qualifying widow(er)