## New York State Department of Taxation and Finance Taxpayer Services Division Technical Services Bureau

TSB-A-95 (11) - R Real Property Transfer Tax Real Property Transfer Gains Tax October 3,1995

## STATE OF NEW YORK COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE

## ADVISORY OPINION

PETITION NO. M950606B

On June 6, 1995, a Petition for Advisory Opinion was received from Eastern Pork Products Company, c/o The Durst Organization, Inc., 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10036.

The issue raised by Petitioner, Eastern Pork Products Company, is whether the transfer by Petitioner of certain real properties in exchange for real property held by 1133 Building Corp. (hereinafter "1133 Corp.") will be exempt from the Real Estate Transfer Tax (the "transfer tax") and the Real Property Transfer Gains Tax (the "gains tax") as a mere change of identity or form of ownership or organization to the extent of the 99.93% common ownership interest.

The land under 114 West 47th Street, New York City (the "Land") is currently owned by 1133 Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Durst Buildings Corporation ("DBC"). DBC has outstanding three classes of common stock, each class of which is owned, in equal proportions, by thirteen family trusts dated May 1, 1962, (the "May Trusts") for the benefit of thirteen individuals (the "Second Generation Children"). DBC also has outstanding three classes of non-voting preferred stock, more than 50% in value of which is owned by the Second Generation Children, with the remainder owned by related individuals and a private foundation.

Petitioner is a New York general partnership which owns land and buildings in New York City. 99.9% of the partnership interests in Petitioner are owned, in equal proportions, by thirteen family trusts dated December 31, 1962 (the "December Trusts") for the benefit of the Second Generation Children. EPP Corp., a corporation which is owned by four of the Second Generation Children, owns the remaining 0.1% interest in Petitioner.

Pursuant to a proposed transaction (the "Exchange"), 1133 Corp. will transfer its interest in the Land to Petitioner in exchange for the following properties (the EPP Properties"):

352-364 West 43rd Street New York, New York

407-9 43rd Street New York, New York

142-44 West 44th Street New York, New York

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447-9 West 43rd Street New York, New York

425 West 43rd Street New York, New York

415 West 43rd Street New York, New York

584-6 9th Avenue New York, New York

In accordance with Section 1402 of the Tax Law, a transfer tax is imposed on each conveyance of real property or interest therein at the time that the instrument effecting the conveyance is delivered by a grantor to a grantee when the consideration for the conveyance exceeds five hundred dollar.

Section 1401(e) of the Tax Law provides, in pertinent part, that the term "conveyance" means the transfer or transfers of any interest in real property by any method. This would include a conveyance of real property by exchange.

Section 1405 of the Tax Law provides, in part, as follows:

Sec. 1405. Exemptions.-- (a) The following shall be exempt from payment of the real estate transfer tax:

\* \* \*

6. Conveyances to effectuate a mere change of identity or form of ownership or organization where there is no change in beneficial ownership, other than conveyances to a cooperative housing corporation of the real property comprising the cooperative dwelling or dwellings;

Moreover, the gains tax is a 10% tax on the transfer of an interest in real property where the property is located in New York State and where the consideration received for the transfer is \$1 million dollars or more.

Section 1440.7 of the Tax Law defines "transfer of real property", in part, to mean the transfer or transfers of any interest in real property by any method. This would include a transfer of real property by exchange.

Section 1443 of the Tax Law provides, in part, as follows:

Sec. 1443. Exemptions.--A total or partial exemption shall be allowed in the following cases:

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5. If a transfer of real property, however effected, consists of a mere change of identity or form of ownership or organization, where there is no change in beneficial interest.

To determine whether the Exchange results in a transfer subject to the transfer tax and/or the gains tax, it is necessary to ascertain who the beneficial owners of the Land and the EPP Properties are both before and after the Exchange. 1133 Corp. is wholly owned by DBC. All of the common stock of DBC is owned, in equal proportions, by the May Trusts, the beneficial owners of which are the Second Generation Children. Therefore, each of the Second Generation Children is deemed to have approximately a 7.6923% beneficial interest in the real property owned by 1133 Corp. before the Exchange. Similarly, 99.9% of Petitioner is owned, in equal proportions, by the December Trusts, the beneficial owners of which are also the Second Generation Children. Thus, through this 99.9% ownership interest, each of the Second Generation Children is deemed to have approximately a 7.6846% beneficial interest in the real property owned by Petitioner before the Exchange (99.9% multiplied by 1/13). In addition, 0.1% of Petitioner is owned by EPP Corp. The stock of EPP Corp. is owned, in equal proportions, by four of the Second Generation Children. In entity transfers, pursuant to Section 590.45(a) of the Gains Tax Regulations, the statute only looks to the voting stock of the corporation in determining whether a transfer of an interest of real property has occurred. The definition of the term "controlling interest" provides, in part, that a controlling interest is representative of owning fifty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation. Accordingly, through their ownership interest in EPP Corp., four of the thirteen Second Generation Children are deemed to have an additional .025% beneficial interest in the real property owned by Petitioner prior to the Exchange.

Therefore, as a result of the Exchange, four of the thirteen Second Generation Children will retain approximately a 7.6923% beneficial ownership interest in the real property formally owned by Petitioner through their ownership interest in 1133 Corp. Moreover, nine of the thirteen Second Generation Children will also be deemed to have a 7.6923% beneficial ownership interest in the real property formally owned by Petitioner through their ownership interest in 1133 Corp. Thus, four of the thirteen Second Generation Children, in the aggregate, will be deemed to have transferred a .069% beneficial ownership in the real property formally owned by Petitioner through their ownership interest in 1133 Corp. (7.7096% minus 7.6923% multiplied by 4). Also, nine of the thirteen Second Generation Children will be deemed to have acquired, in the aggregate, approximately an additional .069% interest in the real property formally owned by Petitioner through their ownership interest in 1133 Corp. (7.6923Z minus 7.6846% multiplied by 9).

Accordingly, the Exchange results in .069% change in the beneficial ownership in the EPP Properties formally owned by Petitioner. Thus, the resultant conveyance and transfer of real property for purposes of the transfer tax and gains tax constitutes a conveyance and transfer which results in a mere change of identity or form of ownership or organization to the extent of 99.931% and the respective exemptions provided in Sections 1406.6 and 1443.5 of the Tax Law would apply to such

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extent. Conversely, such conveyance and transfer would be subject to the transfer tax and the gains tax to the extent of the deemed change in beneficial interest in the EPP Properties of .069%

DATED: October 3, 1995 /s/

PAUL B. COBURN
Deputy Director
Taxpayer Services Division

NOTE: The opinions expressed in Advisory Opinions are limited to the facts set forth therein.