

New York State Department of Taxation and Finance

Underpayment of Estimated Tax by a Corporation

Other filers, enter tax period:						
beginning						
ending						

2002 calendar-yr. filers, check box

Tax Law — Articles 9, 9-A, 32, and 33

Nan	ne		Employer identification	File number		
ayment	1 2 3 4 5	2002 corporation franchise tax or MTA surcharge (see instructions). Multiply line 1 by 91% (.91) or 100% (1.00) (see instructions). 2001 corporation franchise tax or MTA surcharge (see instructions). Multiply line 3 by 25% (.25), or 40% (.40) if subject to tax und Subtract line 4 from line 2	tions)der Tax Law se	ection 1510(b)(1)		
Computation of underpayment			A First	B Second	5. C Third	D Fourth
	7 8 9	Amount paid on time or credited for each period				
Comb	11	Overpayment (In column A, subtract line 6 from line 10.) (In columns B, C, and D, subtract line 7 from line 10.) Underpayment (In column A, subtract line 10 from line 6.) (In columns B, C, and D, subtract line 10 from line 7.)				
Exceptions to the indernavment penalty	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 13 Total cumulative amount paid or credited from the beginning of the tax year through the installment dates that correspond to the 15th day of the 3rd, 6th, 9th, and 12th months				
_		computation; see instructions)				
Computation of the underpayment penalty	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	Enter the date of payment or the 15th day of the 3rd month after the end of the tax year, whichever is earlier				
		Underpayment penalty (see instructions)	your franchise	e tax return or MTA s	urcharge return	

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^{*} For rates not shown, call the Business tax information number under *Need help?* on the back.

Instructions

Attach this form to either your New York State franchise tax return or MTA surcharge return.

General information

All general business corporations (including S corporations), banking, insurance, utilities (including providers of telecommunication services), and transportation and transmission corporations whose franchise tax for the current tax year can reasonably be expected to be more than \$1,000 after credits must file a declaration of estimated franchise tax and make quarterly installment payments.

Any corporation doing business in the Metropolitan Commuter Transportation District (MCTD) that is required to make a declaration of estimated franchise tax must also make a declaration of estimated metropolitan transportation business tax surcharge (MTA surcharge) and make quarterly installment payments.

If you do not pay the required amounts on time, you may have to pay an underpayment penalty for the period of underpayment.

Payment of estimated tax

First installment - If the franchise tax on your previous year's return or on your request for extension of time for filing that return is more than \$1,000, you must pay 25% of the tax with the return or extension. However, if you are subject to tax under Tax Law section 1510(b)(1), the percentage is 40%.

If you are liable for the MTA surcharge, a 25% first installment is required if your franchise tax is more than \$1,000. However, if you are subject to tax under Tax Law section 1510(b)(1), the percentage is 40%.

The second, third, and fourth installments of estimated franchise tax and MTA surcharge are due on the fifteenth day of the sixth, ninth, and twelfth months of your tax year.

Computation of underpayment

Complete lines 1 through 12 to determine any underpayment of estimated taxes.

Line 1 - To compute an underpayment of tax, enter your 2002 tax. To compute an underpayment of the MTA surcharge, enter your 2002 MTA surcharge.

Line 2 - Large corporations multiply the amount on line 1 by 100%. All others multiply line 1 by 91%. A large corporation is one that had, or whose predecessor had, allocated entire net income of at least \$1 million for any of the three tax years immediately preceding the tax year involved.

Line 3 - To compute an underpayment of tax, enter your 2001 tax. To compute an underpayment of the MTA surcharge, enter your 2001 MTA surcharge.

Line 8 - A payment of estimated tax is applied against underpayments of required installments in the order in which the installments are required to be paid.

Example: Calendar-year taxpayer

	First	Second	Third	Fourth
Due date25% of prior year tax	3/15	6/15	9/15	12/15
or MTA surchargenstallment amount due Paid on time/credited	1,500 1,500	1,000 0	1,000 500*	1,000 1,000**
Underpayment Penalty is due on \$1,000 from Penalty is due on \$500 from Penalty is	om 6/15		500	0

- * Paid \$1,500, \$1,000 applied to 6/15 installment; \$500 applied to 9/15 installment.
- ** Paid \$1,500, \$500 applied to 9/15 installment; \$1,000 applied to 12/15 installment.

Exceptions to the underpayment penalty

You will not have to pay a penalty if you made all tax payments on time and they equal or exceed the amount that would have been

required to be paid by each installment date if the estimated tax were an amount determined under any of the exceptions listed below.

A different exception may be applied to each underpayment. If no exception applies, complete lines 18 through 39 to determine the amount of the penalty.

Exceptions 1 and 2, on lines 14 and 15, do not apply to large corporations.

Exception 1, line 14 (not to be used by large corporations): This exception allows you to substitute for the current year's estimated tax the tax reported on your 2001 return. You must have filed a franchise tax return showing a tax liability for the preceding tax year, and that year must have consisted of 12 months.

Exception 2, line 15 (not to be used by large corporations): This exception applies if the amount you paid is equal to or more than the tax computed by using the current year's rate but based on the facts shown on the prior year's return and the law that applies to the prior year.

Exception 3, line 16: This exception applies if the estimated tax you paid was equal to or more than 91% (or 100% for large corporations) of the amount you would owe if your estimated tax were a tax computed on annualized taxable income for the months preceding an installment date.

You may annualize income as follows:

- a. For the first 3, 4, or 5 months of the tax year, in the case of the installment required to be paid in the 6th month.
- b. For the first 6, 7, or 8 months of the tax year, in the case of the installment required to be paid in the 9th month.
- c. For the first 9, 10, or 11 months of the tax year, in the case of the installment required to be paid in the 12th month.

To annualize, multiply taxable income for the period by 12 and divide the result by the number of months in the period $(3,\,4,\,5,\,6,\,7,\,8,\,9,\,10,\,10)$ or 11, as the case may be).

Exception 4, line 17: This exception applies if you have recurring seasonal income. Under this exception, you may annualize income by assuming that income earned in the current year is earned in the same seasonal pattern as in the three preceding tax years.

To avoid underpayment penalties, you must make up a reduction in estimated taxes resulting from using annualized income or seasonal income by increasing the amount of the next installment determined under any other exception method by the amount of such reduction.

For additional information about computing seasonal income, see Article 27, section 1085(d)(4) of the Tax Law.

Computation of the underpayment penalty

If no exception applies, complete lines 18 through 39 to determine the amount of the penalty. The penalty is computed for the period of underpayment at a rate set by Article 27, section 1096(e)(1) of the Tax Law. Daily compounding of interest does not apply.

Line 39 — In each column enter the amount from line 38, or, if the installment payment (line 10) equals 80% or more of line 1 divided by four, multiply the penalty shown in the corresponding column of line 38 by 75%, and enter the result.

For rates not shown, call the Business tax information number under Need help? below.

Need help?

Business tax information: 1 800 972-1233 Forms and publications: 1 800 462-8100

From areas outside the U.S. and outside Canada: (518) 485-6800

Fax-on-demand forms: 1 800 748-3676

Hearing and speech impaired (telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) callers only): 1 800 634-2110.



Internet access: www.tax.state.ny.us

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